

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.0888, 10.3309,  
2.2798)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(96.0888, 10.3309,  
2.2798) contains.

<b>HunterLab(94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(94.2975, 3.9319,  
-0.2547)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEDFD
RGB	255, 237, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 99%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0706, 0.0078
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	307°, 100%, 96%
HSV	307°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	89.2538, 88.9202, 105.3876
YIQ	244.2060, 5.5920, 8.7920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

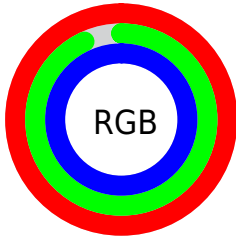
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 237, 253
Decimal	16772605
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.55, 8.82, -5.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 10.400, 327.990
Yxy	88.9237, 0.3148, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962685 (0xFFFFEFD)
YUV	244.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663
Hunter-Lab	94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547

# Details

The HunterLab color  $94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $97.8559, -13.8861, 10.5753$ , and the grayscale version is  $95.1861, -5.0789, 5.1716$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $70.0279, 4.3305, -0.9899$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $86.6101, 17.3118, -8.3371$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ .

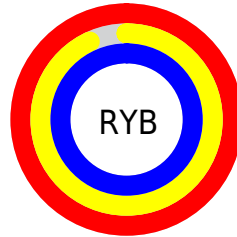
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

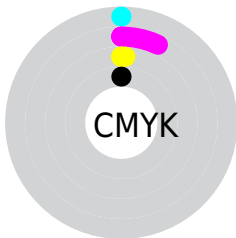
Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (99%)

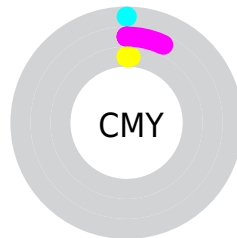


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94.2975, 3.9319,  
-0.2547

94.2975, 3.9319,  
-0.2547

229.0248, -0.2789,  
5.3178

81.9075, 4.1949,  
-0.6951

120.7653, 3.2591,  
0.7496

70.1116, 4.4099,  
-1.0935

134.7942, 2.8611,  
1.3062

58.9437, 4.5691,  
-1.4451

149.3278, 2.4242,  
1.8971

48.4411, 4.6665,  
-1.7458

164.3492, 1.9506,  
2.5208

38.6491, 4.6946,  
-1.9901

179.8430, 1.4420,  
3.1759

29.6236, 4.6428,  
-2.1713

195.7952, 0.9000,

21.4361, 4.4966,

3.8611

-2.2801

212.1931, 0.3260,  
4.5754

■ 14.1834, 4.2342,  
-2.3035

■ 7.8375, 4.4845,  
-2.5103

■ 94.2975, 3.9319,  
-0.2547

■ 94.2975, 3.9319,  
-0.2547

■ 86.6101, 17.3118,  
-8.3371

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 79.4459, 30.9202,  
-16.3790

■ 72.8970, 44.5824,  
-24.2403

■ 67.0677, 57.9778,  
-31.6935

■ 62.0710, 70.5896,  
-38.4014

■ 58.0157, 81.7006,  
-43.9276

■ 54.9824, 90.4928,  
-47.8092

■ 52.9911, 96.2897,  
-49.7073

■ 51.9590, 98.9035,  
-49.6023

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.2994, -0.1147, -4.0106



94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547



94.2994, 5.5645, 4.7860

# Triad

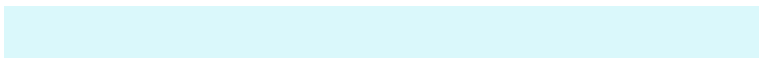
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.2994, 3.9290, -0.2533



94.2994, -4.6723, 14.4789



94.2994, -14.0299, 0.3794

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547



97.8559, -13.8861, 10.5753

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.2994, -15.1892, 5.4786



94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547



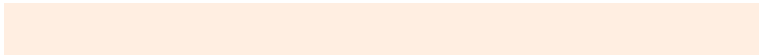
94.2994, -9.8597, 13.4437

# Square

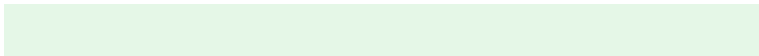
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



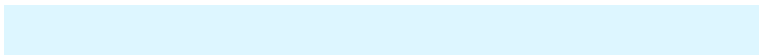
94.2994, 3.9290, -0.2533



94.2994, 0.5296, 13.1291



94.2994, -13.6793, 10.2191



94.2994, -10.4767, -3.6311

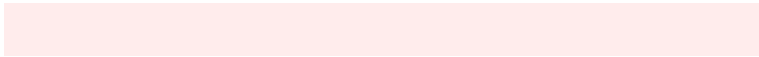


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547



94.2994, 5.0419, 8.1325



94.2994, -13.6793, 10.2191



94.2994, -14.7089, 2.0316

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.2994, 3.9290, -0.2533



98.3629, -2.7258, 3.8243



92.7947, -1.0646, -3.2874



45.5445, -1.3211, 1.8062

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.2994, 3.9290, -0.2533



93.5536, 5.1794, -1.0153



94.0084, 2.3602, 3.8873



42.7359, 3.3213, -1.0322



37.4319, 71.8574, -35.9218



11.7207, 22.5643, -11.7461



# Inverse Universe

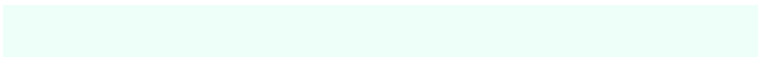
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.2994, 3.9290, -0.2533



93.5536, 5.1794, -1.0153



98.1278, -12.3749, 6.6881



42.7359, 3.3213, -1.0322



37.4319, 71.8574, -35.9218



11.7207, 22.5643, -11.7461



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

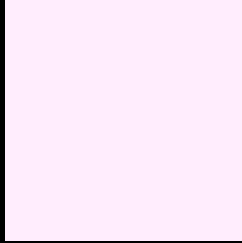
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

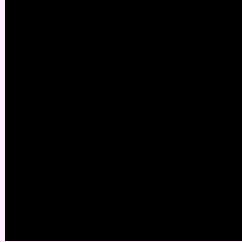
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.2975, 3.9319,

-0.247.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547

### Protanopia

94.4380, -1.8317, -1.2364

### Deuteranopia

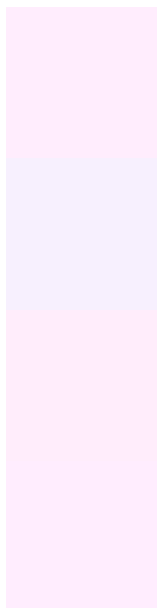
94.1969, 3.3898, 1.1761



## Tritanopia

94.3654, 4.2974, -1.2195

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547

## Protanomaly

94.4723, -0.1754, -0.6364

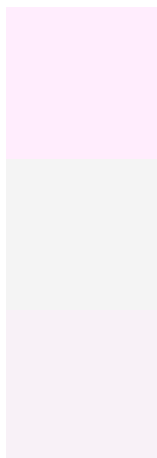
## Deuteranomaly

94.2303, 3.5696, 0.7014

## Tritanomaly

94.3314, 4.1142, -0.7360

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547

## Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

## Achromatomaly

94.6480, -1.6422, 3.1701

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 237, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 237, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 237, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 237, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 237, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 237, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 237, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.2975, 3.9319, -0.2547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 237, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
237, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor