

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.1897, -22.4974,  
-0.6660)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(95.1897, -22.4974,  
-0.6660) contains.

<b>HunterLab(95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(95.1895,  
-22.4982, -0.6662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5FFFF
RGB	197, 255, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2274, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 89%
HSV	180°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	76.8360, 90.6104, 108.0476
YIQ	237.6580, -34.5680, -12.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

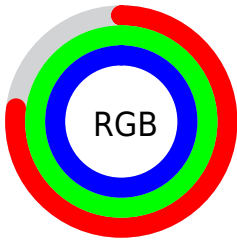
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 226, 255
Decimal	12976127
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.25, -18.05, -5.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 19.011, 198.250
Yxy	90.6107, 0.2789, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291166207 (0xFFC5FFFF)
YUV	237.6580, 8.5496, -35.6571
Hunter-Lab	95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662

# Details

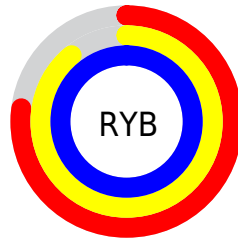
The HunterLab color  $95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $80.7621, 16.2207, 11.2686$ , and the grayscale version is  $92.2901, -4.9244, 5.0143$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $70.8634, -19.3683, -1.3740$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $93.5171, -28.6795, -2.8587$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $97.1335, -15.4561, 1.8343$ .

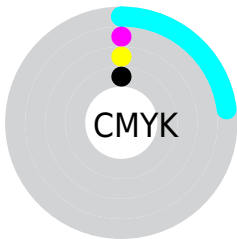
# Distribution



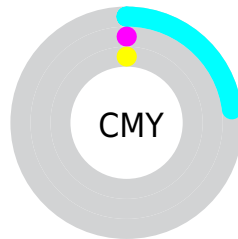
- Red (77%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95.1895, -22.4982,  
-0.6662

95.1895, -22.4982,  
-0.6662

230.2207,  
-36.0654, 4.7884

82.7570, -20.9783,  
-1.0928

121.7318,  
-25.5110, 0.3084

70.9184, -19.4448,  
-1.4757

135.7967,  
-27.0122, 0.8514

59.7053, -17.8902,  
-1.8113

150.3651,  
-28.5130, 1.4291

49.1548, -16.3055,  
-2.0951

165.4201,  
-30.0152, 2.0399

39.3113, -14.6776,  
-2.3220

180.9465,  
-31.5204, 2.6824

30.2299, -12.9870,  
-2.4850

196.9303,

21.9809, -11.2025,

-33.0299, 3.3554

-2.5749

213.3590,  
-34.5446, 4.0578

■ 14.6588, -9.2695,  
-2.5789

■ 8.3178, -9.9027,  
-2.6204

■ 95.1895, -22.4982,  
-0.6662

■ 95.1895, -22.4982,  
-0.6662

■ 93.5171, -28.6795,  
-2.8587

■ 97.1335, -15.4561,  
1.8343

■ 92.1147, -33.9559,  
-4.7284

■ 99.3464, -7.6170,  
4.6214

■ 90.9775, -38.2997,  
-6.2664

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 90.0961, -41.7082,  
-7.4724

■ 89.4560, -44.2070,  
-8.3561

■ 89.0368, -45.8541,  
-8.9384

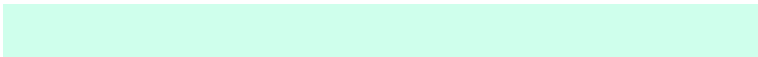
■ 88.8108, -46.7461,  
-9.2537

■ 88.7356, -47.0433,  
-9.3587

# Harmonies

## Analogous

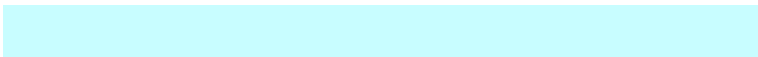
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.1897, -23.0145, 8.7960



95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



95.1897, -17.4319, -9.3435

# Triad

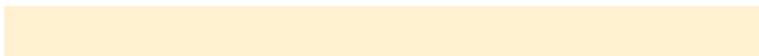
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.1897, -22.4974, -0.6660



95.1897, 9.5389, -7.6833



95.1897, -1.1763, 21.2609

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



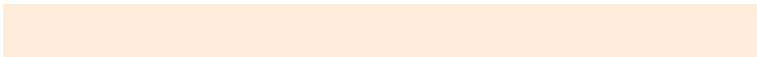
95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



80.7621, 16.2207, 11.2686

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.1897, 7.9268, 17.7261



95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



95.1897, 14.2801, 1.4193

# Square

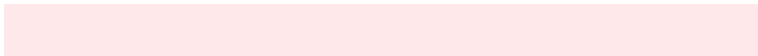
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



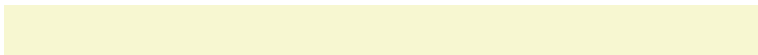
95.1897, -22.4974, -0.6660



95.1897, 0.9511, -13.6714



95.1897, 13.6783, 10.6799

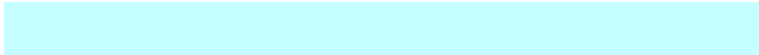


95.1897, -10.9728, 20.8254

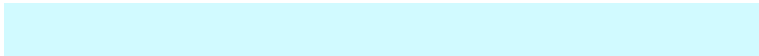


# Rectangle

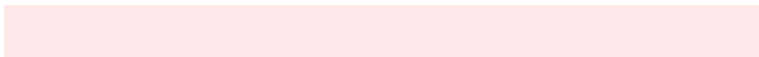
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



95.1897, -12.0363, -13.2201



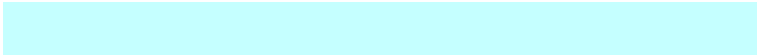
95.1897, 13.6783, 10.6799



95.1897, 2.0734, 20.5136

# Sweetspot

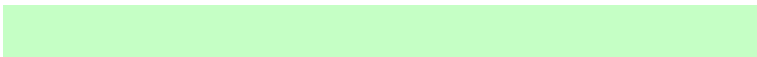
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.1897, -22.4974, -0.6660



98.3719, -11.0465, 3.4017



93.4998, -32.1545, 23.5538



45.4492, -5.3305, 1.4956

0.0000, NaN, NaN

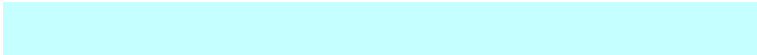


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

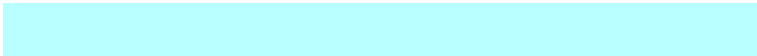


# Same Dimension

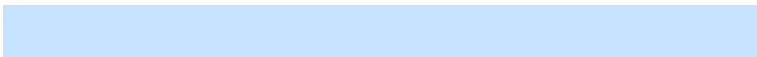
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.1897, -22.4974, -0.6660



94.4446, -25.2367, -1.6379



85.7230, -7.8500, -12.7505



45.2565, -6.0147, 1.2523



64.1431, -34.0056, -6.7650



20.0150, -10.6110, -2.1109



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.7127, 26.2951, -16.3891



79.7879, 32.3669, -20.5710



89.2664, 0.7853, 19.9333



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800

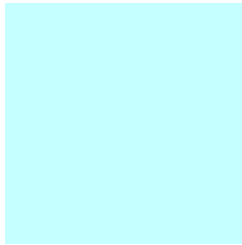


12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

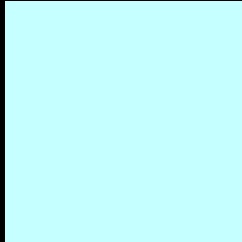
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

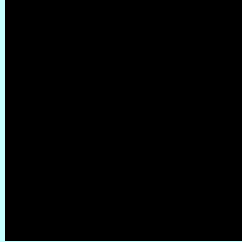
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662.



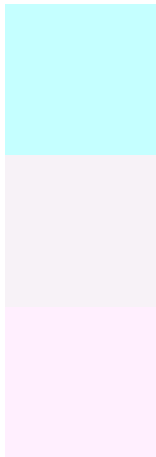
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.1895,

-22.4982,-0.6662.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662

### Protanopia

94.8651, -2.5041, 3.4149

### Deuteranopia

94.9467, 3.0357, 0.0062



## Tritanopia

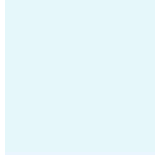
94.9924, -9.6971, -0.6858

# Trichromacy



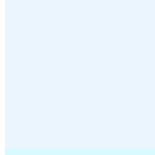
## Original Color

95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



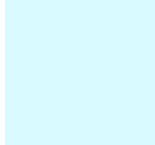
## Protanomaly

94.9114, -10.3179, 1.8050



## Deuteranomaly

94.8436, -6.9932, -0.2966



## Tritanomaly

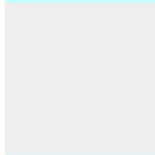
95.0489, -14.4992, -0.7000

# Monochromacy



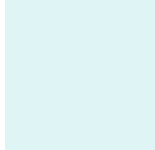
## Original Color

95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662



## Achromatopsia

92.4658, -4.9337, 5.0238



## Achromatomaly

93.2314, -11.6894, 2.8150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.1895, -22.4982, -0.6662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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