

Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.8057, -9.2059,
0.3252)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(95.8057, -9.2059, 0.3252)
contains.

HunterLab(95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(95.6612, -8.9942,
0.1514)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8F8FF
RGB	232, 248, 255
RGB Percent	91%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0902, 0.0274, 0.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	198°, 100%, 95%
HSV	198°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	84.8962, 91.5107, 107.7966
YIQ	244.0140, -11.7830, -1.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

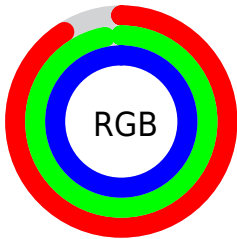
Format	Color
R _Y B	232, 241, 255
Decimal	15268095
CIE Lab	96.62, -3.91, -5.16
CIE LCh	97, 6.470, 232.860
Yxy	91.5144, 0.2987, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293458175 (0xFFE8F8FF)
YUV	244.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363
Hunter-Lab	95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514

Details

The HunterLab color $95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $94.2430, -0.7662, 10.0282$, and the grayscale version is $95.1021, -5.0744, 5.1671$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $71.4189, -7.6462, -0.4787$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $91.0392, -12.5076, -5.7351$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

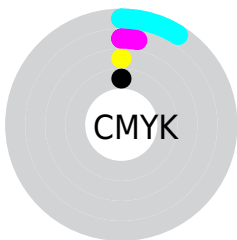
Distribution



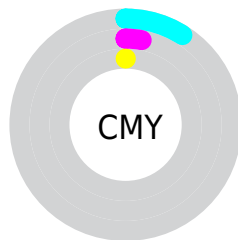
- Red (91%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

95.6612, -8.9942,
0.1514

95.6612, -8.9942,
0.1514

230.8560,
-17.5626, 5.8669

83.2090, -8.1518,
-0.3069

122.2457,
-10.7524, 1.1921

71.3478, -7.3296,
-0.7252

136.3296,
-11.6631, 1.7655

60.1108, -6.5301,
-1.0978

150.9164,
-12.5951, 2.3725

49.5348, -5.7531,
-1.4208

165.9892,
-13.5480, 3.0118

39.6641, -4.9983,
-1.6889

181.5328,
-14.5216, 3.6821

30.5532, -4.2645,
-1.8959

197.5335,

22.2718, -3.5492,

-15.5155, 4.3820

-2.0328

213.9784,
-16.5293, 5.1106

■ 14.9131, -2.8474,
-2.0873

■ 8.5617, -2.4456,
-2.1237

■ 95.6612, -8.9942,
0.1514

■ 95.6612, -8.9942,
0.1514

■ 91.0392, -12.5076,
-5.7351

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 86.6234, -15.3769,
-11.6472

■ 82.4305, -17.5329,
-17.5625

■ 78.4750, -18.9039,
-23.4537

■ 74.7704, -19.4233,
-29.2871

■ 71.3277, -19.0371,
-35.0227

■ 68.1530, -17.7155,
-40.6190

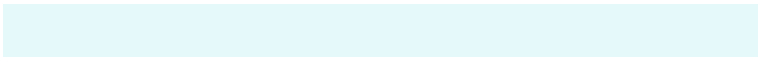
■ 65.2446, -15.4688,
-46.0407

■ 62.5772, -12.4039,
-51.2954

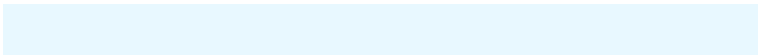
Harmonies

Analogous

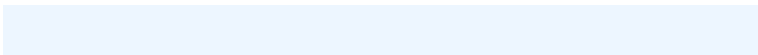
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.6632, -11.0166, 2.7776



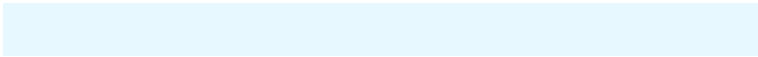
95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514



95.6632, -5.9148, -1.1235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.6632, -8.9964, 0.1538



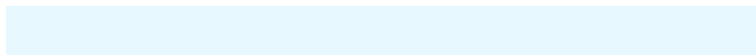
95.6632, 1.4158, 4.4367



95.6632, -7.6177, 10.7232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



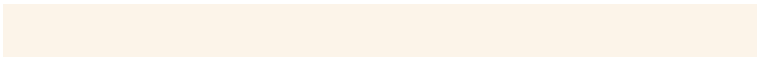
95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514



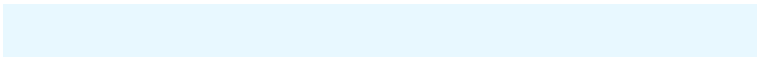
94.2430, -0.7662, 10.0282

Split Complementary

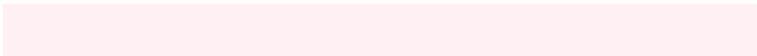
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.6632, -4.3015, 11.1328



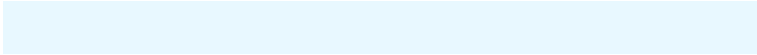
95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514



95.6632, 0.9445, 7.5747

Square

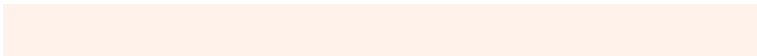
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.6632, -8.9964, 0.1538



95.6632, 0.1193, 1.4042



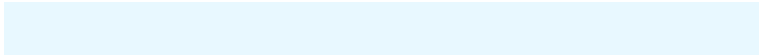
95.6632, -1.1594, 9.9991



95.6632, -10.2283, 8.8602

Rectangle

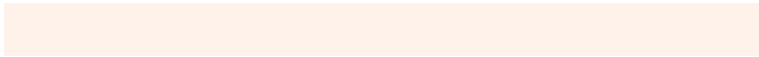
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514



95.6632, -3.6607, -1.0094



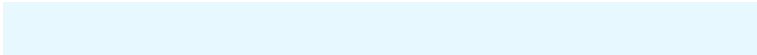
95.6632, -1.1594, 9.9991



95.6632, -6.5497, 11.0327

Sweetspot

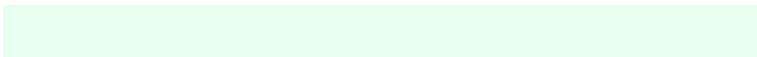
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.6632, -8.9964, 0.1538



98.5405, -6.6023, 3.6809



97.4178, -15.4586, 10.1038



45.4102, -3.2074, 1.4860

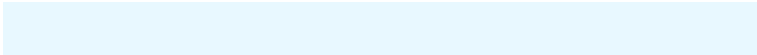
0.0000, NaN, NaN



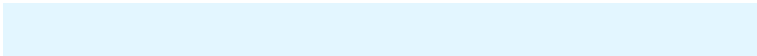
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.6632, -8.9964, 0.1538



94.7312, -9.7398, -1.0104



92.0403, -3.0151, -4.2818



44.1521, -4.2475, -0.0608



45.3549, -9.1966, -36.8368



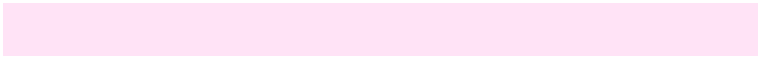
14.8180, -3.8567, -10.1957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.6025, 5.7262, 0.2987



91.0239, 8.1837, -0.8063



97.8298, -6.7767, 13.8942



42.6623, 2.9276, 0.0124



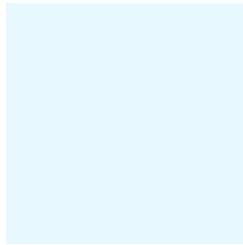
35.7835, 66.0192, -13.6123



11.2526, 20.9106, -5.4440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

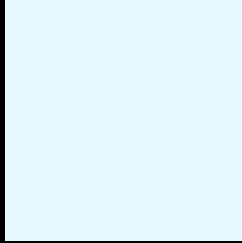
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

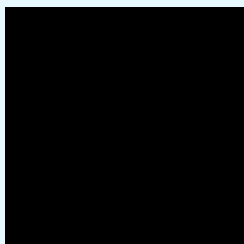
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

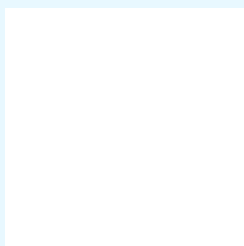
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514.



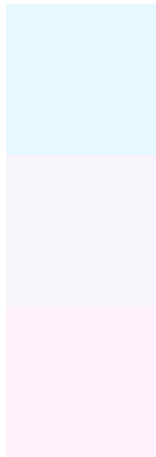
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.6612, -8.9942,

0.1514.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514

Protanopia

95.6576, -2.6693, 1.8149

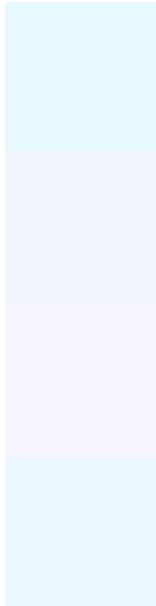
Deuteranopia

95.4981, 1.5987, 1.6960

Tritanopia

95.7376, -5.4418, 0.3075

Trichromacy



Original Color

95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514

Protanomaly

95.5374, -4.6415, 1.1175

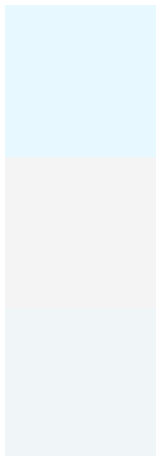
Deuteranomaly

95.6908, -2.4882, 1.3422

Tritanomaly

95.7842, -6.9162, 0.3389

Monochromacy



Original Color

95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514

Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

Achromatomaly

95.1879, -6.1881, 3.2306

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 248, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 248, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 248, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 248, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 248, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 248, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 248, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 248, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 248, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 248,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.6612, -8.9942, 0.1514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 248, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
248, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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