

Converting Colors

HunterLab(96.6153, -4.0499,
1.4049)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(96.6153, -4.0499, 1.4049)
contains.

HunterLab(96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(96.6097, -4.0417,
1.3983)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6F7FF
RGB	246, 247, 255
RGB Percent	96%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0313, 0.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	233°, 100%, 98%
HSV	233°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	89.3168, 93.3343, 107.9156
YIQ	247.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 247, 255
Decimal	16185343
CIE Lab	97.36, 1.11, -3.95
CIE LCh	97, 4.102, 285.648
Yxy	93.3382, 0.3074, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294375423 (0xFF6F7FF)
YUV	247.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146
Hunter-Lab	96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983

Details

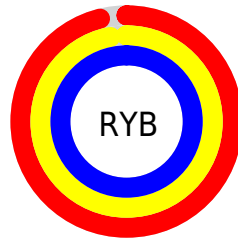
The HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99.3957, -6.3618, 9.1264, and the grayscale version is 96.7012, -5.1597, 5.2540.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 72.3090, -2.9665, 0.6977 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 87.1862, -0.1155, -10.6152, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

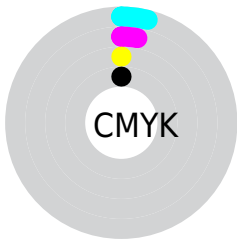
Distribution



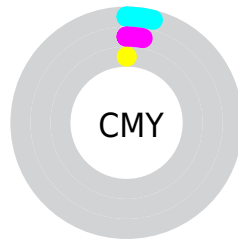
- Red (96%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

96.6097, -4.0417,
1.3983

96.6097, -4.0417,
1.3983

232.1274,
-10.9050, 7.5136

84.1146, -3.4268,
0.8874

123.2748, -5.3742,
2.5381

72.2083, -2.8435,
0.4141

137.3967, -6.0841,
3.1584

60.9237, -2.2962,
-0.0162

152.0201, -6.8223,
3.8108

50.2972, -1.7876,
-0.4000

167.1284, -7.5878,
4.4942

40.3723, -1.3205,
-0.7328

182.7065, -8.3796,
5.2072

31.2028, -0.8990,
-1.0088

198.7406, -9.1969,

22.8569, -0.5281,

5.9487

-1.2202

215.2181,
-10.0389, 6.7178

■ 15.4257, -0.2152,
-1.3557

■ 9.0295, 0.0517,
-1.4142

■ 96.6097, -4.0417,
1.3983

■ 96.6097, -4.0417,
1.3983

■ 87.1862, -0.1155,
-10.6152

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 78.0520, 4.2969,
-23.6956

■ 69.2587, 9.3335,
-38.1502

■ 60.8742, 15.1759,
-54.3697

■ 52.9936, 22.0464,
-72.8081

■ 45.7528, 30.1757,
-93.8789

■ 39.3450, 39.6838,
-117.6277

■ 34.0320, 50.2738,
-142.9734

■ 30.1176, 60.7347,
-166.6244

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.6117, -6.1812, 1.3768



96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983



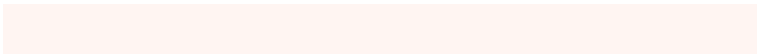
96.6117, -2.1907, 2.4733

Triad

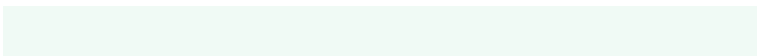
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.6117, -4.0442, 1.4007



96.6117, -2.2575, 8.0248



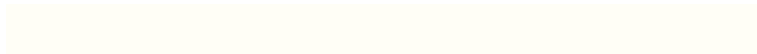
96.6117, -9.1268, 6.2271

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983



99.3957, -6.3618, 9.1264

Split Complementary

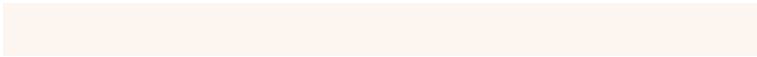
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.6117, -8.0942, 7.9638



96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983



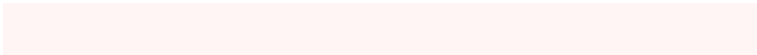
96.6117, -4.1348, 8.9862

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



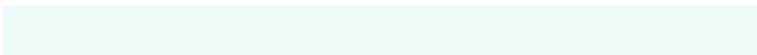
96.6117, -4.0442, 1.4007



96.6117, -1.1530, 6.3120



96.6117, -6.2710, 8.9641



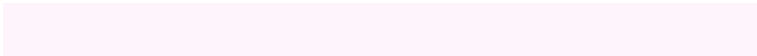
96.6117, -9.1030, 4.1936

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



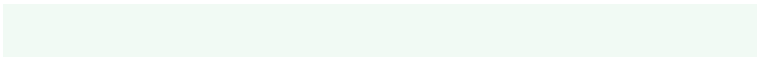
96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983



96.6117, -1.3707, 3.6256



96.6117, -6.2710, 8.9641



96.6117, -8.8921, 6.8640

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.6117, -4.0442, 1.4007



99.0367, -4.9743, 4.3003



99.1291, -8.4468, 4.8777



45.8410, -2.3096, 2.0156

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.6117, -4.0442, 1.4007



96.1616, -3.8682, 0.8546



96.6206, -2.3843, 1.4405



44.1569, -1.6589, -0.0097



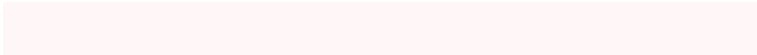
20.7883, 46.9614, -127.3597



7.2232, 11.9608, -34.8483

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.8960, -1.9559, 5.8258



96.4852, -1.5013, 5.8806



99.3909, -8.0305, 9.0918



44.3359, -0.3582, 2.7617



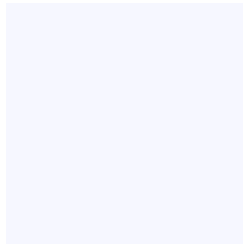
33.4129, 57.3865, 20.3050



10.4748, 18.0872, 5.6149

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

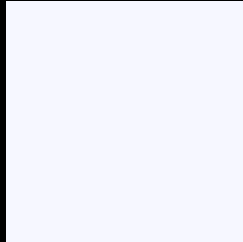
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

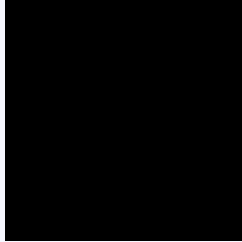
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983.



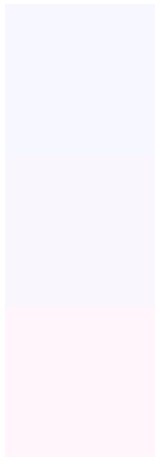
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983.

1.3933.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983

Protanopia

96.6392, -2.3838, 1.9797

Deuteranopia

96.7108, -0.7216, 3.6277

Tritanopia

96.7035, -3.7166, 1.5181

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983

Protanomaly

96.5438, -2.7130, 1.8583

Deuteranomaly

96.7653, -2.0807, 3.1612

Tritanomaly

96.7035, -3.7166, 1.5181

Monochromacy



Original Color

96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983

Achromatopsia

96.8858, -5.1696, 5.2640

Achromatomaly

96.8886, -4.9661, 3.7656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 247, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 247, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 247, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 247, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 247, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 247, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 247, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 247, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 247, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 247,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 247, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
247, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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