

Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.7136, 27.4454,
6.0357)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(95.7136, 27.4454,
6.0357) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(90.0910, 9.5196,
-1.1715)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0F5
RGB	255, 224, 245
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.0392
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	319°, 100%, 94%
HSV	319°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	84.3771, 81.1639, 97.6052
YIQ	235.6630, 11.7350, 13.1030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

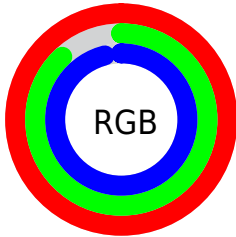
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 224, 245
Decimal	16769269
CIE Lab	92.21, 14.14, -6.28
CIE LCh	92, 15.473, 336.051
Yxy	81.1672, 0.3206, 0.3084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959349 (0xFFFFE0F5)
YUV	235.6630, 4.6031, 16.9585
Hunter-Lab	90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715

Details

The HunterLab color $90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $96.5966, -18.7103, 11.4142$, and the grayscale version is $91.4162, -4.8777, 4.9668$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $66.3746, 9.3318, -1.9423$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.4507, 21.9848, -6.3002$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98.1992, -2.7301, 4.2396$.

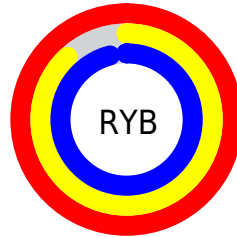
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

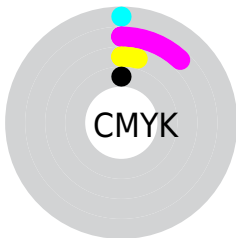
Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (96%)

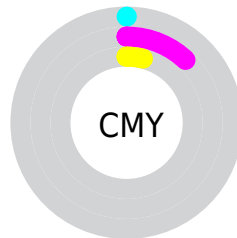


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.0910, 9.5196,
-1.1715

90.0910, 9.5196,
-1.1715

223.3512, 7.2001,
4.0605

77.8969, 9.5317,
-1.5661

116.1918, 9.3178,
-0.2527

66.3071, 9.4835,
-1.9163

130.0479, 9.1423,
0.2637

55.3571, 9.3655,
-2.2168

144.4148, 8.9203,
0.8159

45.0866, 9.1693,
-2.4630

159.2750, 8.6548,
1.4022

35.5439, 8.8838,
-2.6487

174.6125, 8.3480,
2.0211

26.7895, 8.4946,
-2.7662

190.4130, 8.0021,

18.9021, 7.9813,

2.6712

-2.8049

206.6633, 7.6189,
3.3514

■ 11.9902, 7.3154,
-2.7504

■ 4.9419, 12.2048,
-4.9992

■ 90.0910, 9.5196,
-1.1715

■ 90.0910, 9.5196,
-1.1715

■ 82.4507, 21.9848,
-6.3002

■ 98.1992, -2.7301,
4.2396

■ 75.3534, 34.5770,
-11.0292

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 68.8982, 47.0871,
-15.1817

■ 63.1972, 59.1459,
-18.5191

■ 58.3710, 70.1787,
-20.7469

■ 54.5312, 79.4229,
-21.5592

■ 51.7508, 86.0789,
-20.7366

■ 50.0230, 89.6160,
-18.2765

■ 49.2615, 90.4659,
-15.4853

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.0928, 4.3167, -7.5979



90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715



90.0928, 10.8203, 6.4163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.0928, 9.5166, -1.1701



90.0928, -6.4101, 18.1403



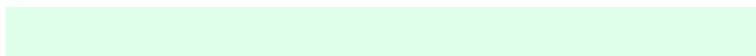
90.0928, -16.7841, -4.0349

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715



96.5966, -18.7103, 11.4142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.0928, -19.4461, 3.3650



90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715



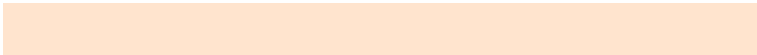
90.0928, -13.5910, 15.8368

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



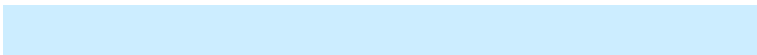
90.0928, 9.5166, -1.1701



90.0928, 1.4466, 17.1522



90.0928, -18.2975, 10.5825



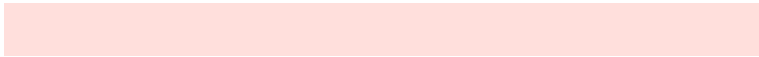
90.0928, -10.9042, -9.3492

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715



90.0928, 9.2663, 11.0307



90.0928, -18.2975, 10.5825



90.0928, -18.0755, -1.6857

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.0928, 9.5166, -1.1701



96.6715, -0.4888, 3.2244



88.3157, 4.2704, -9.0197



44.4384, 0.1977, 1.3012

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

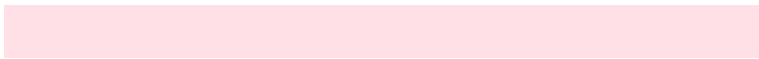
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.0928, 9.5166, -1.1701



87.8678, 13.0446, -2.6627



89.5936, 6.8540, 5.9372



42.6554, 2.8904, 0.1112



35.6491, 65.5374, -11.7495



11.2134, 20.7708, -4.9052

Inverse Universe

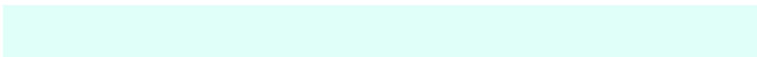
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0928, 9.5166, -1.1701



87.8678, 13.0446, -2.6627



97.0709, -16.0519, 4.6342



42.6554, 2.8904, 0.1112



35.6491, 65.5374, -11.7495



11.2134, 20.7708, -4.9052

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

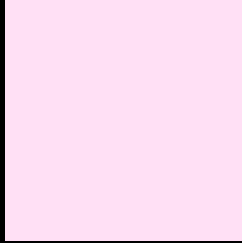
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

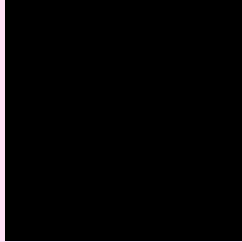
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.0910, 9.5196,

-1.1715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715

Protanopia

90.0817, -1.1940, -3.5007

Deuteranopia

90.1717, 6.7051, -1.1202



Tritanopia

89.9901, 8.9824, 0.2624

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715

Protanomaly

89.8829, 2.8132, -3.1456

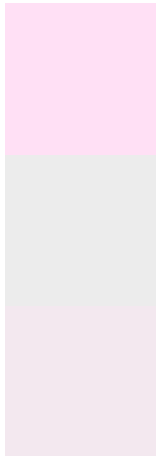
Deuteranomaly

90.0769, 7.9346, -1.2169

Tritanomaly

90.0235, 9.1606, -0.2134

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715

Achromatopsia

91.5860, -4.8868, 4.9760

Achromatomaly

91.1043, 0.0515, 2.9943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.0910, 9.5196, -1.1715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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