

Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.8023, 0.0348,
6.8558)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(94.8023, 0.0348, 6.8558)
contains.

HunterLab(94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(94.8006, 0.0358,
6.8580)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF0F0
RGB	255, 240, 240
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0588, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 97%
HSV	0°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	88.1284, 89.8715, 95.1402
YIQ	244.4850, 8.9400, 3.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

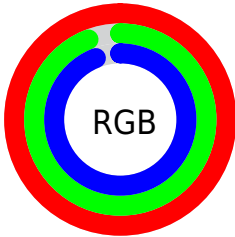
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 240, 240
Decimal	16773360
CIE _{Lab}	95.94, 5.04, 1.80
CIE _{LCh}	96, 5.356, 19.670
Yxy	89.8752, 0.3226, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963440 (0xFFFFF0F0)
YUV	244.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217
Hunter-Lab	94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580

Details

The HunterLab color $94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $98.6219, -10.1561, 3.7158$, and the grayscale version is $95.3366, -5.0869, 5.1798$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $70.5319, 0.7818, 5.3555$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86.3100, 9.4824, 9.4166$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

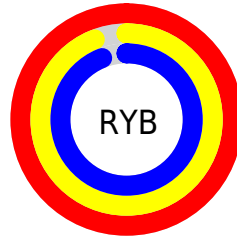
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

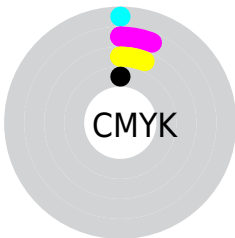
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (94%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 94.8006, 0.0358,
6.8580

 94.8006, 0.0358,
6.8580

229.7008, -5.4553,
14.7947

 82.3876, 0.4679,
6.1044


121.3116, -0.9552,
8.4505

 70.5675, 0.8601,
5.3778


135.3608, -1.5037,
9.2850

 59.3740, 1.2057,
4.6805


149.9141, -2.0859,
10.1445

 48.8443, 1.5005,
4.0137

164.9545, -2.7004,
11.0283

 39.0231, 1.7387,
3.3784

180.4668, -3.3458,
11.9358

 29.9660, 1.9130,
2.7760

196.4369, -4.0207,

 21.7437, 2.0127,

12.8664

2.2074

212.8522, -4.7243,
13.8196

■ 14.4516, 2.0222,
1.6731

■ 8.1126, 2.2756,
1.3627

■ 94.8006, 0.0358,
6.8580

■ 94.8006, 0.0358,
6.8580

■ 86.3100, 9.4824,
9.4166

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 78.3188, 19.3543,
12.1510

■ 70.9259, 29.6185,
15.0595

■ 64.2513, 40.1399,
18.1053

■ 58.4377, 50.6042,
21.1931

■ 53.6402, 60.4452,
24.1441

■ 49.9997, 68.8480,
26.6953

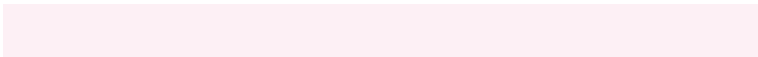
■ 47.5953, 74.9414,
28.5606

■ 46.3818, 78.2073,
29.5637

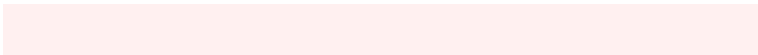
Harmonies

Analogous

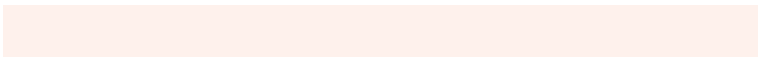
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.8025, 0.2634, 4.2422



94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580



94.8025, -1.5722, 8.9628

Triad

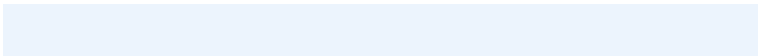
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.8025, 0.0328, 6.8594



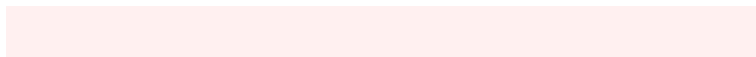
94.8025, -9.1120, 8.3989



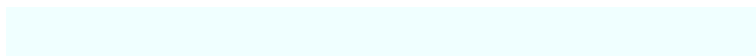
94.8025, -6.0220, 0.0099

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



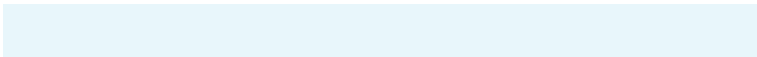
94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580



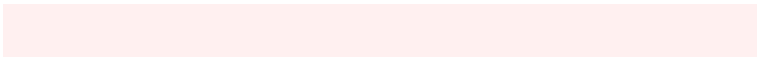
98.6219, -10.1561, 3.7158

Split Complementary

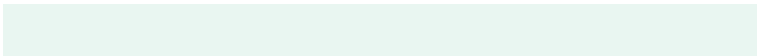
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.8025, -8.5050, 1.1936



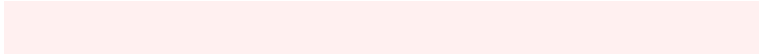
94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580



94.8025, -10.2753, 6.0694

Square

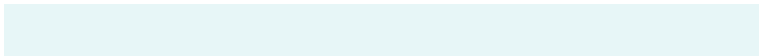
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.8025, 0.0328, 6.8594



94.8025, -6.8596, 9.8337



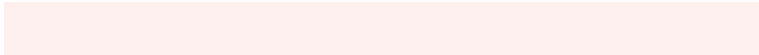
94.8025, -10.0544, 3.4293



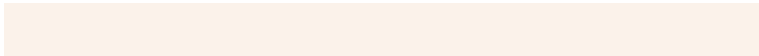
94.8025, -3.2539, 0.2362

Rectangle

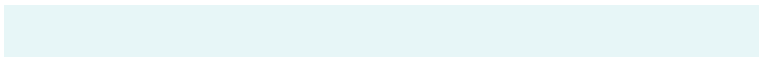
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



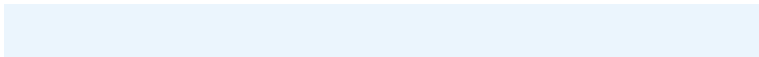
94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580



94.8025, -3.1955, 9.8147



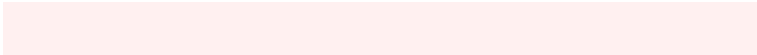
94.8025, -10.0544, 3.4293



94.8025, -6.9171, 0.2574

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.8025, 0.0328, 6.8594



98.2170, -3.5253, 5.9120



95.2897, 2.6783, -0.1017



45.4804, -1.6726, 2.7241

0.0000, NaN, NaN



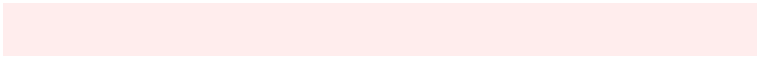
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.8025, 0.0328, 6.8594



93.8304, 1.0691, 7.1369



97.1492, -3.9439, 9.4812



43.1685, 0.7543, 3.3715



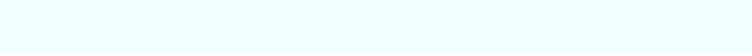
33.3317, 57.0722, 21.5380



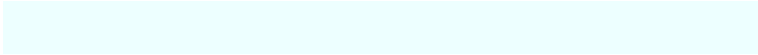
10.4021, 17.8039, 6.7214

Inverse Universe

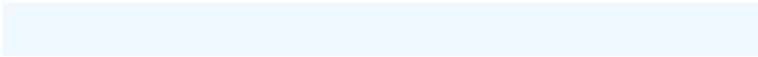
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.6219, -10.1561, 3.7158



98.3702, -11.0438, 3.3997



96.2153, -6.2312, 0.8790



45.4484, -5.3292, 1.4946



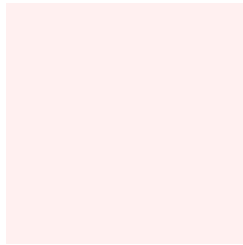
64.1242, -33.9832, -6.7897



20.0098, -10.6048, -2.1177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

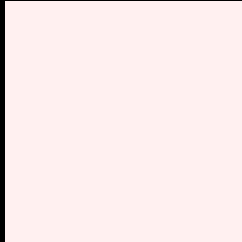
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580.



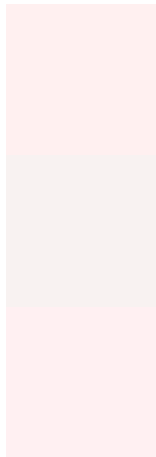
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.8006, 0.0358,

6.8580.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580

Protanopia

94.7690, -3.2206, 6.2757

Deuteranopia

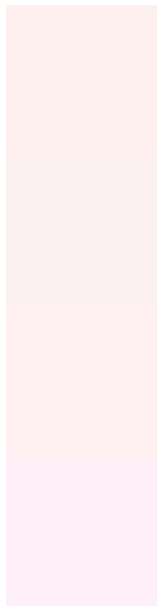
94.8636, 0.3775, 5.9581



Tritanopia

94.9467, 3.0357, 0.0062

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580

Protanomaly

94.7474, -1.6849, 6.2775

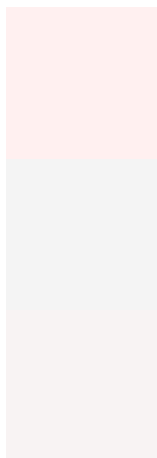
Deuteranomaly

94.8320, 0.2063, 6.4091

Tritanomaly

94.7800, 2.1361, 2.3767

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580

Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

Achromatomaly

95.1466, -3.4031, 5.7304

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 240, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 240, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 240, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 240, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 240, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 240, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 240, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.8006, 0.0358, 6.8580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 240, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
240, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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