

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.1438, -6.1597,  
3.7071)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(97.1438, -6.1597, 3.7071)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(97.0526, -5.9639,  
3.4373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5F9FC
RGB	245, 249, 252
RGB Percent	96%, 98%, 99%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0235, 0.0118
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	206°, 54%, 97%
HSV	206°, 3%, 99%
XYZ	89.1025, 94.1921, 105.5801
YIQ	248.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

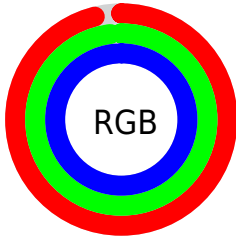
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">245, 248, 252</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16120316</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">97.71, -0.78, -1.90</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">98, 2.057, 247.798</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">94.1961, 0.3084, 0.3261</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294310396</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF5F9FC</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">248.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373</a>

# Details

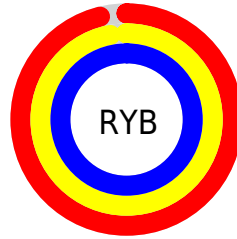
The HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97.1709, -4.3656, 7.0894, and the grayscale version is 96.9453, -5.1728, 5.2672.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 72.7316, -4.7982, 2.6449 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 91.3731, -8.1825, -3.5992, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9041, -5.8611, 6.8012.

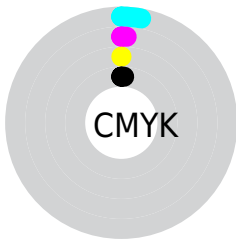
# Distribution



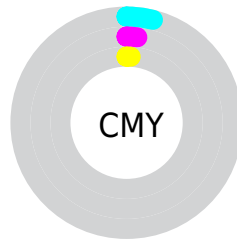
- Red (96%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97.0526, -5.9639,  
3.4373

97.0526, -5.9639,  
3.4373

232.7205,  
-13.4776, 10.2099

84.5376, -5.2622,  
2.8388

123.7552, -7.4584,  
4.7395

72.6103, -4.5881,  
2.2748

137.8948, -8.2448,  
5.4371

61.3037, -3.9451,  
1.7492

152.5353, -9.0570,  
6.1643

50.6537, -3.3348,  
1.2647

167.6601, -9.8940,  
6.9201

40.7037, -2.7589,  
0.8248

183.2541,  
-10.7552, 7.7034

31.5070, -2.2195,  
0.4339

199.3038,

23.1312, -1.7193,

-11.6400, 8.5133

0.0979

215.7964,  
-12.5476, 9.3491

■ 15.6664, -1.2611,  
-0.1746

■ 9.2393, -0.8601,  
-0.3733

■ 97.0526, -5.9639,  
3.4373

■ 97.0526, -5.9639,  
3.4373

■ 91.3731, -8.1825,  
-3.5992

99.9041, -5.8611,  
6.8012

■ 85.8800, -9.8638,  
-10.8359

■ 80.5933, -10.9355,  
-18.2830

■ 75.5333, -11.3147,  
-25.9465

■ 70.7217, -10.9123,  
-33.8227

■ 66.1817, -9.6379,  
-41.8944

■ 61.9362, -7.4092,  
-50.1269

■ 58.0054, -4.1686,  
-58.4669

■ 54.4009, 0.0909,  
-66.8506

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.0547, -6.8168, 4.0662



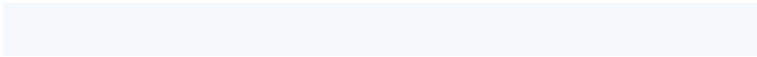
97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373



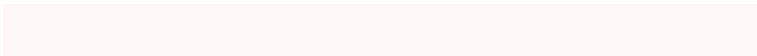
97.0547, -4.9023, 3.3083

# Triad

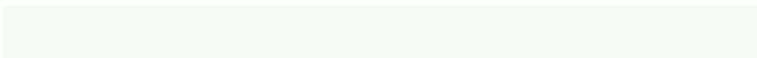
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.0547, -5.9661, 3.4389



97.0547, -3.1209, 5.5502



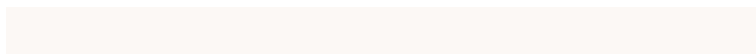
97.0547, -6.4514, 6.8287

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373



97.1709, -4.3656, 7.0894

# Split Complementary

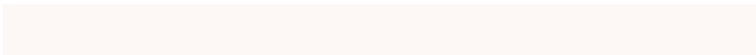
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.0547, -5.4650, 7.2170



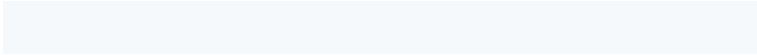
97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373



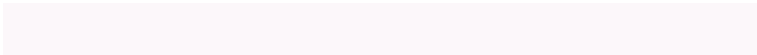
97.0547, -3.5399, 6.4841

# Square

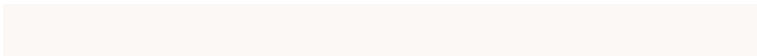
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.0547, -5.9661, 3.4389



97.0547, -3.2565, 4.5346



97.0547, -4.3990, 7.0915



97.0547, -7.0962, 6.0253

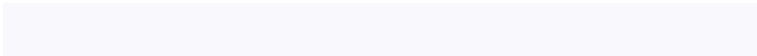


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373



97.0547, -4.2149, 3.5218



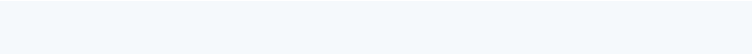
97.0547, -4.3990, 7.0915



97.0547, -6.1489, 7.0117

# Sweetspot

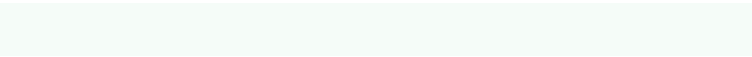
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.0547, -5.9661, 3.4389



99.4109, -5.5961, 4.7332



97.8810, -8.2611, 6.4159



46.0055, -2.5831, 2.2059

0.0000, NaN, NaN

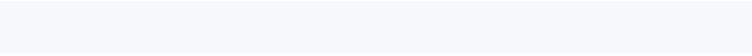


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

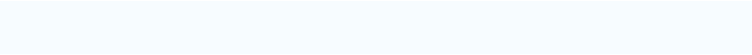


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.0547, -5.9661, 3.4389



98.2378, -6.1027, 3.3277



95.9690, -4.1612, 2.1651



44.2584, -2.8511, 1.2527



37.9118, 1.9658, -51.6301

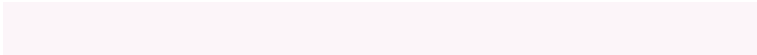


12.4159, -0.8968, -13.5828



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.3543, -2.0802, 4.1861



97.4714, -1.8472, 4.1476



98.2571, -6.1698, 8.3098



43.8212, -0.4165, 1.7253



34.4411, 62.1211, -2.0834

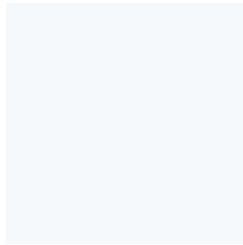


10.5823, 19.2696, -2.0538



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

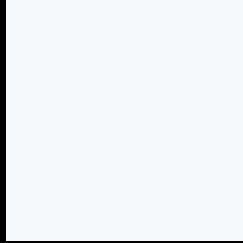
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

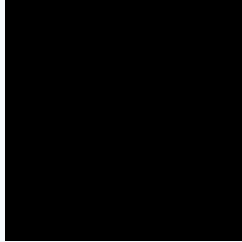
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

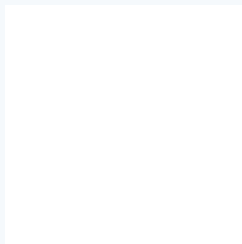
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373.



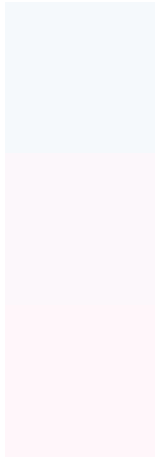
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.0526, -5.9639,

3.4373.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373

### Protanopia

97.0474, -2.7904, 3.9929

### Deuteranopia

96.9916, -1.4318, 4.4541

## **Tritanopia**

97.1140, -3.9210, 2.0127

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373

**Protanomaly**

97.0771, -4.3115, 4.0016

**Deuteranomaly**

96.9514, -3.1220, 3.8728

**Tritanomaly**

96.9870, -4.4277, 2.3645

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373

**Achromatopsia**

96.8858, -5.1696, 5.2640

**Achromatomaly**

96.8238, -5.3210, 4.6889

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 249, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 249, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 249, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 249, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 249, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 249, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 249, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 249, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 249, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 249,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.0526, -5.9639, 3.4373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 249, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
249, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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