

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.1462, 1.1921,  
0.9244)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(96.1462, 1.1921, 0.9244)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(96.2191, 1.0662,  
1.0114)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF3FF
RGB	255, 243, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0470, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 98%
HSV	300°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	91.3406, 92.5812, 107.6634
YIQ	247.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 243, 255
Decimal	16774143
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.06, 6.10, -4.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 7.472, 324.660
Yxy	92.5847, 0.3133, 0.3175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964223 (0xFFFFF3FF)
YUV	247.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776
Hunter-Lab	96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114

# Details

The HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.5125, -11.3094, 9.4687, and the grayscale version is 96.8518, -5.1678, 5.2621.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 71.8496, 1.5916, 0.2142 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 88.5251, 14.9275, -8.5538, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

# Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96.2191, 1.0662,  
1.0114

96.2191, 1.0662,  
1.0114

231.6039, -4.1039,  
7.0010

83.7415, 1.4561,  
0.5168

122.8509, 0.1544,  
2.1198

71.8537, 1.8043,  
0.0608

136.9572, -0.3564,  
2.7254

60.5887, 2.1039,  
-0.3513

151.5656, -0.9022,  
3.3636

49.9830, 2.3502,  
-0.7159

166.6593, -1.4813,  
4.0331

40.0804, 2.5372,  
-1.0283

182.2232, -2.0923,  
4.7327

30.9349, 2.6568,  
-1.2824

198.2435, -2.7338,

22.6155, 2.6977,

5.4612

-1.4701

214.7076, -3.4047,  
6.2176

■ 15.2140, 2.6433,  
-1.5798

■ 8.8400, 2.5521,  
-1.6297

■ 96.2191, 1.0662,  
1.0114

■ 96.2191, 1.0662,  
1.0114

■ 88.5251, 14.9275,  
-8.5538

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 81.3522, 29.0875,  
-18.3126

■ 74.7909, 43.3856,  
-28.1544

■ 68.9431, 57.5199,  
-37.8718

■ 63.9196, 70.9942,  
-47.1256

■ 59.8275, 83.1080,  
-55.4373

■ 56.7487, 93.0405,  
-62.2474

■ 54.7096, 100.0702,  
-67.0647

■ 53.6479, 103.8896,  
-69.6813

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.2210, -1.9862, -1.4828



96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114



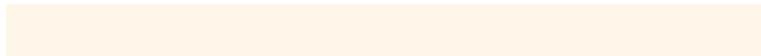
96.2210, 2.4518, 4.5704

# Triad

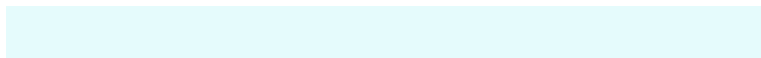
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.2210, 1.0630, 1.0136



96.2210, -4.4395, 12.0817



96.2210, -11.8688, 2.2093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114



98.5125, -11.3094, 9.4687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.2210, -12.5021, 5.8999



96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114



96.2210, -8.2523, 11.5057

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.2210, 1.0630, 1.0136



96.2210, -0.7573, 10.8841



96.2210, -11.1883, 9.2784



96.2210, -9.4442, -0.7734



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114



96.2210, 2.2335, 7.0279



96.2210, -11.1883, 9.2784



96.2210, -12.2966, 3.4121

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.2210, 1.0630, 1.0136



99.1886, -3.9822, 4.4980



95.0686, -2.8948, -0.4724



45.9077, -1.8734, 2.1025

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.2210, 1.0630, 1.0136



95.1965, 2.8409, -0.2140



96.0232, -0.0090, 3.8295



43.8048, 1.7298, -0.3858



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.2210, 1.0630, 1.0136



95.1965, 2.8409, -0.2140



98.6993, -10.2757, 6.7992



43.8048, 1.7298, -0.3858



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.2191, 1.0662,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114

### Protanopia

96.1672, -2.3278, 0.8885

### Deuteranopia

96.0538, 0.1704, 3.3645

## Tritanopia

96.2376, -0.4734, 1.0070

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114

**Protanomaly**

96.1408, -0.8056, 0.8829

**Deuteranomaly**

96.1194, 0.5263, 2.4297

**Tritanomaly**

96.3348, -0.1401, 1.1316

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114

**Achromatopsia**

96.8858, -5.1696, 5.2640

**Achromatomaly**

96.6363, -2.5910, 3.5059

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 243, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 243, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 243, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 243, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 243, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 243, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 243, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 243, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 243, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
243, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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