

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.5870, 29.1813,  
22.9787)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(95.5870, 29.1813,  
22.9787) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.0215, 4.8674,  
14.5609)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDDCF
RGB	255, 221, 207
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1333, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	18°, 100%, 91%
HSV	18°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	78.3589, 77.4778, 69.8562
YIQ	229.5700, 24.7580, 2.8540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

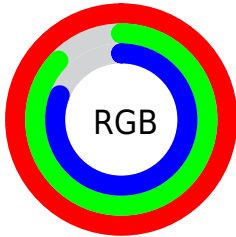
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 227, 207
Decimal	16768463
CIE Lab	90.54, 9.60, 11.20
CIE LCh	91, 14.751, 49.382
Yxy	77.4812, 0.3472, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958543 (0xFFFFDDCF)
YUV	229.5700, -11.1270, 22.3021
Hunter-Lab	88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609

# Details

The HunterLab color **88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91.3201, -12.7480, -5.3767**, and the grayscale version is **88.8079, -4.7386, 4.8251**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **64.4811, 5.2924, 12.1148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.0386, 10.8609, 18.9526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.2796, -0.7210, 9.8360**.

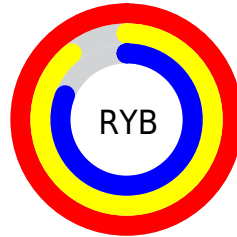
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

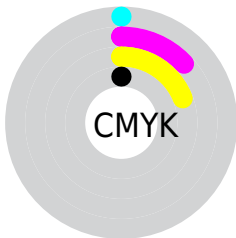
Blue (81%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (81%)

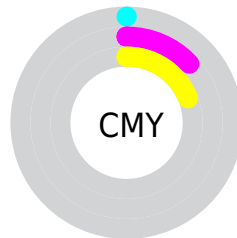


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88.0215, 4.8674,  
14.5609

88.0215, 4.8674,  
14.5609

220.5455, 1.0897,  
25.6573

75.9262, 5.0701,  
13.3741

113.9380, 4.3053,  
16.9555

64.4404, 5.2210,  
12.1878

127.7072, 3.9588,  
18.1645

53.6004, 5.3113,  
10.9992

141.9904, 3.5714,  
19.3837

43.4473, 5.3340,  
9.8018

156.7697, 3.1452,  
20.6139

34.0312, 5.2797,  
8.5863

172.0288, 2.6823,  
21.8559

25.4150, 5.1358,  
7.3377

187.7533, 2.1844,

17.6813, 4.8836,

23.1102

6.0307

203.9296, 1.6531,  
24.3772

■ 10.9453, 4.4950,  
5.0184

■ 2.4510, 16.9418,  
1.7157

■ 88.0215, 4.8674,  
14.5609

■ 88.0215, 4.8674,  
14.5609

■ 82.0386, 10.8609,  
18.9526

■ 94.2796, -0.7210,  
9.8360

■ 76.3615, 17.2949,  
22.9349

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 71.0346, 24.1743,  
26.4194

■ 66.1068, 31.4739,  
29.2988

■ 61.6326, 39.1148,  
31.4541

■ 57.6698, 46.9414,  
32.7693

■ 54.2739, 54.7001,  
33.1661

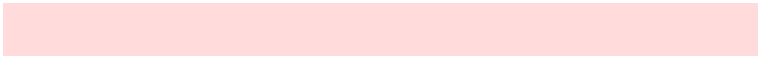
■ 51.4863, 62.0191,  
32.7121

■ 51.1970, 62.8213,  
32.6472

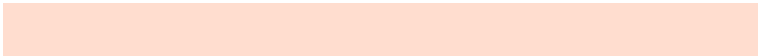
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0234, 9.2893, 9.2145



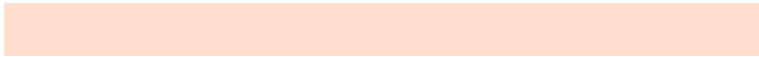
88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609



88.0234, -2.0341, 17.2125

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0234, 4.8644, 14.5622



88.0234, -18.4040, 7.2766



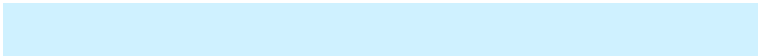
88.0234, 0.1256, -9.1253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



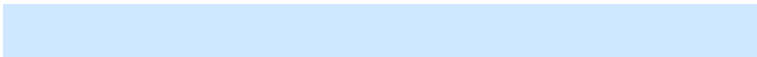
88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609



91.3201, -12.7480, -5.3767

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0234, -7.3373, -9.7538



88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609



88.0234, -17.8695, 0.1260

# Square

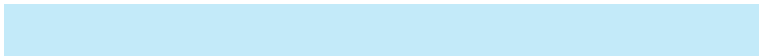
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0234, 4.8644, 14.5622



88.0234, -15.3609, 13.2456



88.0234, -13.8754, -6.2463

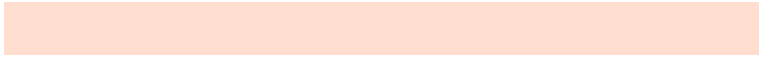


88.0234, 6.4907, -4.5947



# Rectangle

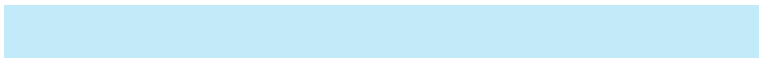
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609



88.0234, -7.0352, 17.2560



88.0234, -13.8754, -6.2463



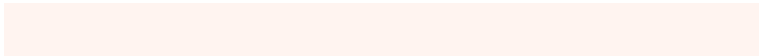
88.0234, -2.3431, -9.8135

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0234, 4.8644, 14.5622



96.0904, -2.2281, 8.4493



85.0066, 18.1550, -5.5637



44.2612, -0.8707, 4.0584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

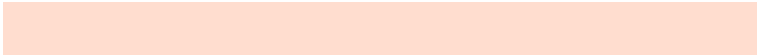


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0234, 4.8644, 14.5622



85.4885, 7.3174, 16.4407



95.3039, -7.5163, 21.8692



43.4171, -0.1632, 4.7040



37.3067, 44.5372, 23.7679

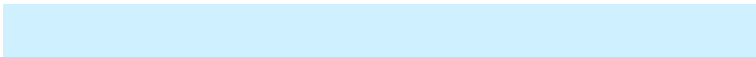


12.3853, 11.8240, 7.8388

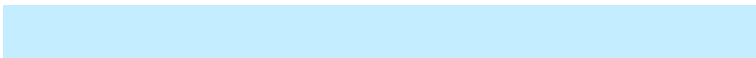


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.3201, -12.7480, -5.3767



89.4910, -14.0983, -7.7828



83.8561, -0.5123, -15.2291



44.1967, -4.3196, -0.0072



46.0718, -10.2734, -35.4083

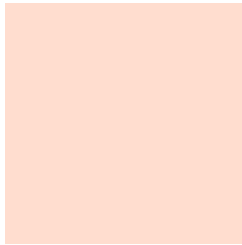


15.0184, -4.1467, -9.8202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

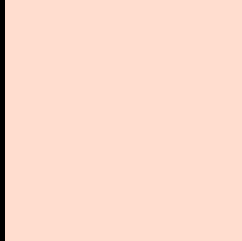
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

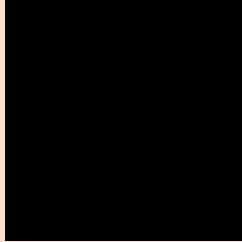
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609.



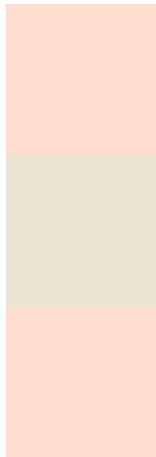
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0215, 4.8674,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609

### Protanopia

87.9910, -4.4874, 13.0565

### Deuteranopia

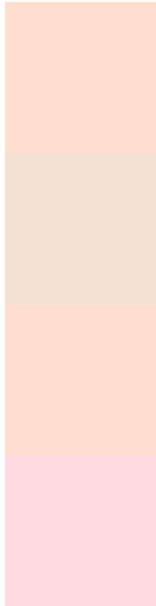
88.0774, 5.1675, 13.7574



## Tritanopia

87.9125, 10.6573, 2.3662

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609

## Protanomaly

88.0389, -1.2019, 13.6044

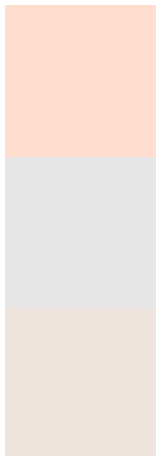
## Deuteranomaly

88.0494, 5.0171, 14.1603

## Tritanomaly

87.9232, 8.6019, 6.7734

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609

## Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

## Achromatomaly

88.6357, -1.5544, 8.3626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 221, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 221, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 221, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 221, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 221, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 221, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 221, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 221, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0215, 4.8674, 14.5609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 221, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
221, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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