

Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.5434, -1.4786,
-1.0991)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(94.5434, -1.4786,
-1.0991) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(94.5324, -1.5067,
-1.1132)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4F1FF
RGB	244, 241, 255
RGB Percent	96%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.0431, 0.0549, 0.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	253°, 100%, 97%
HSV	253°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	86.8136, 89.3637, 107.2811
YIQ	243.4930, -2.7060, 4.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

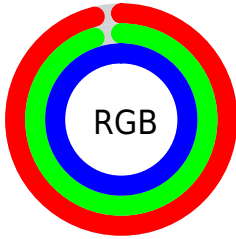
Format	Color
R_{YB}	244, 241, 255
Decimal	16052735
CIE Lab	95.73, 3.52, -6.37
CIE LCh	96, 7.277, 298.907
Yxy	89.3675, 0.3063, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294242815 (0xFFFF4F1FF)
YUV	243.4930, 5.6730, 0.4446
Hunter-Lab	94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Details

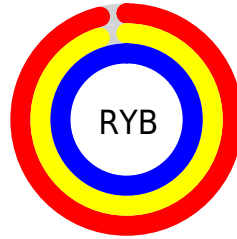
The HunterLab color $94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $99.2811, -8.7206, 11.3233$, and the grayscale version is $94.8678, -5.0619, 5.1543$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $70.3324, -0.5470, -1.7091$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.8057, 5.6792, -13.7866$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

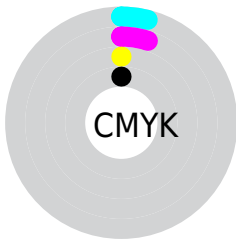
Distribution



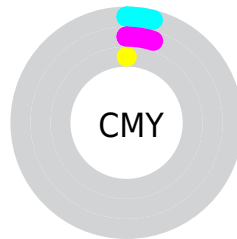
- Red (96%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

94.5324, -1.5067,
-1.1132

94.5324, -1.5067,
-1.1132

229.3406, -7.5080,
4.1988

82.1317, -1.0064,
-1.5186

121.0204, -2.6242,
-0.1723

70.3245, -0.5434,
-1.8816

135.0588, -3.2327,
0.3537

59.1446, -0.1231,
-2.1962

149.6017, -3.8730,
0.9149

48.6294, 0.2507,
-2.4580

164.6319, -4.5436,
1.5098

38.8237, 0.5733,
-2.6615

180.1344, -5.2435,
2.1369

29.7834, 0.8385,
-2.7996

196.0950, -5.9715,

21.5797, 1.0375,

2.7948

-2.8626

212.5010, -6.7267,
3.4825

■ 14.3085, 1.1572,
-2.8378

■ 7.9672, 1.4984,
-2.9584

■ 94.5324, -1.5067,
-1.1132

■ 94.5324, -1.5067,
-1.1132

■ 84.8057, 5.6792,
-13.7866

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 75.4159, 13.2179,
-27.6757

■ 66.4289, 21.2067,
-43.1362

■ 57.9331, 29.7516,
-60.6046

■ 50.0547, 38.9238,
-80.5383

■ 42.9740, 48.6488,
-103.1957

■ 36.9416, 58.4543,
-128.0557

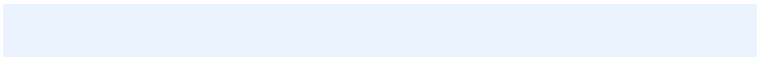
■ 32.2700, 67.0959,
-152.7644

■ 29.2387, 72.5575,
-172.5576

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.5344, -5.1878, -2.0333



94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132



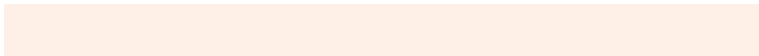
94.5344, 1.2574, 1.5041

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.5344, -1.5091, -1.1108



94.5344, -1.2653, 10.8785



94.5344, -12.2087, 5.2776

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



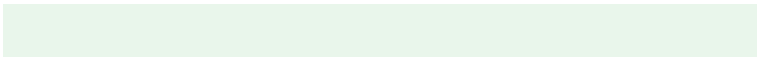
94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132



99.2811, -8.7206, 11.3233

Split Complementary

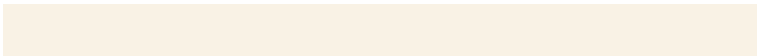
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.5344, -11.1946, 8.6481



94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132



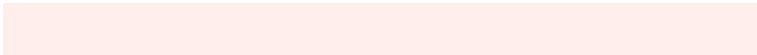
94.5344, -4.9105, 11.8025

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



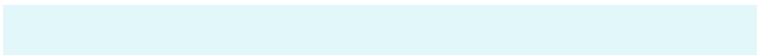
94.5344, -1.5091, -1.1108



94.5344, 1.3997, 8.4282



94.5344, -8.5379, 11.0019



94.5344, -11.3297, 1.7413

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132



94.5344, 2.1914, 3.8055



94.5344, -8.5379, 11.0019



94.5344, -12.0782, 6.4667

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.5344, -1.5091, -1.1108



97.9984, -3.9497, 3.0784



97.8105, -8.3801, 2.7751



45.3843, -1.8592, 1.4785

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.5344, -1.5091, -1.1108



93.0436, -0.4412, -2.9614



95.1874, 0.7303, -0.2621



42.7718, -0.0061, -1.7147



20.5984, 53.5899, -128.6607



6.7669, 17.0166, -37.7053

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.5000, 1.5963, 1.6963



94.2823, 3.5210, 0.6716



98.6511, -10.9410, 10.5789



43.3957, 1.9852, 0.1218



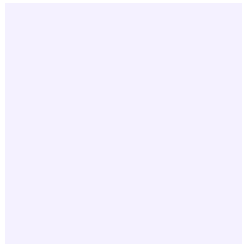
36.4974, 68.5628, -23.3916



11.4577, 21.6391, -8.2353

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

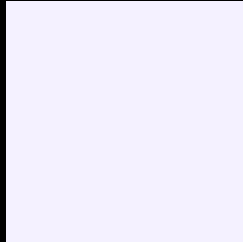
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

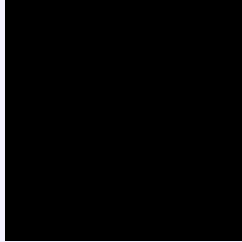
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.5324, -1.5067,

-1.132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Protanopia

94.4380, -1.8317, -1.2364

Deuteranopia

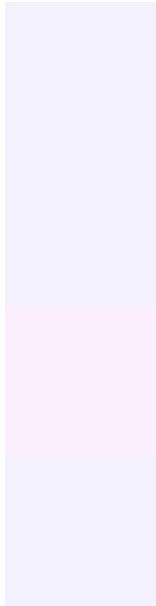
94.5713, 3.2116, 0.5928



Tritanopia

94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Protanomaly

94.4380, -1.8317, -1.2364

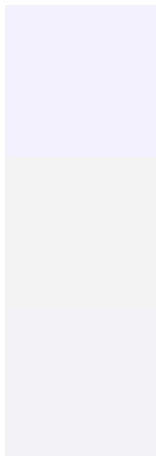
Deuteranomaly

94.5167, 1.5058, -0.0266

Tritanomaly

94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132

Achromatopsia

94.6715, -5.0514, 5.1437

Achromatomaly

94.4851, -3.8182, 2.9366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 241, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 241, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 241, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 241, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 241, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 241, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 241, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 241, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 241, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 241,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.5324, -1.5067, -1.1132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 241, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
241, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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