

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.0123, -22.8912,  
26.5266)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(96.0123, -22.8912,  
26.5266) contains.

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# **Color**

**HunterLab(96.0018,  
-22.9061, 26.5014)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5FFC4
RGB	229, 255, 196
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 77%
CMY	0.1020, 0.0000, 0.2314
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	86°, 100%, 88%
HSV	86°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	78.0369, 92.1635, 65.9008
YIQ	240.5000, 3.4430, -23.8610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

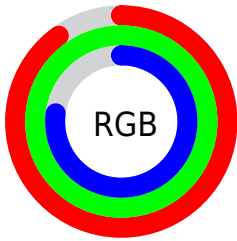
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	196, 255, 222
Decimal	15073220
CIELab	96.89, -18.39, 25.46
CIELCh	97, 31.403, 125.846
Yxy	92.1638, 0.3305, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293263300 (0xFFE5FFC4)
YUV	240.5000, -21.9385, -10.0855
Hunter-Lab	96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014

# Details

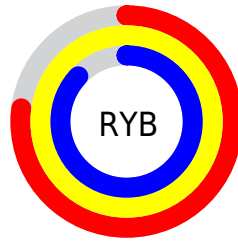
The HunterLab color **96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.8864, 15.6234, -22.2230**, and the grayscale version is **93.6604, -4.9975, 5.0887**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.9359, -5.6870, 6.3478**, and **71.5719, -19.7296, 22.5572** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.5041, -29.5656, 33.6995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.6393, -15.6686, 18.1383**.

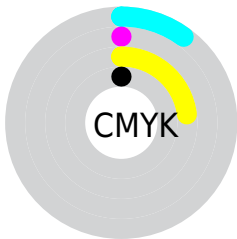
# Distribution



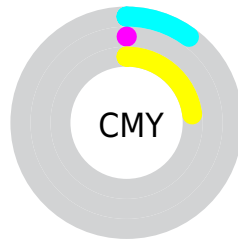
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96.0018, -22.9061,  
26.5014

96.0018, -22.9061,  
26.5014

231.3103,  
-36.5950, 42.8756

83.5324, -21.3709,  
24.5897

122.6134,  
-25.9489, 30.2345

71.6551, -19.8211,  
22.6379

136.7109,  
-27.4643, 32.0698

60.4010, -18.2498,  
20.6333

151.3107,  
-28.9789, 33.8903

49.8070, -16.6476,  
18.5598

166.3962,  
-30.4945, 35.6995

39.9169, -15.0015,  
16.3947

181.9522,  
-32.0128, 37.5004

30.7850, -13.2922,  
14.1057

197.9648,

22.4804, -11.4885,

-33.5350, 39.2954

11.6441

214.4214,  
-35.0621, 41.0865

■ 15.0957, -9.5367,  
9.5618

■ 8.7319, -9.6435,  
6.1123

■ 96.0018, -22.9061,  
26.5014

■ 96.0018, -22.9061,  
26.5014

■ 94.5041, -29.5656,  
33.6995

■ 97.6393, -15.6686,  
18.1383

■ 93.1459, -35.6240,  
39.7205

■ 99.4149, -7.8845,  
8.6402

■ 91.9264, -41.0632,  
44.5669

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 90.8432, -45.8747,  
48.2622

■ 89.8925, -50.0613,  
50.8546

■ 89.0683, -53.6402,  
52.4229

■ 88.3619, -56.6477,  
53.0867

■ 87.9354, -58.4347,  
53.1624

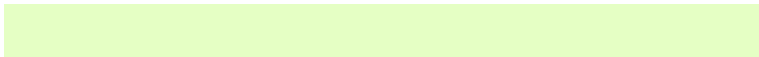
# Harmonies

## Analogous

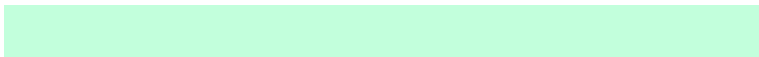
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.0020, -8.3184, 30.5346



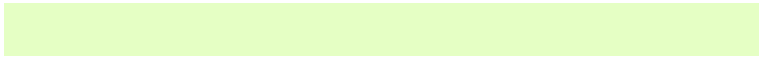
96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



96.0020, -32.2406, 16.7083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.0020, -22.9056, 26.5007



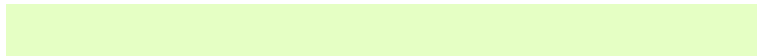
96.0020, -17.6938, -26.3739



96.0020, 28.3009, 8.2311

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



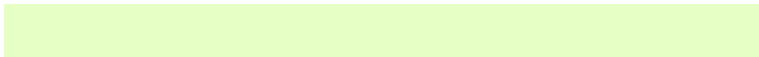
78.8864, 15.6234, -22.2230

# Split Complementary

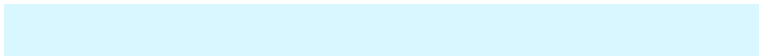
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.0020, 25.3744, -7.8779



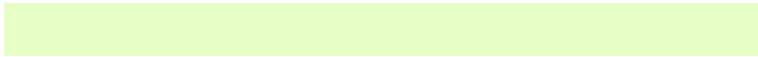
96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



96.0020, -1.8945, -29.6631

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



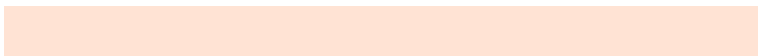
96.0020, -22.9056, 26.5007



96.0020, -29.3759, -14.0538



96.0020, 14.0464, -22.4100

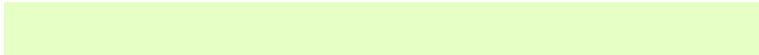


96.0020, 21.7954, 21.1854

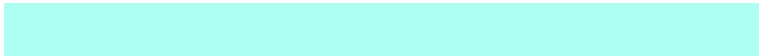


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



96.0020, -34.5988, 7.3735



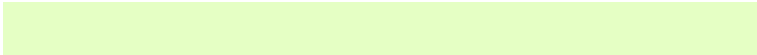
96.0020, 14.0464, -22.4100



96.0020, 28.3928, 3.0270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.0020, -22.9056, 26.5007



98.7126, -10.9547, 12.4422



87.8970, 2.9785, 18.9855



45.6190, -5.2868, 6.0242

0.0000, NaN, NaN

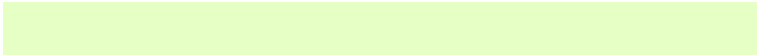


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

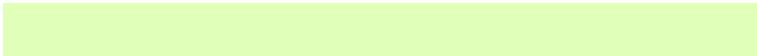


# Same Dimension

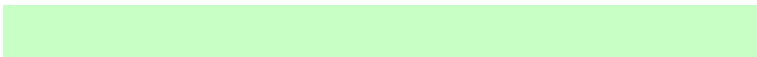
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.0020, -22.9056, 26.5007



95.2560, -26.2185, 30.1485



93.6889, -31.4913, 24.1288



45.4634, -5.9695, 6.8556



63.6354, -41.9508, 38.4774



20.0189, -12.4301, 12.1180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.8864, 15.6234, -22.2230



74.6940, 20.2003, -28.7173



81.9893, 25.4587, -17.4478



42.1537, 1.4469, -2.4816



23.8125, 56.6222, -107.4209

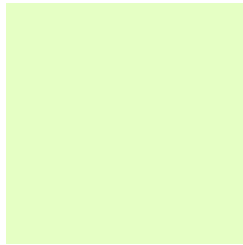


7.8455, 18.1175, -31.2233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

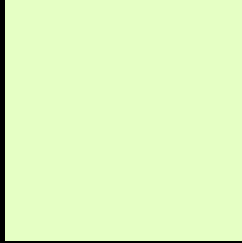
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

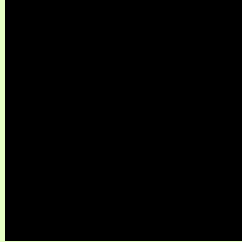
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

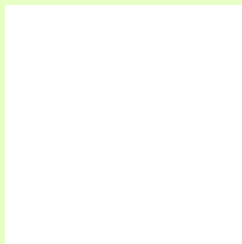
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014.



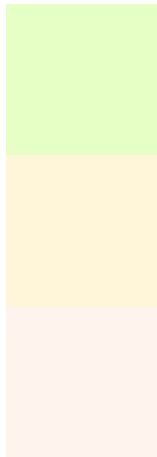
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.0018,

-22.9061, 26.5014.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014

### Protanopia

95.6946, -6.2715, 18.1844

### Deuteranopia

95.9561, -2.5925, 9.5768

## **Tritanopia**

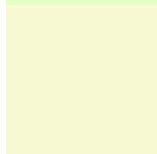
96.0137, -4.4818, 0.6629

# Trichromacy



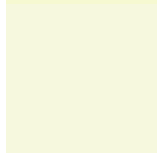
## Original Color

96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



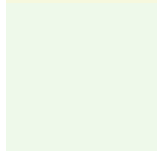
## Protanomaly

95.8893, -12.5735, 21.5686



## Deuteranomaly

95.9174, -10.1225, 16.2090



## Tritanomaly

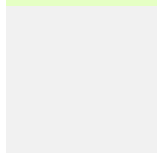
95.8483, -11.3244, 10.7115

# Monochromacy



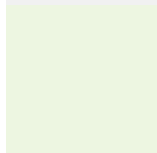
## Original Color

96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014



## Achromatopsia

93.7882, -5.0043, 5.0957



## Achromatomaly

94.5263, -11.5735, 13.3637

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 255, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 255, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 255, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 255, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 255, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 255, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 255, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 255, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.0018, -22.9061, 26.5014 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 255, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
255, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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