

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.1432, -5.1237,  
5.2150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(96.1432, -5.1237, 5.2150)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(95.9991, -5.1223,  
5.2158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6F6F6
RGB	246, 246, 246
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0353, 0.0353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	123°, 0%, 96%
HSV	123°, 0%, 96%
XYZ	87.5964, 92.1583, 100.3604
YIQ	246.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	246, 246, 246
Decimal	16185078
CIE Lab	96.89, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	97, 0.009, 288.866
Yxy	92.1622, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294375158 (0xFFFF6F6F)
YUV	246.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

# Details

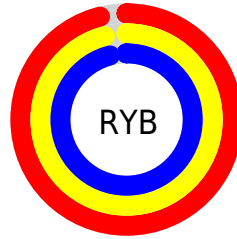
The HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 96.0003, -5.1202, 5.2145, and the grayscale version is 96.0009, -5.1224, 5.2159.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 93.0876, -16.8720, 12.8092, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 97.1572, -0.5451, 2.1240.

# Distribution



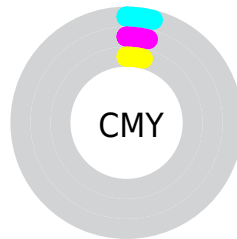
- Red (96%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95.9991, -5.1223,  
5.2158

95.9991, -5.1223,  
5.2158

231.3092,  
-12.3505, 12.5797

83.5317, -4.4587,  
4.5390

122.6125, -6.5456,  
6.6652

71.6543, -3.8244,  
3.8928

136.7100, -7.2985,  
7.4322

60.4003, -3.2235,  
3.2807

151.3098, -8.0782,  
8.2266

49.8063, -2.6578,  
2.7044

166.3953, -8.8838,  
9.0474

39.9163, -2.1298,  
2.1666

181.9512, -9.7145,  
9.8939

30.7844, -1.6422,  
1.6700

197.9638,

22.4799, -1.1988,

-10.5697, 10.7652

1.2185

214.4204,  
-11.4485, 11.6607

■ 15.0953, -0.8047,  
0.8172

■ 8.7315, -0.4649,  
0.4712

■ 95.9991, -5.1223,  
5.2158

■ 95.9991, -5.1223,  
5.2158

■ 93.0876, -16.8720,  
12.8092

■ 97.1572, -0.5451,  
2.1240

■ 90.4904, -27.6789,  
19.8463

■ 88.2197, -37.4112,  
26.2408

■ 86.2815, -45.9467,  
31.9108

■ 84.6770, -53.1858,  
36.7869

■ 83.4014, -59.0638,  
40.8196

■ 82.4427, -63.5614,  
43.9866

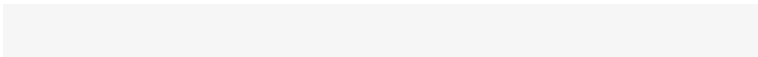
■ 81.7809, -66.7147,  
46.2980

■ 81.3860, -68.6252,  
47.8018

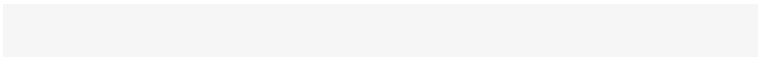
# Harmonies

## Analogous

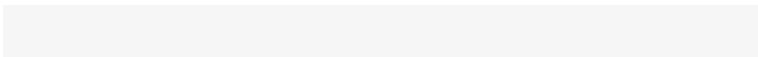
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.0012, -5.1293, 5.2170



95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158



96.0012, -5.1206, 5.2199

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.0012, -5.1246, 5.2173



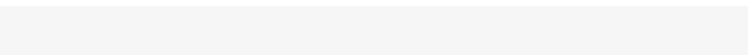
96.0012, -5.1215, 5.2322



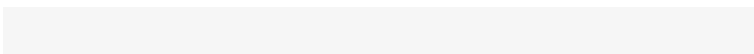
96.0012, -5.1365, 5.2273

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158



96.0003, -5.1202, 5.2145

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.0012, -5.1344, 5.2313



95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158



96.0012, -5.1257, 5.2342

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.0012, -5.1246, 5.2173



96.0012, -5.1188, 5.2284



96.0012, -5.1305, 5.2339



96.0012, -5.1362, 5.2228



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158



96.0012, -5.1190, 5.2225



96.0012, -5.1305, 5.2339



96.0012, -5.1361, 5.2288

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.0012, -5.1246, 5.2173

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



96.0016, -5.1232, 5.2179



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.0012, -5.1246, 5.2173

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



96.0012, -5.1242, 5.2164



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



59.3294, -50.7620, 35.4239

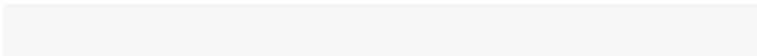


17.6011, -14.9729, 10.3224



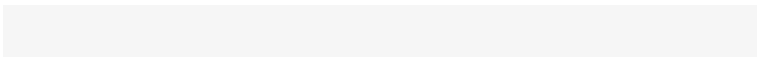
# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.0003, -5.1202, 5.2145

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



96.0003, -5.1205, 5.2154



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



36.9533, 71.9362, -43.1956



10.9735, 21.3899, -13.0438



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158.



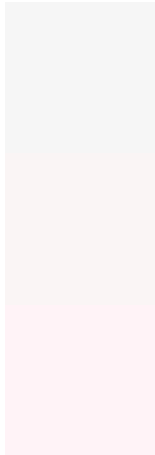
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158.

5.2158.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

### Protanopia

96.0320, -3.4479, 5.7794

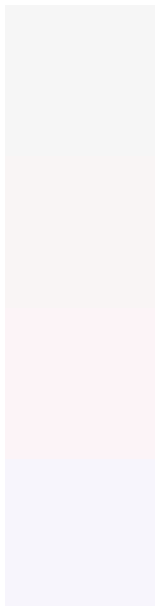
### Deuteranopia

95.9565, -0.3573, 4.7506

## **Tritanopia**

96.0724, -2.6551, 0.7667

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

## Protanomaly

95.9360, -3.7802, 5.6610

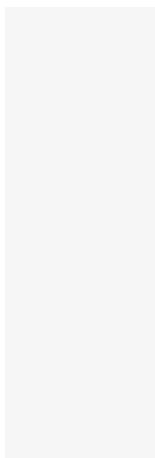
## Deuteranomaly

95.9751, -1.9008, 4.7455

## Tritanomaly

95.9725, -3.1997, 2.1870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

## Achromatopsia

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

## Achromatomaly

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 246, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 246, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 246, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 246, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 246, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246,  
246) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
246, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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