

Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.3535, 33.2840,
-17.0952)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(95.3535, 33.2840,
-17.0952) contains.

HunterLab(89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(89.5505, 13.0081,
-7.2300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDDFF
RGB	255, 221, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1333, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 93%
HSV	300°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	85.1465, 80.1929, 105.5988
YIQ	235.0420, 9.3500, 17.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 221, 255
Decimal	16768511
CIE Lab	91.77, 17.46, -12.15
CIE LCh	92, 21.277, 325.165
Yxy	80.1960, 0.3143, 0.2960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958591 (0xFFFFDDFF)
YUV	235.0420, 9.8393, 17.5032
Hunter-Lab	89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300

Details

The HunterLab color **89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **95.9760, -21.7140, 16.4985**, and the grayscale version is **91.1217, -4.8620, 4.9508**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **65.8448, 12.5045, -7.3153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.3027, 27.1310, -16.9650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.3138, -0.8126, 2.3087**.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89.5505, 13.0081,
-7.2300

 89.5505, 13.0081,
-7.2300

222.6192, 11.8015,
-3.8039

 77.3819, 12.8740,
-7.3907


115.6033, 13.0815,
-6.7534

 65.8192, 12.6736,
-7.4991


129.4368, 13.0364,
-6.4481

 54.8977, 12.3960,
-7.5484


143.7820, 12.9409,
-6.1009

 44.6576, 12.0320,
-7.5332

158.6211, 12.7979,
-5.7139

 35.1477, 11.5693,
-7.4473

173.9382, 12.6103,
-5.2891

 26.4291, 10.9921,
-7.2835

189.7190, 12.3803,

 18.5815, 10.2793,

-4.8282

-7.0358

205.9500, 12.1101,
-4.3327

■ 11.7150, 9.4038,
-6.7064

■ 4.4300, 16.9416,
-11.1771

■ 89.5505, 13.0081,
-7.2300

■ 89.5505, 13.0081,
-7.2300

■ 82.3027, 27.1310,
-16.9650

■ 97.3138, -0.8126,
2.3087

■ 75.6516, 41.4243,
-26.8050

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 69.6994, 55.6056,
-36.5564

■ 64.5562, 69.2078,
-45.8992

■ 60.3306, 81.5559,
-54.3727

■ 57.1095, 91.8357,
-61.4216

■ 54.9291, 99.2948,
-66.5335

■ 53.7411, 103.5496,
-69.4483

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.5522, 4.2683, -15.0274



89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300



89.5522, 16.9834, 3.1844

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5522, 13.0049, -7.2278



89.5522, -3.0165, 22.4915



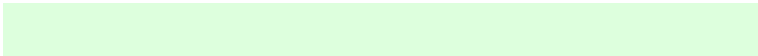
89.5522, -22.9060, -3.9880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300



95.9760, -21.7140, 16.4985

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.5522, -24.6507, 6.5324



89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300



89.5522, -13.4886, 21.0508

Square

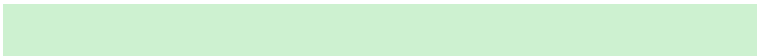
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5522, 13.0049, -7.2278



89.5522, 7.4569, 19.6912



89.5522, -21.2826, 15.4929



89.5522, -16.3991, -13.0062

Rectangle

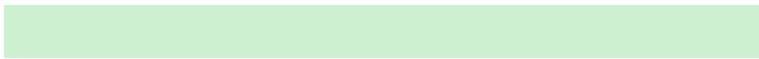
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300



89.5522, 16.2707, 9.9157



89.5522, -21.2826, 15.4929



89.5522, -24.0553, -0.4778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5522, 13.0049, -7.2278



96.7801, 0.1007, 1.6780



86.2027, 1.8151, -11.9215



44.4984, 0.5226, 0.4476

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5522, 13.0049, -7.2278



87.5639, 16.7488, -9.8097



88.9658, 9.8991, 1.0849



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

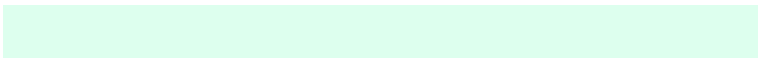
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.5522, 13.0049, -7.2278



87.5639, 16.7488, -9.8097



96.4709, -18.9246, 9.3987



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

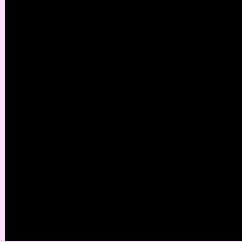
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300.



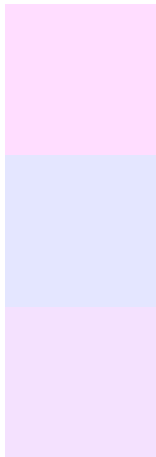
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300.

-7.2300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300

Protanopia

89.6145, -0.7793, -7.3872

Deuteranopia

89.5764, 6.8886, -6.7459



Tritanopia

89.4477, 8.6465, 0.1072

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300

Protanomaly

89.6300, 4.0206, -7.2828

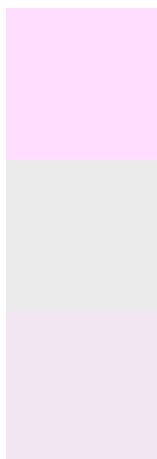
Deuteranomaly

89.6792, 8.7775, -6.5784

Tritanomaly

89.4244, 10.4389, -2.5221

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300

Achromatopsia

91.1466, -4.8634, 4.9522

Achromatomaly

90.4885, 1.3130, 0.7401

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 221, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 221, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 221, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

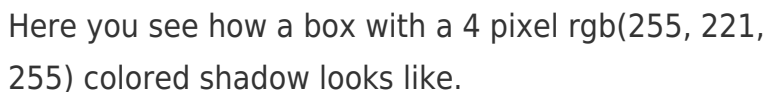
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 221, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 221, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 221, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.5505, 13.0081, -7.2300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 221, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
221, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor