

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(95.9337, -29.4398,  
12.6062)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(95.9337, -29.4398,  
12.6062) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(94.3650,  
-27.1871, 11.0958)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5FFE5
RGB	197, 255, 229
RGB Percent	77%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.2274, 0.0000, 0.1020
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	153°, 100%, 89%
HSV	153°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	72.9289, 89.0475, 87.4730
YIQ	234.6940, -26.2220, -20.3820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

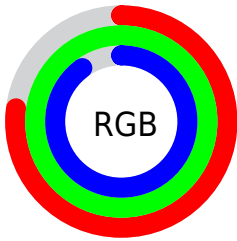
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 234, 255
Decimal	12976101
CIELab	95.60, -23.29, 6.49
CIElCh	96, 24.177, 164.429
Yxy	89.0479, 0.2924, 0.3570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291166181 (0xFFC5FFE5)
YUV	234.6940, -2.8071, -33.0576
Hunter-Lab	94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958

# Details

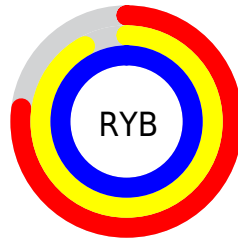
The HunterLab color **94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.5606, 20.3736, -0.1357**, and the grayscale version is **91.0328, -4.8573, 4.9460**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.9054, -5.6651, 5.3160**, and **70.1391, -23.5177, 8.9573** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92.3439, -35.4489, 13.8824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.6675, -18.0646, 8.4804**.

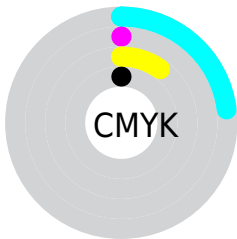
# Distribution



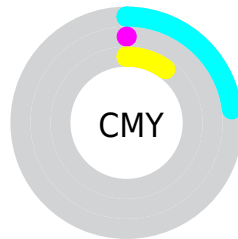
- Red (77%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 94.3650, -27.1871,  
11.0958

■ 94.3650, -27.1871,  
11.0958

229.1132,  
-42.6610, 20.6024

■ 81.9703, -25.4065,  
10.1282

120.8367,  
-30.6830, 13.0816

■ 70.1713, -23.5969,  
9.1778

134.8683,  
-32.4101, 14.1017

■ 59.0000, -21.7478,  
8.2430

149.4045,  
-34.1279, 15.1400

■ 48.4938, -19.8458,  
7.3220

164.4284,  
-35.8392, 16.1964

■ 38.6980, -17.8722,  
6.4119

179.9246,  
-37.5465, 17.2710

■ 29.6683, -15.7987,  
5.5081

195.8792,

■ 21.4763, -13.5803,

-39.2515, 18.3636

4.6022

212.2793,  
-40.9558, 19.4741

■ 14.2185, -11.1381,  
3.6788

■ 7.8740, -13.3090,  
3.8451

■ 94.3650, -27.1871,  
11.0958

■ 94.3650, -27.1871,  
11.0958

■ 92.3439, -35.4489,  
13.8824

■ 96.6675, -18.0646,  
8.4804

■ 90.6059, -42.7750,  
16.8129

■ 99.2454, -8.1726,  
6.0608

■ 89.1494, -49.1045,  
19.8508

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 87.9679, -54.4021,  
22.9552

■ 87.0497, -58.6636,  
26.0809

■ 86.3761, -61.9234,  
29.1798

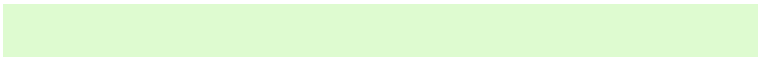
■ 85.9203, -64.2629,  
32.2012

■ 85.6936, -65.5086,  
34.3046

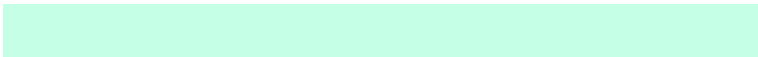
# Harmonies

## Analogous

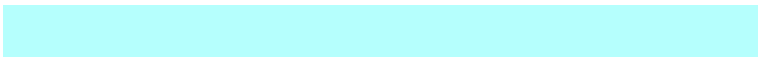
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.3652, -21.3509, 20.1077



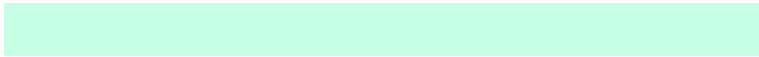
94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



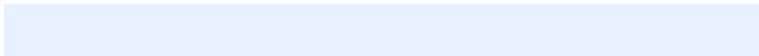
94.3652, -27.2989, -0.7665

# Triad

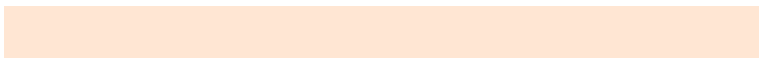
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.3652, -27.1862, 11.0951



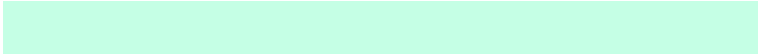
94.3652, 1.0506, -19.9185



94.3652, 12.8246, 19.8390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



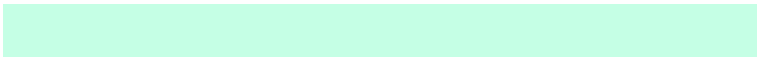
81.5606, 20.3736, -0.1357

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.3652, 19.4945, 10.6813



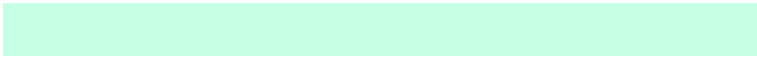
94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



94.3652, 12.4597, -12.7775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.3652, -27.1862, 11.0951



94.3652, -11.4330, -19.7695



94.3652, 19.3576, -1.2379

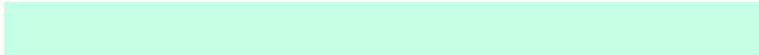


94.3652, 1.5276, 24.6877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



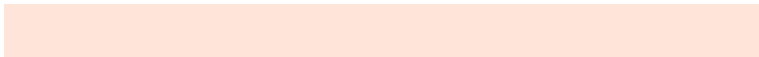
94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



94.3652, -24.1372, -8.7907



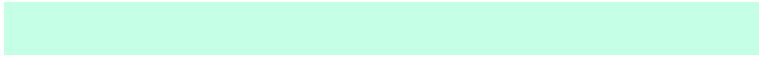
94.3652, 19.3576, -1.2379



94.3652, 15.7078, 17.2192

# Sweetspot

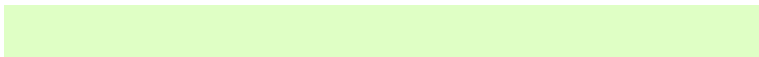
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.3652, -27.1862, 11.0951



98.1151, -12.4706, 7.0655



95.5277, -24.5999, 25.6470



45.3202, -6.0467, 3.3361

0.0000, NaN, NaN

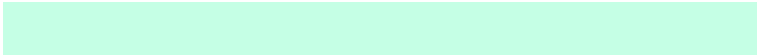


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

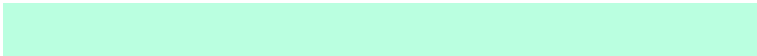


# Same Dimension

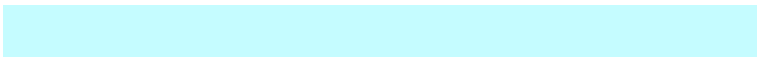
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.3652, -27.1862, 11.0951



93.4704, -30.8124, 12.2618



94.2201, -21.0578, -1.8446



45.0954, -6.9118, 3.5504



61.9689, -47.2007, 24.4371



19.3934, -14.3770, 6.7957



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.5606, 20.3736, -0.1357



78.3910, 25.2980, -0.9097



81.5810, 14.6604, 12.1355



42.5705, 2.4349, 1.3194



34.3167, 60.7135, 7.0961

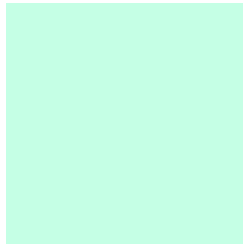


10.8086, 19.3115, 0.7716



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

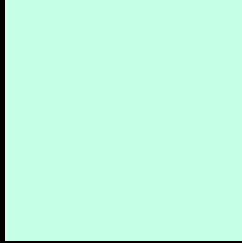
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

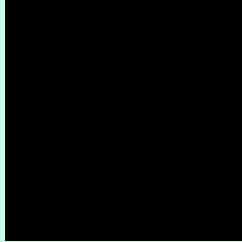
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

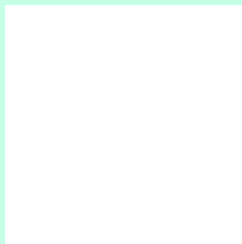
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958.



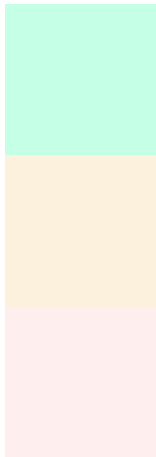
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.3650,

-27.1871,11.0958.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958

### Protanopia

94.1490, -4.9524, 14.8486

### Deuteranopia

94.1181, 0.7623, 7.0522



## Tritanopia

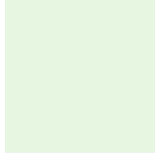
94.0916, -9.5664, -1.8039

# Trichromacy



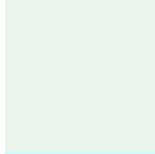
## Original Color

94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



## Protanomaly

93.9586, -13.6517, 13.1576



## Deuteranomaly

93.9106, -9.8552, 8.0727



## Tritanomaly

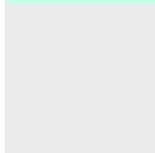
94.2615, -16.2391, 2.9579

# Monochromacy



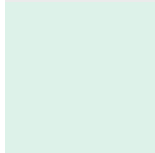
## Original Color

94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958



## Achromatopsia

91.1466, -4.8634, 4.9522



## Achromatomaly

92.0650, -13.2205, 6.8520

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 255, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 255, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 255, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

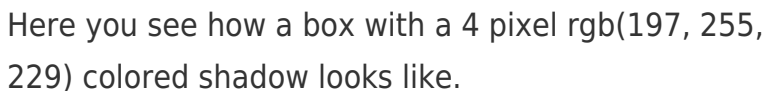
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 255, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 255, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 255, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 255, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 255, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 255, 229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.3650, -27.1871, 11.0958 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 255, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
255, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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