

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.3367, 2.5503,  
4.3844)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(96.3367, 2.5503, 4.3844)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(95.7099, 0.5285,  
3.4662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF2F9
RGB	255, 242, 249
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0510, 0.0235
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	328°, 100%, 97%
HSV	328°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	90.0911, 91.6038, 102.5556
YIQ	246.6850, 5.5010, 4.9330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 242, 249
Decimal	16773881
CIE Lab	96.66, 5.56, -1.81
CIE LCh	97, 5.843, 341.967
Yxy	91.6075, 0.3169, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963961 (0xFFFFF2F9)
YUV	246.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923
Hunter-Lab	95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662

# Details

The HunterLab color  $95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $98.5778, -10.7677, 7.1393$ , and the grayscale version is  $96.2976, -5.1382, 5.2320$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $71.3960, 1.2473, 2.1183$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $87.6124, 12.2064, -0.1396$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ .

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (98%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)


Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 95.7099, 0.5285,  
3.4662

 95.7099, 0.5285,  
3.4662


230.9212, -4.8107,  
10.2425

 83.2554, 0.9408,  
2.8672

122.2985, -0.4250,  
4.7691

 71.3919, 1.3122,  
2.3028


136.3844, -0.9557,  
5.4670

 60.1524, 1.6362,  
1.7769


150.9730, -1.5207,  
6.1947

 49.5739, 1.9082,  
1.2921

166.0476, -2.1184,  
6.9509

 39.7004, 2.1223,  
0.8520

181.5931, -2.7475,  
7.7347

 30.5865, 2.2709,  
0.4611

197.5954, -3.4066,

 22.3017, 2.3432,

8.5451

0.1254

214.0421, -4.0947,  
9.3813

■ 14.9393, 2.3230,  
-0.1464

■ 8.5864, 2.3609,  
-0.4058

■ 95.7099, 0.5285,  
3.4662

■ 95.7099, 0.5285,  
3.4662

■ 87.6124, 12.2064,  
-0.1396

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 79.9910, 24.0880,  
-3.3313

■ 72.9330, 36.0633,  
-5.9756

■ 66.5419, 47.9090,  
-7.8997

■ 60.9370, 59.2285,  
-8.8935

■ 56.2451, 69.4116,  
-8.7342

■ 52.5801, 77.6716,  
-7.2483

■ 50.0075, 83.2341,  
-4.4069

■ 48.4978, 85.6874,  
-0.4142

# Harmonies

## Analogous

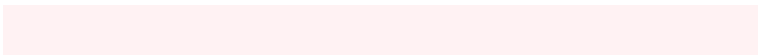
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.7118, -1.1609, 0.9706



95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662



95.7118, 0.6898, 6.3588

# Triad

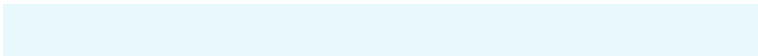
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.7118, 0.5255, 3.4676



95.7118, -6.3244, 10.5057



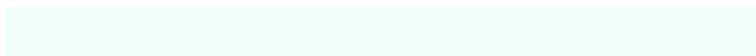
95.7118, -9.4314, 1.4057

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662



98.5778, -10.7677, 7.1393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.7118, -10.7790, 4.0465



95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662



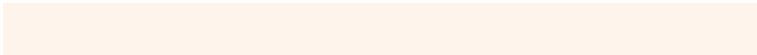
95.7118, -9.0002, 9.2637

# Square

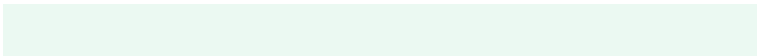
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



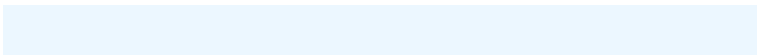
95.7118, 0.5255, 3.4676



95.7118, -3.2907, 10.3617



95.7118, -10.6221, 6.9200



95.7118, -6.9199, -0.2453



# Rectangle

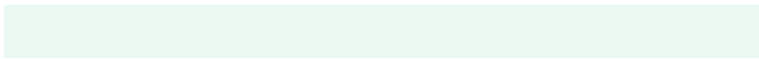
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



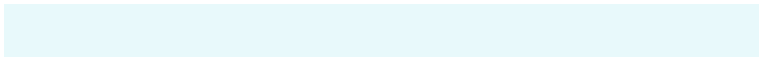
95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662



95.7118, -0.0885, 8.1151



95.7118, -10.6221, 6.9200



95.7118, -10.0341, 2.2106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.7118, 0.5255, 3.4676



98.3048, -3.0428, 4.6526



95.2142, -0.7810, -0.2554



45.5190, -1.4604, 2.1703

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

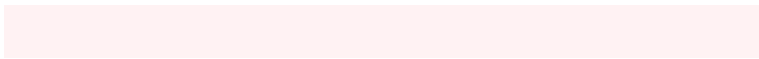
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.7118, 0.5255, 3.4676



94.9616, 1.5723, 3.1270



95.5082, -0.5792, 6.3718



43.6839, 1.0778, 1.3337



34.7669, 62.3540, 0.6474

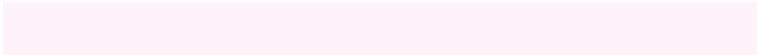


10.9498, 19.8236, -1.2325



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.7118, 0.5255, 3.4676



94.9616, 1.5723, 3.1270



98.7808, -9.6454, 4.2428



43.6839, 1.0778, 1.3337



34.7669, 62.3540, 0.6474

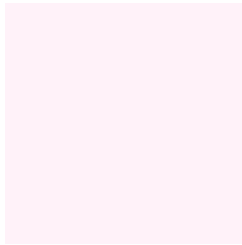


10.9498, 19.8236, -1.2325



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

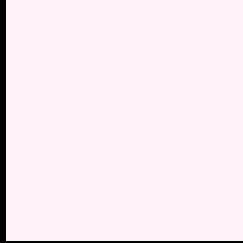
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662.



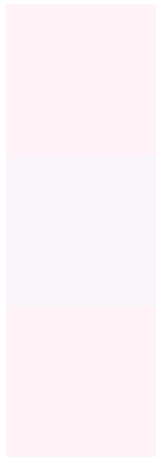
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.7099, 0.5285,

3.4652.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662

### Protanopia

95.6870, -2.6998, 2.8742

### Deuteranopia

95.6450, 0.1767, 4.3909



## Tritanopia

95.7115, 0.9315, 0.3870

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662

**Protanomaly**

95.6622, -1.1729, 2.8712

**Deuteranomaly**

95.6774, 0.3522, 3.9296

**Tritanomaly**

95.7429, 0.9047, 1.4650

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662

**Achromatopsia**

96.4423, -5.1459, 5.2399

**Achromatomaly**

96.1281, -2.9231, 4.4081

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 242, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 242, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 242, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 242, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 242, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 242, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 242, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 242, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.7099, 0.5285, 3.4662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 242, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
242, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor