

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.4123, -2.1688,  
4.9898)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(97.4123, -2.1688, 4.9898)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(97.3055, -1.9647,  
4.8166)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF7FA
RGB	255, 247, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0313, 0.0196
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 98%
HSV	338°, 3%, 100%
XYZ	91.7560, 94.6836, 103.8821
YIQ	249.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 247, 250
Decimal	16775162
CIE Lab	97.91, 3.18, -0.50
CIE LCh	98, 3.220, 351.109
Yxy	94.6874, 0.3160, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965242 (0xFFFFF7FA)
YUV	249.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183
Hunter-Lab	97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

# Details

The HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99.1584, -8.4690, 5.8836, and the grayscale version is 97.6556, -5.2107, 5.3058.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 72.9126, -1.1332, 3.4054 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 88.9856, 8.9427, 3.0951, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (98%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)


Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 97.3055, -1.9647,  
4.8166

 97.3055, -1.9647,  
4.8166


233.0587, -8.1391,  
12.0462

 84.7790, -1.4416,  
4.1574


124.0293, -3.1262,  
6.2324

 72.8398, -0.9539,  
3.5300


138.1789, -3.7550,  
6.9837

 61.5206, -0.5075,  
2.9375


152.8291, -4.4149,  
7.7628

 50.8572, -0.1057,  
2.3822

167.9633, -5.1045,  
8.5689

 40.8930, 0.2473,  
1.8666

183.5665, -5.8227,  
9.4010

 31.6808, 0.5457,  
1.3942

199.6250, -6.5685,

 23.2880, 0.7821,

10.2584

0.9692

216.1263, -7.3409,  
11.1404

■ 15.8042, 0.9450,  
0.5975

■ 9.3568, 1.0168,  
0.2877

■ 97.3055, -1.9647,  
4.8166

■ 97.3055, -1.9647,  
4.8166

■ 88.9856, 8.9427,  
3.0951

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 81.1236, 20.0913,  
1.8052

■ 73.8050, 31.4089,  
1.0559

■ 67.1322, 42.7277,  
0.9761

■ 61.2269, 53.7225,  
1.7061

■ 56.2235, 63.8556,  
3.3680

■ 52.2514, 72.3786,  
6.0111

■ 49.4009, 78.4766,  
9.5411

■ 47.6738, 81.6008,  
13.6753

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.3075, -2.6564, 3.3369



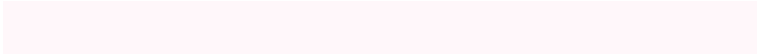
97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166



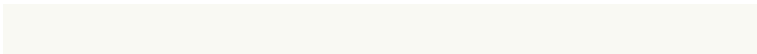
97.3075, -2.1488, 6.4029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.3075, -1.9676, 4.8180



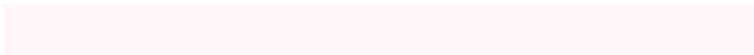
97.3075, -6.3642, 8.1351



97.3075, -7.2280, 2.8611

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166



99.1584, -8.4690, 5.8836

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3075, -8.2087, 4.1774



97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166



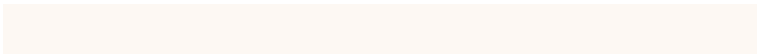
97.3075, -7.7124, 7.2166

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



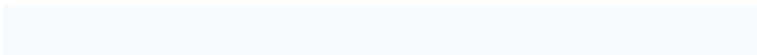
97.3075, -1.9676, 4.8180



97.3075, -4.6948, 8.3000



97.3075, -8.3854, 5.7730



97.3075, -5.6987, 2.1945



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



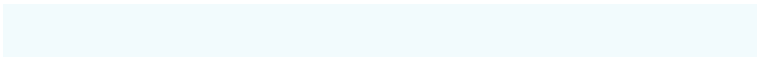
97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166



97.3075, -2.7381, 7.3063



97.3075, -8.3854, 5.7730



97.3075, -7.6323, 3.2433

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.3075, -1.9676, 4.8180



99.1370, -4.2641, 5.2334



97.1744, -2.0994, 2.1177



45.8851, -1.9973, 2.4258

0.0000, NaN, NaN

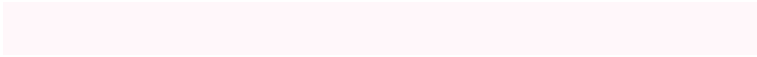


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

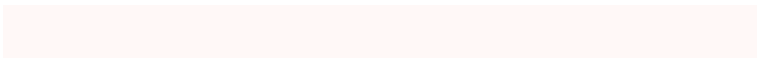
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.3075, -1.9676, 4.8180



96.5712, -1.0338, 4.6541



97.5053, -2.9853, 6.5196



44.3831, -0.1019, 2.0883



34.0182, 59.6199, 11.4186



10.7103, 18.9532, 2.1810



# Inverse Universe

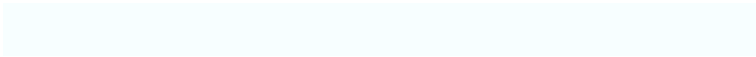
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.3075, -1.9676, 4.8180



96.5712, -1.0338, 4.6541



98.9554, -7.4472, 4.1604



44.3831, -0.1019, 2.0883



34.0182, 59.6199, 11.4186

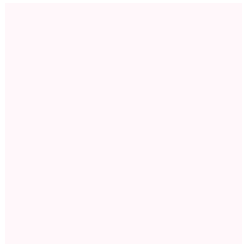


10.7103, 18.9532, 2.1810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

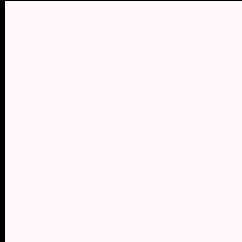
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

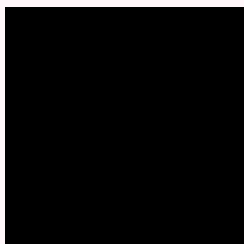
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

### Protanopia

97.4267, -3.1654, 4.9388

### Deuteranopia

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

## **Tritanopia**

97.1787, -2.0749, 2.1233

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

**Protanomaly**

97.5232, -2.8318, 5.0586

**Deuteranomaly**

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

**Tritanomaly**

97.2091, -2.1021, 3.1838

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166



**Achromatopsia**

97.7739, -5.2170, 5.3122

**Achromatomaly**

97.6468, -4.0280, 5.1833

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 247, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 247, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 247, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 247, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 247, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 247, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 247, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 247, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 247, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
247, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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