

Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.4276, -18.8180,
-10.6426)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(96.4276, -18.8180,
-10.6426) contains.

HunterLab(95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(95.2606,
-22.2379, -0.5739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6FFFF
RGB	198, 255, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2235, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 89%
HSV	180°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	77.0987, 90.7458, 108.0600
YIQ	237.9570, -33.9720, -12.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 227, 255
Decimal	13041663
CIE Lab	96.31, -17.77, -5.86
CIE LCh	96, 18.709, 198.269
Yxy	90.7461, 0.2794, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291231743 (0xFFC6FFFF)
YUV	237.9570, 8.4022, -35.0423
Hunter-Lab	95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739

Details

The HunterLab color **95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81.0721, 15.8307, 11.1603**, and the grayscale version is **92.4222, -4.9314, 5.0215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **70.9260, -19.1366, -1.2918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.5776, -28.4539, -2.7788**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.2152, -15.1633, 1.9383**.

Distribution



- Red (78%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

95.2606, -22.2379,
-0.5739

95.2606, -22.2379,
-0.5739

230.3161,
-35.7008, 4.9100

82.8249, -20.7322,
-1.0043

121.8090,
-25.2243, 0.4080

70.9829, -19.2138,
-1.3912

135.8768,
-26.7131, 0.9544

59.7662, -17.6753,
-1.7309

150.4479,
-28.2021, 1.5354

49.2118, -16.1079,
-2.0192

165.5055,
-29.6929, 2.1495

39.3642, -14.4989,
-2.2508

181.0345,
-31.1870, 2.7951

30.2784, -12.8291,
-2.4188

197.0209,

22.0246, -11.0682,

-32.6858, 3.4712

-2.5140

213.4520,
-34.1901, 4.1765

■ 14.6969, -9.1628,
-2.5237

■ 8.3549, -9.7118,
-2.5612

■ 95.2606, -22.2379,
-0.5739

■ 95.2606, -22.2379,
-0.5739

■ 93.5776, -28.4539,
-2.7788

■ 97.2152, -15.1633,
1.9383

■ 92.1647, -33.7665,
-4.6613

■ 99.4386, -7.2943,
4.7362

■ 91.0172, -38.1471,
-6.2123

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 90.1260, -41.5920,
-7.4313

■ 89.4767, -44.1256,
-8.3273

■ 89.0494, -45.8045,
-8.9209

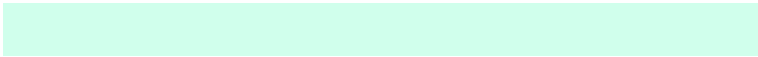
■ 88.8164, -46.7237,
-9.2458

■ 88.7356, -47.0433,
-9.3587

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2608, -22.7498, 8.7388



95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



95.2608, -17.2430, -9.0998

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2608, -22.2371, -0.5736



95.2608, 9.3035, -7.4595



95.2608, -1.2481, 21.0396

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



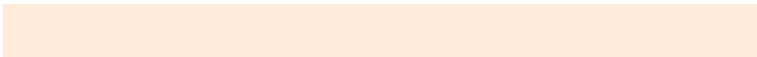
95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



81.0721, 15.8307, 11.1603

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.2608, 7.7088, 17.5520



95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



95.2608, 13.9624, 1.4894

Square

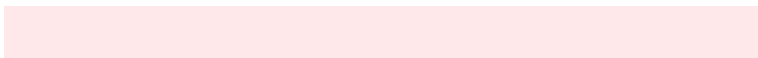
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



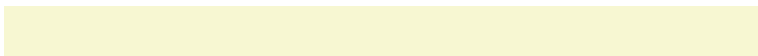
95.2608, -22.2371, -0.5736



95.2608, 0.8577, -13.3424



95.2608, 13.3673, 10.6057



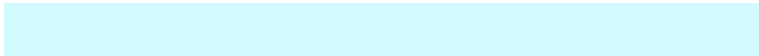
95.2608, -10.8913, 20.6069

Rectangle

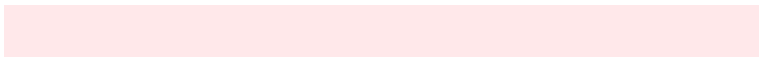
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



95.2608, -11.9272, -12.9042



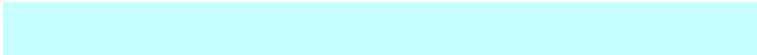
95.2608, 13.3673, 10.6057



95.2608, 1.9498, 20.3024

Sweetspot

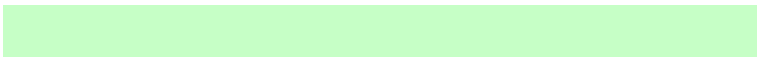
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2608, -22.2371, -0.5736



98.3719, -11.0465, 3.4017



93.5967, -31.7401, 23.2737



45.4492, -5.3305, 1.4956

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

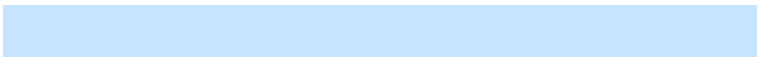
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2608, -22.2371, -0.5736



94.4446, -25.2367, -1.6379



85.9604, -7.8301, -12.4230



45.2565, -6.0147, 1.2523



64.1431, -34.0056, -6.7650



20.0150, -10.6110, -2.1109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.9876, 25.7372, -16.0048



79.7879, 32.3669, -20.5710



89.4445, 0.6622, 19.7112



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



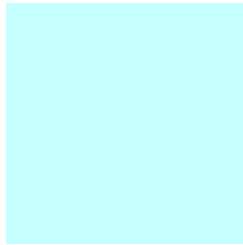
38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

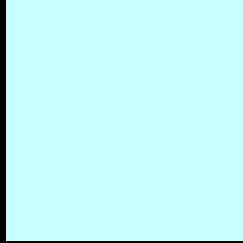
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

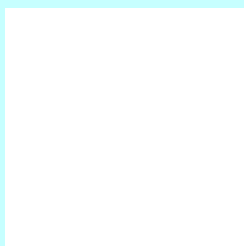
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739.



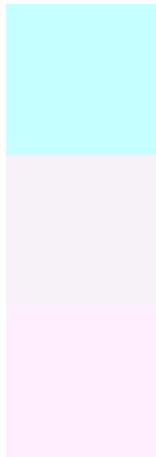
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2606,

-22.2379,-0.5739.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739

Protanopia

94.8977, -2.3263, 2.9502

Deuteranopia

94.9467, 3.0357, 0.0062



Tritanopia

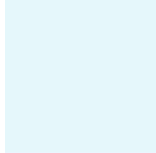
95.0787, -9.3929, -0.5737

Trichromacy



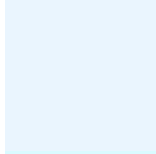
Original Color

95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



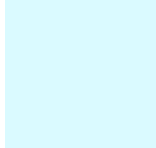
Protanomaly

94.9445, -10.1345, 1.3336



Deuteranomaly

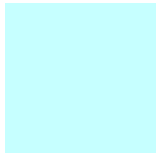
94.8436, -6.9932, -0.2966



Tritanomaly

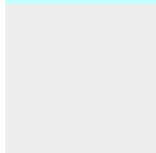
95.1297, -14.2101, -0.5950

Monochromacy



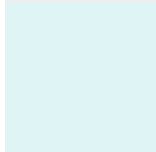
Original Color

95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739



Achromatopsia

92.4658, -4.9337, 5.0238



Achromatomaly

93.2314, -11.6894, 2.8150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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