

Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.2890, 1.6493,
-1.6151)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(94.2890, 1.6493, -1.6151)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(94.3890, 1.2058,
-1.2443)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9EFFF
RGB	249, 239, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.0235, 0.0627, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	277°, 100%, 97%
HSV	277°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	87.9835, 89.0928, 107.1673
YIQ	243.8140, 0.8240, 7.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

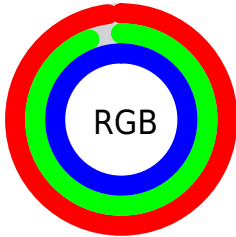
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 239, 255
Decimal	16379903
CIE Lab	95.62, 6.17, -6.49
CIE LCh	96, 8.961, 313.551
Yxy	89.0965, 0.3095, 0.3134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294569983 (0xFF99E9FF)
YUV	243.8140, 5.5147, 4.5481
Hunter-Lab	94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443

Details

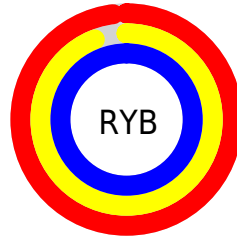
The HunterLab color $94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $98.5726, -11.3394, 11.4206$, and the grayscale version is $95.0093, -5.0695, 5.1620$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $70.2009, 2.0431, -1.8292$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85.7267, 11.8000, -12.4013$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

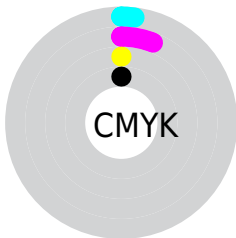
Distribution



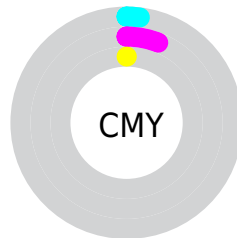
- Red (98%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

94.3890, 1.2058,
-1.2443

94.3890, 1.2058,
-1.2443

229.1479, -3.8939,
4.0259

81.9949, 1.5866,
-1.6441

120.8647, 0.3125,
-0.3137

70.1946, 1.9244,
-2.0014

134.8973, -0.1899,
0.2073

59.0220, 2.2127,
-2.3099

149.4345, -0.7278,
0.7638

48.5145, 2.4468,
-2.5654

164.4594, -1.2992,
1.3541

38.7172, 2.6202,
-2.7622

179.9566, -1.9028,
1.9767

29.6858, 2.7246,
-2.8931

195.9121, -2.5373,

21.4921, 2.7479,

2.6303

-2.9485

212.3131, -3.2013,
3.3137

■ 14.2322, 2.6722,
-2.9156

■ 7.8883, 2.9893,
-3.0575

■ 94.3890, 1.2058,
-1.2443

■ 94.3890, 1.2058,
-1.2443

■ 85.7267, 11.8000,
-12.4013

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 77.4541, 22.6142,
-24.2980

■ 69.6447, 33.6189,
-37.0383

■ 62.3899, 44.7100,
-50.6800

■ 55.8060, 55.6398,
-65.1527

■ 50.0340, 65.9229,
-80.1248

■ 45.2300, 74.7545,
-94.8378

■ 41.5326, 81.0688,
-108.0461

■ 38.9950, 83.9347,
-118.3486

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.3910, -2.9357, -3.5175



94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443



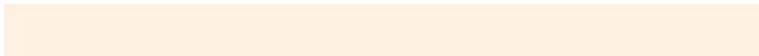
94.3910, 3.6947, 2.6958

Triad

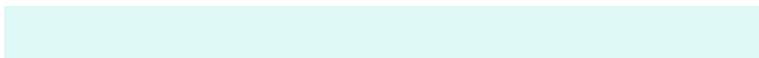
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.3910, 1.2033, -1.2418



94.3910, -2.4944, 12.9426



94.3910, -13.5840, 3.1216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443



98.5726, -11.3394, 11.4206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.3910, -13.4711, 7.5166



94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443



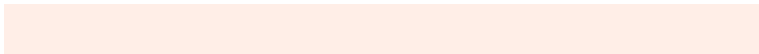
94.3910, -7.1291, 13.0442

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



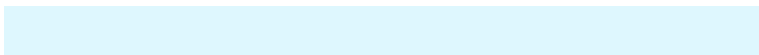
94.3910, 1.2033, -1.2418



94.3910, 1.5317, 10.8167



94.3910, -11.1281, 11.1013



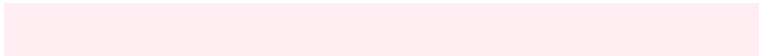
94.3910, -11.4396, -0.9171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443



94.3910, 4.0565, 5.6637



94.3910, -11.1281, 11.1013



94.3910, -13.8075, 4.6092

Sweetspot

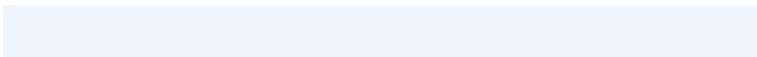
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.3910, 1.2033, -1.2418



98.1978, -3.2592, 3.3296



95.3727, -5.3032, -0.1391



45.4720, -1.5556, 1.5889

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.3910, 1.2033, -1.2418



92.8685, 3.0188, -3.1224



94.9194, 2.8753, 0.4228



42.3558, 2.1304, -2.2093



27.8065, 61.1864, -87.2008



9.0294, 19.5311, -25.6998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.6516, 1.4288, 4.2344



93.2061, 3.3098, 3.9290



98.0892, -12.9418, 9.9744



42.5438, 2.2919, 1.6990



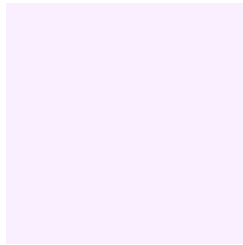
34.0192, 59.6236, 11.4038



10.7107, 18.9545, 2.1760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

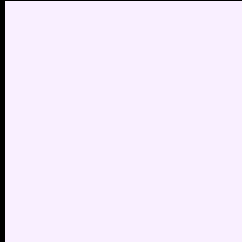
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

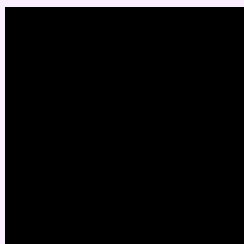
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

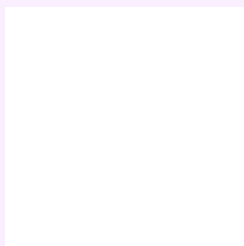
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.3890, 1.2058,

-1.243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443

Protanopia

94.4380, -1.8317, -1.2364

Deuteranopia

94.2638, 3.7503, 0.2244



Tritanopia

94.2918, 0.8741, -1.3712

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443

Protanomaly

94.3147, -0.6477, -1.3693

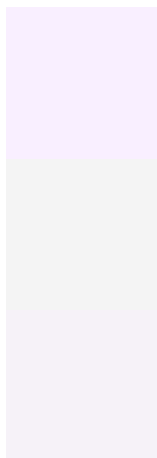
Deuteranomaly

94.4053, 2.7154, -0.1429

Tritanomaly

94.2918, 0.8741, -1.3712

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443

Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

Achromatomaly

94.8021, -2.6562, 2.8295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 239, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 239, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 239, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 239, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 239, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 239, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 239, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 239, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 239, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 239,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.3890, 1.2058, -1.2443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 239, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
239, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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