

Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.4845, -14.6599,
5.8435)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(97.4845, -14.6599,
5.8435) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(97.5296,
-14.4931, 5.8563)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | E6FFF8 |
| RGB | 230, 255, 248 |
| RGB Percent | 90%, 100%, 97% |
| CMY | 0.0980, 0.0000, 0.0274 |
| CMYK | 0.10, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00 |
| HSL | 163°, 100%, 95% |
| HSV | 163°, 10%, 100% |
| XYZ | 85.3363, 95.1202, 102.6691 |
| YIQ | 246.7270, -12.6530, -7.4770 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

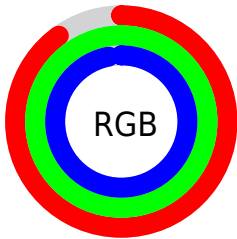
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 230, 245, 255 |
| Decimal | 15138808 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 98.08, -9.37, 0.57 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 98, 9.391, 176.513 |
| Yxy | 95.1207, 0.3014, 0.3360 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293328888 (0xFFE6FFF8) |
| YUV | 246.7270, 0.6276, -14.6696 |
| Hunter-Lab | 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 |

Details

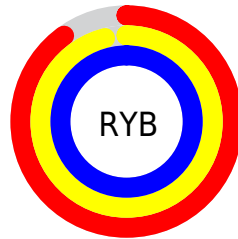
The HunterLab color **97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **91.6347, 4.8714, 4.7098**, and the grayscale version is **96.3229, -5.1395, 5.2334**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **72.9333, -12.2018, 4.1871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.2739, -23.1101, 6.5814**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**.

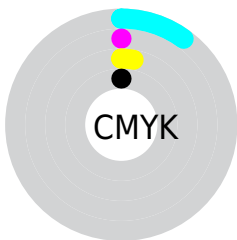
Distribution



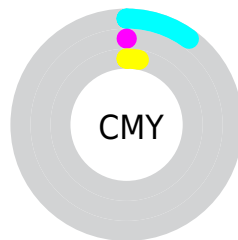
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97.5296, -14.4931,
5.8563

 97.5296, -14.4931,
5.8563


233.3562,
-24.9852, 13.4346

 84.9914, -13.3900,
5.1485


124.2704,
-16.7302, 7.3575

 73.0418, -12.2971,
4.4722


138.4289,
-17.8678, 8.1500

 61.7115, -11.2112,
3.8282


153.0876,
-19.0188, 8.9690

 51.0364, -10.1293,
3.2181

168.2301,
-20.1836, 9.8137

 41.0596, -9.0469,
2.6439

183.8413,
-21.3624, 10.6832

 31.8339, -7.9568,
2.1081

199.9076,

 23.4262, -6.8477,

-22.5555, 11.5770

1.6135

216.4164,
-23.7631, 12.4943

■ 15.9256, -5.6995,
1.1638

■ 9.4590, -4.8237,
0.7654

■ 97.5296, -14.4931,
5.8563

■ 97.5296, -14.4931,
5.8563

■ 95.2739, -23.1101,
6.5814

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 93.2891, -30.9200,
7.6025

■ 91.5775, -37.8534,
8.9104

■ 90.1373, -43.8577,
10.4889

■ 88.9625, -48.9022,
12.3144

■ 88.0419, -52.9839,
14.3559

■ 87.3587, -56.1335,
16.5751

■ 86.8887, -58.4219,
18.9265

■ 86.5873, -60.0134,
21.3460

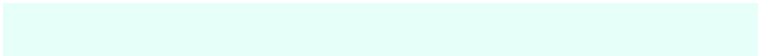
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5298, -12.9902, 10.1545



97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563



97.5298, -13.5479, 1.1968

Triad

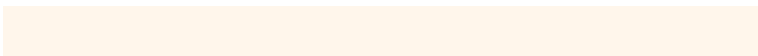
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.5298, -14.4922, 5.8557



97.5298, -0.9412, -3.1104



97.5298, 0.0766, 12.5343

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



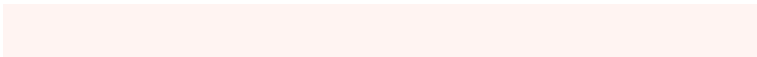
97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563



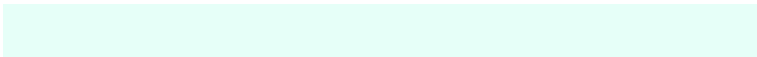
91.6347, 4.8714, 4.7098

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5298, 3.4195, 9.2492



97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563



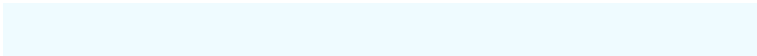
97.5298, 2.8237, 0.2010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.5298, -14.4922, 5.8557



97.5298, -5.7851, -4.1281



97.5298, 4.4346, 4.7587



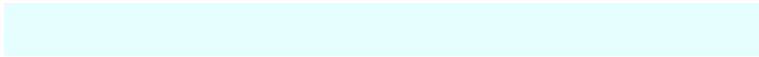
97.5298, -4.6319, 13.8879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563



97.5298, -11.6477, -1.4632



97.5298, 4.4346, 4.7587



97.5298, 1.4009, 11.6276

Sweetspot

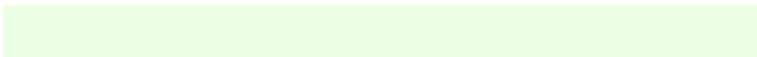
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.5298, -14.4922, 5.8557



99.2173, -8.2076, 5.5322



97.5973, -15.3415, 14.3907



45.8075, -4.1476, 2.5738

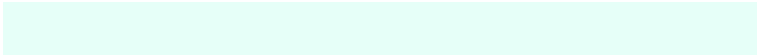
0.0000, NaN, NaN



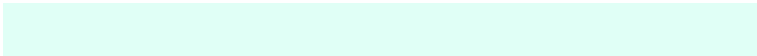
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

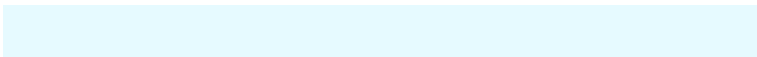
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.5298, -14.4922, 5.8557



97.0112, -16.4507, 5.9896



95.9980, -10.4294, 0.5395



45.1549, -6.5803, 2.7012



62.6077, -43.2708, 15.1551



19.5835, -13.2109, 4.0409

Inverse Universe

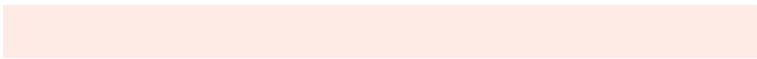
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.6347, 4.8714, 4.7098



89.8153, 7.1951, 4.5961



93.0751, 0.8061, 9.6770



42.5096, 2.1080, 2.1868



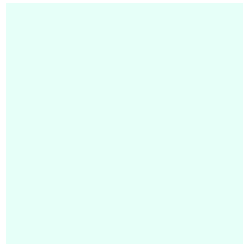
33.7207, 58.5248, 15.7655



10.6057, 18.5696, 3.6976

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

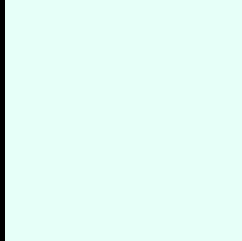
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

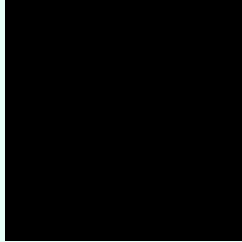
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

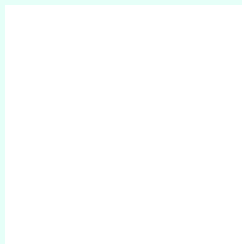
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5296,

-14.4931 5.8563.

Color Blindness Simulation

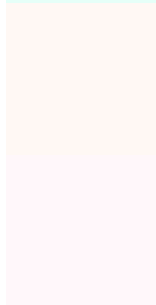
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563



Protanopia

97.4302, -3.5334, 7.8906

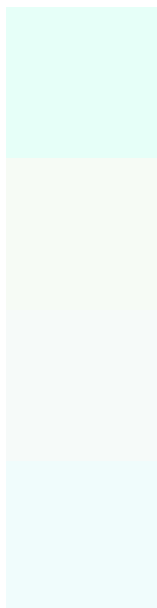
Deuteranopia

97.3055, -1.9647, 4.8166

Tritanopia

97.4698, -5.9502, 2.4073

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563

Protanomaly

97.5601, -7.9202, 7.4781

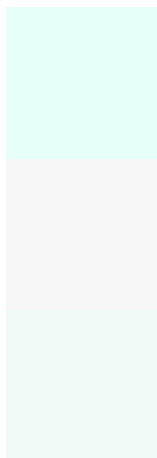
Deuteranomaly

97.3671, -6.6991, 5.3058

Tritanomaly

97.5573, -9.1337, 3.9839

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563

Achromatopsia

96.4423, -5.1459, 5.2399

Achromatomaly

96.8439, -8.6605, 5.6502

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 255, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 255, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 255, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 255, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 255, 248) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 255, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 255, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 255, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.5296, -14.4931, 5.8563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 255, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
255, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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