

Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.0569, -0.1874,
-9.7677)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(96.0569, -0.1874,
-9.7677) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(95.2883, -3.7458,
-0.2159)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2F4FF
RGB	242, 244, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0431, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	231°, 100%, 97%
HSV	231°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	87.0186, 90.7986, 107.5472
YIQ	244.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

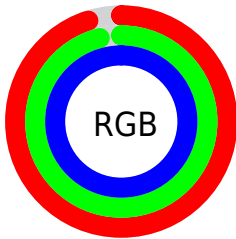
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 244, 255
Decimal	15922431
CIE Lab	96.33, 1.34, -5.51
CIE LCh	96, 5.669, 283.625
Yxy	90.8024, 0.3049, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294112511 (0xFF2F4FF)
YUV	244.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293
Hunter-Lab	95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159

Details

The HunterLab color $95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $98.9541, -6.5079, 10.5276$, and the grayscale version is $95.3853, -5.0895, 5.1825$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $71.0512, -2.6804, -0.8479$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86.2382, -0.3255, -11.9103$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

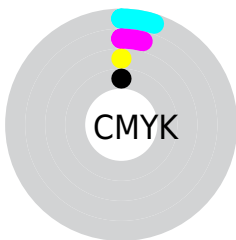
Distribution



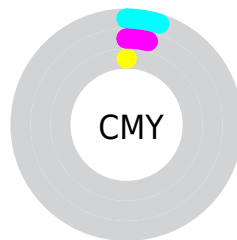
- Red (95%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

95.2883, -3.7458,
-0.2159

95.2883, -3.7458,
-0.2159

230.3557,
-10.5055, 5.3814

82.8531, -3.1447,
-0.6587

121.8410, -5.0524,
0.7955

71.0097, -2.5759,
-1.0608

135.9100, -5.7501,
1.3550

59.7915, -2.0440,
-1.4164

150.4822, -6.4765,
1.9487

49.2355, -1.5517,
-1.7214

165.5410, -7.2306,
2.5750

39.3862, -1.1023,
-1.9705

181.0711, -8.0114,
3.2326

30.2985, -0.6999,
-2.1571

197.0585, -8.8180,

22.0427, -0.3501,

3.9202

-2.2721

213.4906, -9.6496,
4.6369

■ 14.7127, -0.0613,
-2.3030

■ 8.3703, 0.2481,
-2.3570

■ 95.2883, -3.7458,
-0.2159

■ 95.2883, -3.7458,
-0.2159

■ 86.2382, -0.3255,
-11.9103

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 77.4650, 3.5959,
-24.6142

■ 69.0169, 8.1530,
-38.6036

■ 60.9567, 13.5220,
-54.2229

■ 53.3712, 19.9180,
-71.8640

■ 46.3816, 27.5692,
-91.8752

■ 40.1573, 36.6207,
-114.2972

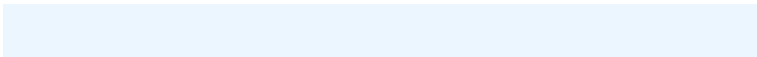
■ 34.9235, 46.8910,
-138.2758

■ 30.9406, 57.4542,
-161.2211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2903, -6.6851, -0.1426



95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159



95.2903, -1.1401, 1.1934

Triad

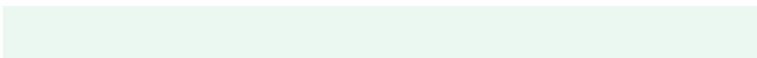
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2903, -3.7482, -0.2135



95.2903, -0.9442, 8.8390



95.2903, -10.4767, 6.6972

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159



98.9541, -6.5079, 10.5276

Split Complementary

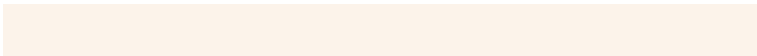
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.2903, -8.9757, 9.0148



95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159



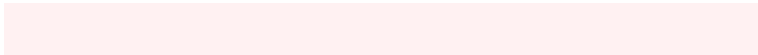
95.2903, -3.4834, 10.2253

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



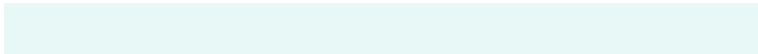
95.2903, -3.7482, -0.2135



95.2903, 0.4921, 6.4506



95.2903, -6.4235, 10.2887



95.2903, -10.5456, 3.9056

Rectangle

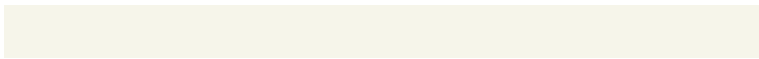
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



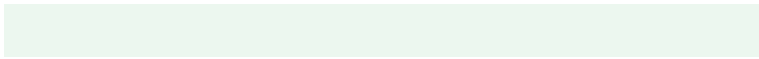
95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159



95.2903, 0.0513, 2.7559



95.2903, -6.4235, 10.2887



95.2903, -10.1237, 7.5555

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2903, -3.7482, -0.2135



98.1448, -4.7242, 3.2404



98.7314, -9.9179, 4.9423



45.4487, -2.1998, 1.5497

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2903, -3.7482, -0.2135



94.4627, -3.4568, -1.2341



95.0678, -1.2776, -0.4452



43.4263, -1.5008, -0.9145



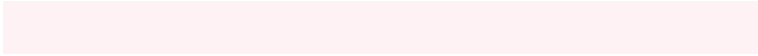
21.6222, 43.7479, -121.4649



7.6201, 10.6748, -32.5683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.5497, -0.3448, 5.7598



94.7724, 0.5477, 5.8255



99.1859, -8.9951, 10.7445



43.5868, 0.5529, 2.7178



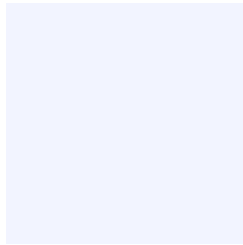
33.4663, 57.5843, 19.5147



10.5032, 18.1920, 5.1974

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

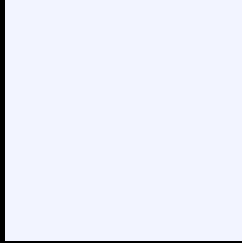
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

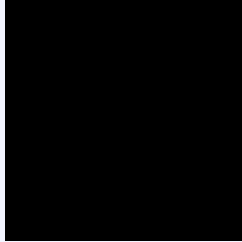
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159.

-0.259.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159

Protanopia

95.3151, -2.1019, 0.3696

Deuteranopia

95.1552, 1.9563, 1.8013



Tritanopia

95.1600, -2.5696, -0.3537

Trichromacy



Original Color

95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159

Protanomaly

95.2205, -2.4284, 0.2476

Deuteranomaly

95.0068, -0.0802, 1.0682

Tritanomaly

95.0662, -2.8935, -0.4754

Monochromacy



Original Color

95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159

Achromatopsia

95.5562, -5.0986, 5.1917

Achromatomaly

95.5916, -4.7173, 3.2327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 244, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 244, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 244, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 244, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 244, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 244, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 244, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 244, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 244, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 244,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.2883, -3.7458, -0.2159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 244, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
244, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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