

Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.3302, -7.0043,
-0.2213)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(95.3302, -7.0043,
-0.2213) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(95.2857, -7.0188,
-0.2764)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBF6FF
RGB	235, 246, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0784, 0.0353, 0.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	207°, 100%, 96%
HSV	207°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	85.2666, 90.7936, 107.6386
YIQ	243.7370, -9.4450, 0.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

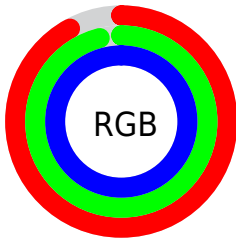
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 242, 255
Decimal	15464191
CIE Lab	96.33, -1.94, -5.57
CIE LCh	96, 5.896, 250.830
Yxy	90.7974, 0.3006, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293654271 (0xFFE6FF)
YUV	243.7370, 5.5527, -7.6623
Hunter-Lab	95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764

Details

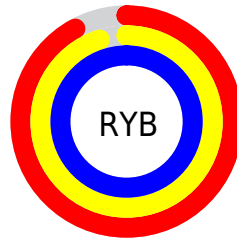
The HunterLab color $95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $95.8945, -2.9208, 10.4423$, and the grayscale version is $94.9783, -5.0678, 5.1603$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $71.0548, -5.7804, -0.8977$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $89.4428, -8.7193, -7.7521$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

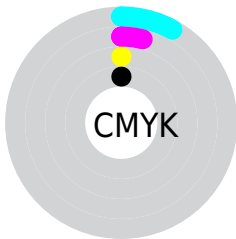
Distribution



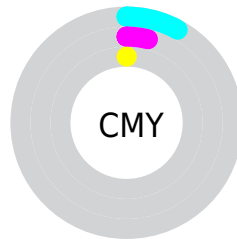
- Red (92%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

95.2857, -7.0188,
-0.2764

95.2857, -7.0188,
-0.2764

230.3522,
-14.9004, 5.3022

82.8506, -6.2681,
-0.7168

121.8382, -8.6054,
0.7304

71.0073, -5.5423,
-1.1163

135.9070, -9.4351,
1.2877

59.7892, -4.8447,
-1.4692

150.4792,
-10.2891, 1.8792

49.2334, -4.1762,
-1.7714

165.5379,
-11.1665, 2.5035

39.3843, -3.5378,
-2.0176

181.0678,
-12.0669, 3.1590

30.2968, -2.9305,
-2.2011

197.0552,

22.0411, -2.3552,

-12.9897, 3.8447

-2.3127

213.4872,
-13.9344, 4.5595

■ 14.7113, -1.8118,
-2.3400

■ 8.3689, -1.4551,
-2.3909

■ 95.2857, -7.0188,
-0.2764

■ 95.2857, -7.0188,
-0.2764

■ 89.4428, -8.7193,
-7.7521

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 83.7985, -9.8448,
-15.4739

■ 78.3750, -10.3157,
-23.4561

■ 73.1950, -10.0407,
-31.7082

■ 68.2833, -8.9230,
-40.2276

■ 63.6661, -6.8668,
-48.9943

■ 59.3690, -3.7908,
-57.9654

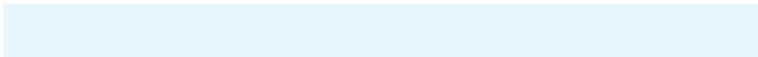
■ 55.4131, 0.3494,
-67.0754

■ 51.8031, 5.5115,
-76.2638

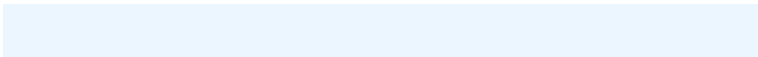
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2877, -9.5172, 1.4398



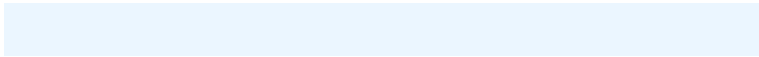
95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764



95.2877, -3.9771, -0.4981

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2877, -7.0211, -0.2741



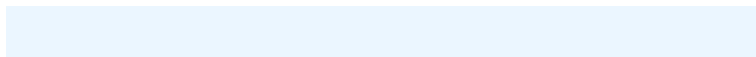
95.2877, 0.7811, 6.2364



95.2877, -8.9202, 9.3407

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764



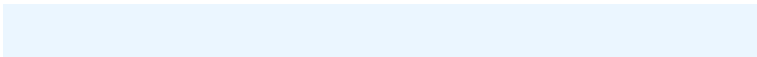
95.8945, -2.9208, 10.4423

Split Complementary

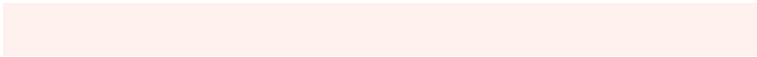
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.2877, -6.1966, 10.5416



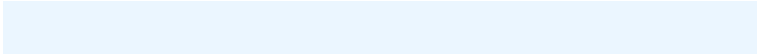
95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764



95.2877, -0.5793, 8.7875

Square

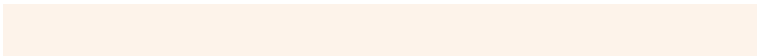
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



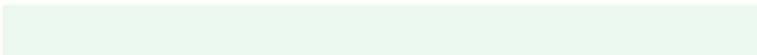
95.2877, -7.0211, -0.2741



95.2877, 0.5536, 3.3234



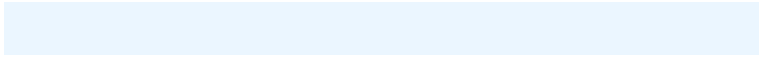
95.2877, -3.1423, 10.3424



95.2877, -10.6041, 7.0133

Rectangle

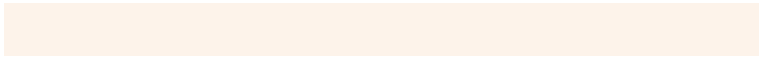
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



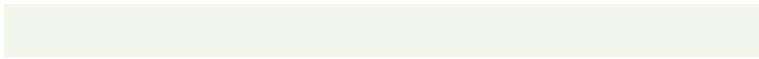
95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764



95.2877, -2.0437, 0.2352



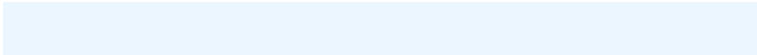
95.2877, -3.1423, 10.3424



95.2877, -8.0974, 9.8861

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2877, -7.0211, -0.2741



98.7880, -5.7930, 3.9902



97.8233, -13.7170, 8.3240



45.7316, -2.6698, 1.8792

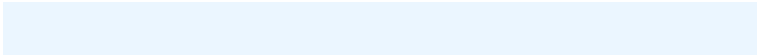
0.0000, NaN, NaN



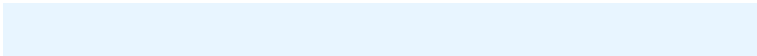
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2877, -7.0211, -0.2741



94.6014, -7.2445, -1.1279



92.2315, -1.9256, -4.0186



43.6289, -3.3957, -0.6944



37.3136, 4.0981, -55.4855



12.5457, -0.3053, -15.0219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.4515, 3.7528, 2.3307



92.5064, 5.1069, 1.8891



98.9599, -8.0061, 13.7475



42.6079, 2.6361, 0.7856



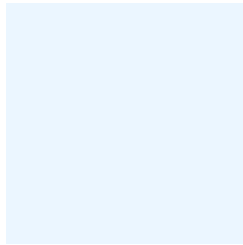
34.8332, 62.5945, -0.2947



10.9701, 19.8970, -1.5185

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

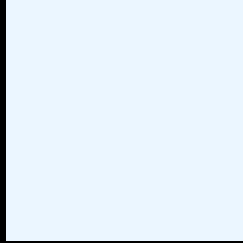
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

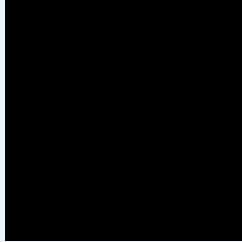
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

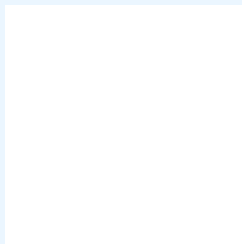
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2857, -7.0188,

-0.264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764

Protanopia

95.2816, -2.2846, 0.8463

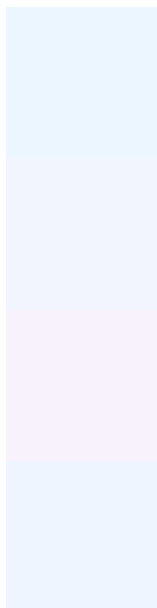
Deuteranopia

95.1885, 2.1358, 1.3286

Tritanopia

95.1034, -4.3869, -0.4555

Trichromacy



Original Color

95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764

Protanomaly

95.2546, -3.9301, 0.2632

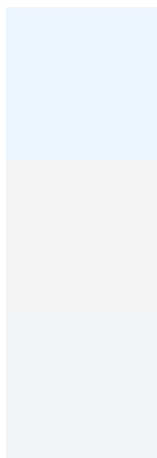
Deuteranomaly

95.1591, -1.0952, 0.7172

Tritanomaly

95.2376, -5.5500, -0.3101

Monochromacy



Original Color

95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764

Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

Achromatomaly

95.2801, -5.8667, 3.3465

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 246, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 246, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 246, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 246, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 246, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 246, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 246, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 246, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 246, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 246,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.2857, -7.0188, -0.2764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 246, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
246, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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