

Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.3948, -16.8420,
20.1603)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(97.3948, -16.8420,
20.1603) contains.

HunterLab(97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(97.3800,
-16.8967, 20.1547)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFFFD8
RGB	239, 255, 216
RGB Percent	94%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.0627, 0.0000, 0.1529
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	85°, 100%, 92%
HSV	85°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	83.7513, 94.8286, 78.8555
YIQ	245.7700, 2.9830, -15.5210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

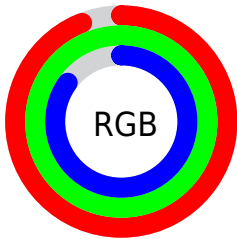
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 255, 232
Decimal	15728600
CIE Lab	97.97, -11.88, 16.88
CIE LCh	98, 20.642, 125.120
Yxy	94.8289, 0.3253, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918680 (0xFFEFFFFD8)
YUV	245.7700, -14.6766, -5.9373
Hunter-Lab	97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547

Details

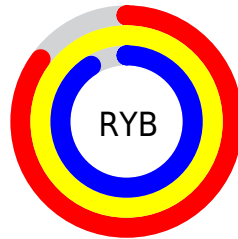
The HunterLab color $97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $85.7256, 7.9907, -12.4694$, and the grayscale version is $95.9594, -5.1202, 5.2137$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $72.8208, -14.2988, 17.1684$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $95.8343, -23.7771, 28.3193$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.0585, -9.4737, 10.8282$.

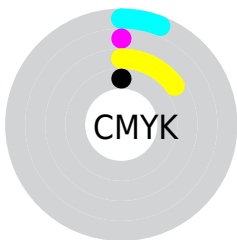
Distribution



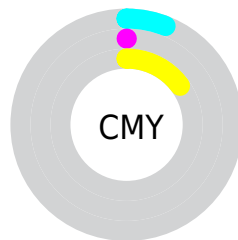
- Red (94%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

97.3800, -16.8967,
20.1547

97.3800, -16.8967,
20.1547

233.1560,
-28.2673, 33.3475

84.8484, -15.6757,
18.6850

124.1081,
-19.3545, 23.0730

72.9058, -14.4582,
17.2036

138.2606,
-20.5958, 24.5296

61.5830, -13.2403,
15.7032

152.9136,
-21.8467, 25.9874

50.9158, -12.0174,
14.1750

168.0505,
-23.1079, 27.4482

40.9474, -10.7827,
12.6061

183.6563,
-24.3801, 28.9136

31.7308, -9.5263,
10.9777

199.7174,

23.3332, -8.2319,

-25.6639, 30.3846

9.2602

216.2211,
-26.9595, 31.8623

■ 15.8439, -6.8713,
7.4039

■ 9.3903, -6.0123,
6.5732

■ 97.3800, -16.8967,
20.1547

■ 97.3800, -16.8967,
20.1547

■ 95.8343, -23.7771,
28.3193

■ 99.0585, -9.4737,
10.8282

■ 94.4215, -30.0913,
35.3020

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 93.1414, -35.8190,
41.0948

■ 91.9925, -40.9474,
45.7078

■ 90.9721, -45.4734,
49.1720

■ 90.0756, -49.4047,
51.5437

■ 89.2967, -52.7638,
52.9107

■ 88.6261, -55.5931,
53.4050

■ 88.3406, -56.7819,
53.4410

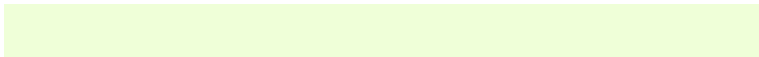
Harmonies

Analogous

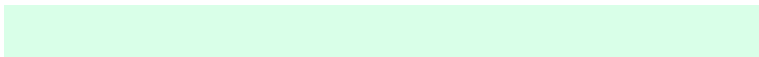
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.3801, -7.0530, 23.0418



97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547



97.3801, -23.3850, 13.2733

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.3801, -16.8960, 20.1540



97.3801, -13.8098, -14.4410



97.3801, 16.4240, 7.0524

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547



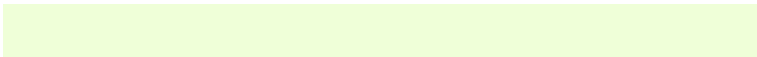
85.7256, 7.9907, -12.4694

Split Complementary

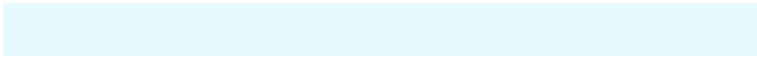
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3801, 14.4232, -3.4089



97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547



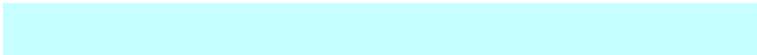
97.3801, -3.3354, -16.5702

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



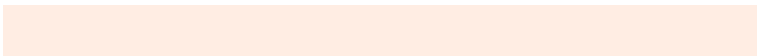
97.3801, -16.8960, 20.1540



97.3801, -21.6585, -6.8004



97.3801, 7.0730, -12.3378



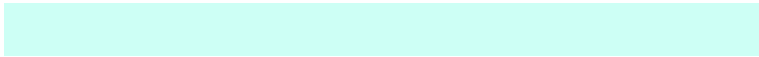
97.3801, 12.4273, 16.0240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547



97.3801, -25.0969, 6.9711



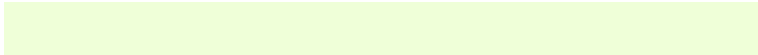
97.3801, 7.0730, -12.3378



97.3801, 16.4323, 3.6001

Sweetspot

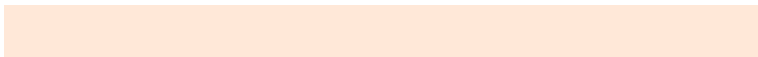
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.3801, -16.8960, 20.1540



99.1097, -9.2481, 10.5375



91.4915, 0.6122, 14.2861



45.7960, -4.5283, 5.1966

0.0000, NaN, NaN



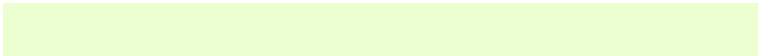
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

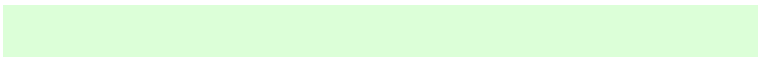
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.3801, -16.8960, 20.1540



96.9486, -18.8131, 22.4798



95.7488, -22.8189, 18.3712



45.4945, -5.8587, 6.8911



63.9277, -40.7603, 38.6784



20.1075, -12.0728, 12.1788

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.7256, 7.9907, -12.4694



83.2782, 10.4065, -15.8582



87.6702, 14.4000, -9.7076



42.1208, 1.3351, -2.5262



23.2633, 56.0556, -110.6751



7.6744, 17.9289, -32.1430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

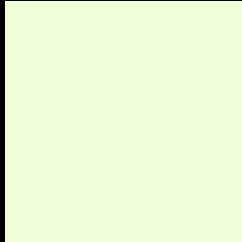
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

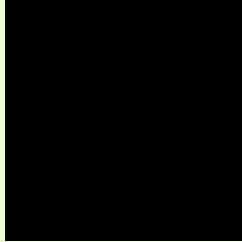
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

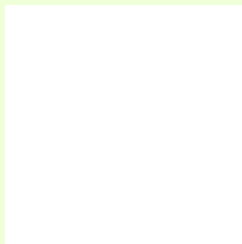
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547.



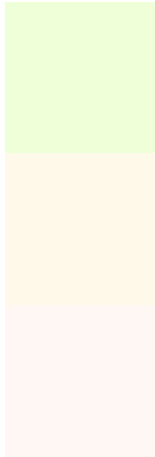
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.3800,

-16.8967,20.1547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547

Protanopia

97.4138, -5.8824, 13.0024

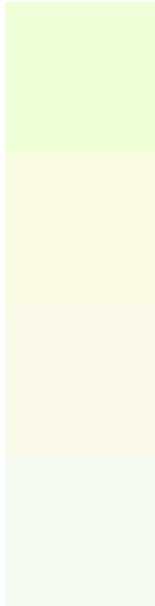
Deuteranopia

97.1150, -3.0033, 7.5366

Tritanopia

97.4309, -4.4508, 2.3865

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547

Protanomaly

97.3037, -9.8959, 15.5030

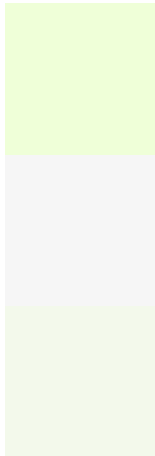
Deuteranomaly

97.1861, -8.2571, 12.2524

Tritanomaly

97.3436, -8.9286, 9.1393

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547

Achromatopsia

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

Achromatomaly

96.3349, -9.5449, 10.8208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 255, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 255, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 255, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 255, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 255, 216) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 255, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 255, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 255, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 255, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 255,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.3800, -16.8967, 20.1547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 255, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
255, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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