

Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.5158, -18.9040,
14.8954)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(96.5158, -18.9040,
14.8954) contains.

HunterLab(96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(96.6136,
-19.1142, 15.0429)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3FFE2
RGB	227, 255, 226
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0000, 0.1137
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	118°, 100%, 94%
HSV	118°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	81.1660, 93.3419, 85.6904
YIQ	243.3220, -7.3790, -14.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

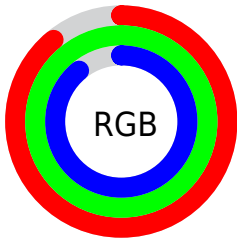
Format	Color
RYB	226, 255, 254
Decimal	14942178
CIELab	97.37, -14.28, 10.81
CIELCh	97, 17.907, 142.881
Yxy	93.3422, 0.3119, 0.3587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293132258 (0xFFE3FFE2)
YUV	243.3220, -8.5397, -14.3144
Hunter-Lab	96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429

Details

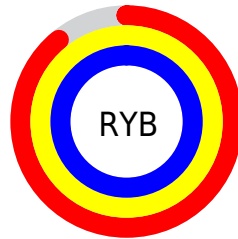
The HunterLab color $96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $90.9311, 9.9264, -5.4822$, and the grayscale version is $94.8531, -5.0611, 5.1535$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $72.1016, -16.4080, 12.4593$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $93.9805, -30.1750, 22.7144$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.5700, -7.0591, 6.6378$.

Distribution



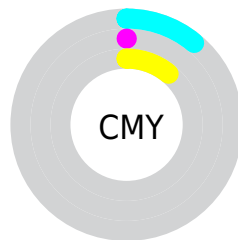
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

96.6136, -19.1142,
15.0429

96.6136, -19.1142,
15.0429

232.1302,
-31.3318, 26.0681

84.1166, -17.7784,
13.8697

123.2771,
-21.7855, 17.4114

72.2102, -16.4397,
12.7024

137.3991,
-23.1269, 18.6110

60.9255, -15.0929,
11.5371

152.0226,
-24.4741, 19.8220

50.2989, -13.7318,
10.3691

167.1309,
-25.8283, 21.0452

40.3739, -12.3473,
9.1919

182.7091,
-27.1905, 22.2810

31.2043, -10.9260,
7.9951

198.7432,

22.8582, -9.4464,

-28.5614, 23.5299

6.7622

215.2208,
-29.9416, 24.7922

■ 15.4268, -7.8710,
5.4637

■ 9.0305, -7.3722,
5.4518

■ 96.6136, -19.1142,
15.0429

■ 96.6136, -19.1142,
15.0429

■ 93.9805, -30.1750,
22.7144

■ 99.5700, -7.0591,
6.6378

■ 91.6798, -40.1094,
29.5610

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 89.7172, -48.7955,
35.4993

■ 88.0935, -56.1368,
40.4657

■ 86.8034, -62.0726,
44.4233

■ 85.8342, -66.5895,
47.3706

■ 85.1656, -69.7304,
49.3485

■ 84.7670, -71.6053,
50.4485

■ 84.6030, -72.3748,
50.8649

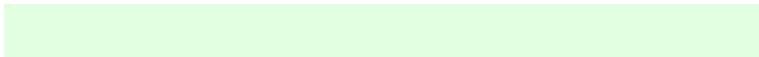
Harmonies

Analogous

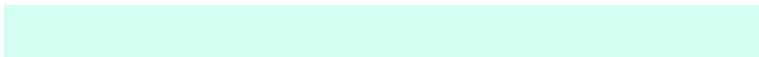
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.6138, -12.0675, 19.7566



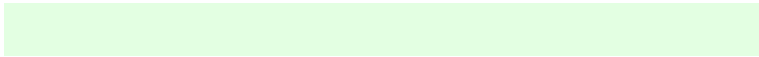
96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429



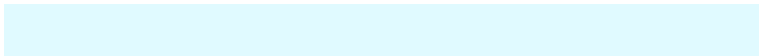
96.6138, -22.3991, 7.3593

Triad

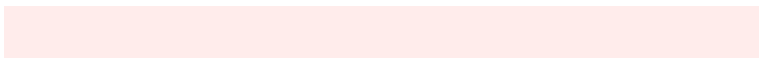
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.6138, -19.1134, 15.0422



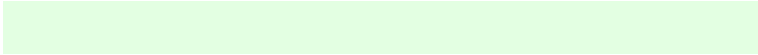
96.6138, -7.3833, -13.3441



96.6138, 12.0087, 11.6896

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429



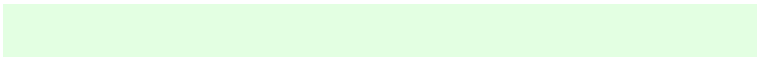
90.9311, 9.9264, -5.4822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.6138, 13.3790, 3.1104



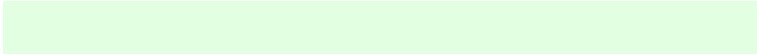
96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429



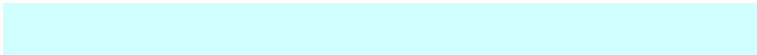
96.6138, 1.9467, -11.9047

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.6138, -19.1134, 15.0422



96.6138, -15.7961, -9.4327



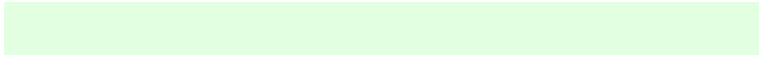
96.6138, 9.6327, -5.6682



96.6138, 5.9566, 17.9536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429



96.6138, -22.1068, 1.3589



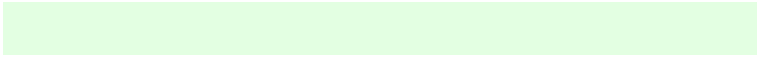
96.6138, 9.6327, -5.6682



96.6138, 13.0414, 9.0029

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.6138, -19.1134, 15.0422



99.0671, -9.0837, 8.0521



98.6658, -9.3600, 17.3958



45.7198, -4.6599, 4.0446

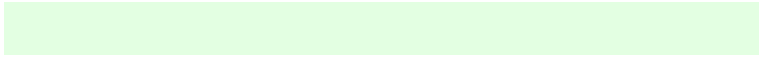
0.0000, NaN, NaN



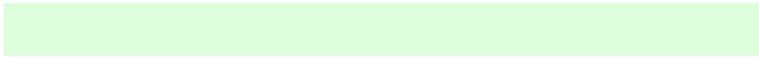
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

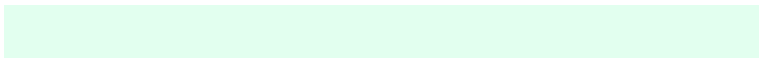
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.6138, -19.1134, 15.0422



95.8900, -22.1225, 17.1335



96.9144, -17.2584, 9.4334



44.9422, -7.8344, 6.2576



61.1664, -52.2714, 36.7753



19.1124, -16.1982, 11.4934

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.9311, 9.9264, -5.4822



88.9197, 13.5137, -8.0542



90.5879, 7.8896, 1.0022



42.7394, 3.4193, -1.6959



37.4758, 74.2449, -53.8177



11.7348, 23.2263, -16.6815

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

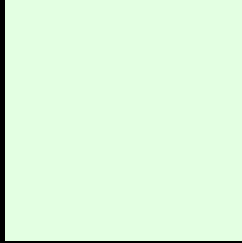
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

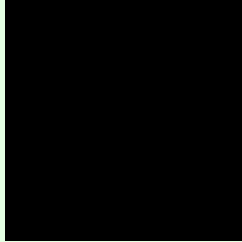
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

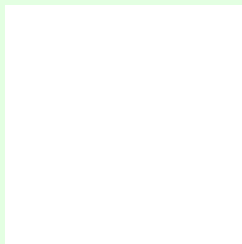
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429.



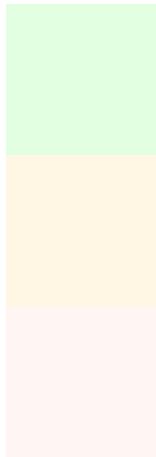
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.6136,

-19.1142,15.0429.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429

Protanopia

96.3187, -5.1048, 14.0804

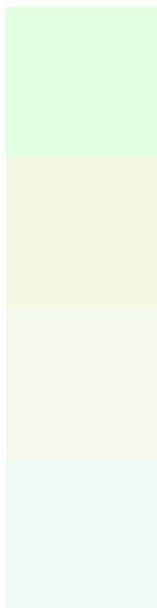
Deuteranopia

96.4551, -2.1126, 7.2762

Tritanopia

96.6486, -5.5377, 1.4194

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429

Protanomaly

96.2860, -10.1870, 14.4028

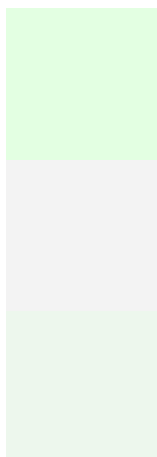
Deuteranomaly

96.5807, -8.5596, 10.1773

Tritanomaly

96.7112, -10.9731, 6.9301

Monochromacy



Original Color

96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429

Achromatopsia

94.6715, -5.0514, 5.1437

Achromatomaly

95.2053, -10.1082, 8.5921

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 255, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 255, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 255, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 255, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 255, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 255, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 255, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 255, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.6136, -19.1142, 15.0429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 255, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
255, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor