

Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.5001, -14.4601,
7.0768)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(97.5001, -14.4601,
7.0768) contains.

HunterLab(97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(97.5200,
-14.7170, 7.3128)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7FFF5
RGB	231, 255, 245
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0941, 0.0000, 0.0392
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	155°, 100%, 95%
HSV	155°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	85.1964, 95.1015, 100.2523
YIQ	246.6840, -11.0940, -8.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

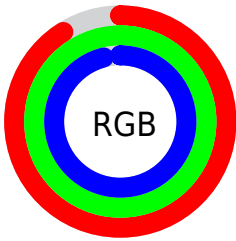
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 246, 255
Decimal	15204341
CIE Lab	98.07, -9.60, 2.11
CIE LCh	98, 9.834, 167.614
Yxy	95.1019, 0.3037, 0.3390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293394421 (0xFFE7FFF5)
YUV	246.6840, -0.8302, -13.7549
Hunter-Lab	97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128

Details

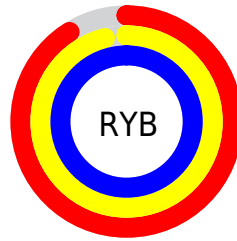
The HunterLab color $97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $92.0672, 5.0252, 3.2275$, and the grayscale version is $96.3096, -5.1388, 5.2327$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $72.9220, -12.4227, 5.5727$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $95.1488, -23.9690, 9.5274$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

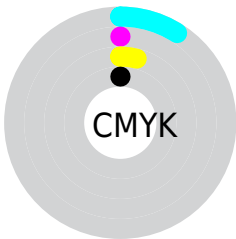
Distribution



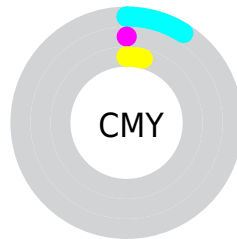
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97.5200, -14.7170,
7.3128

 97.5200, -14.7170,
7.3128


233.3433,
-25.2901, 15.3945

 84.9822, -13.6030,
6.5379


124.2600,
-16.9744, 8.9397

 73.0330, -12.4986,
5.7910


138.4180,
-18.1216, 9.7915

 61.7032, -11.4006,
5.0724


153.0764,
-19.2818, 10.6677

 51.0287, -10.3058,
4.3830

168.2185,
-20.4554, 11.5677

 41.0524, -9.2093,
3.7238

183.8294,
-21.6429, 12.4909

 31.8273, -8.1040,
3.0957

199.8953,

 23.4202, -6.9780,

-22.8444, 13.4368

2.4992

216.4039,
-24.0601, 14.4048

■ 15.9204, -5.8104,
1.9343

■ 9.4546, -4.9320,
1.4396

■ 97.5200, -14.7170,
7.3128

■ 97.5200, -14.7170,
7.3128

■ 95.1488, -23.9690,
9.5274

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 93.0548, -32.3990,
11.9514

■ 91.2415, -39.9267,
14.5608

■ 89.7082, -46.4880,
17.3253

■ 88.4499, -52.0409,
20.2085

■ 87.4566, -56.5722,
23.1687

■ 86.7121, -60.1040,
26.1600

■ 86.1925, -62.7012,
29.1328

■ 85.8557, -64.5178,
32.0264

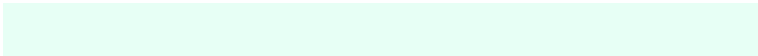
Harmonies

Analogous

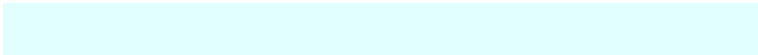
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5202, -12.4329, 11.4619



97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128



97.5202, -14.4907, 2.4074

Triad

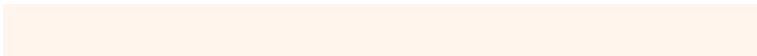
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.5202, -14.7161, 7.3122



97.5202, -2.1867, -4.1277



97.5202, 1.5738, 12.0286

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



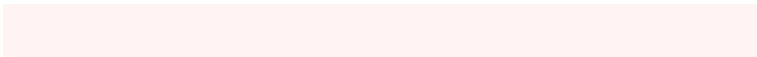
97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128



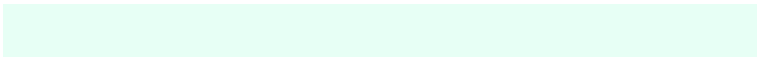
92.0672, 5.0252, 3.2275

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5202, 4.4341, 8.1227



97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128



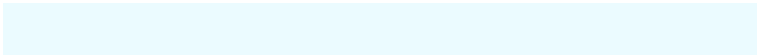
97.5202, 2.2322, -1.2744

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



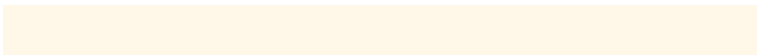
97.5202, -14.7161, 7.3122



97.5202, -7.3288, -4.3726



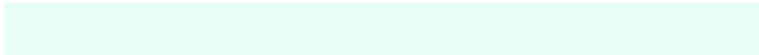
97.5202, 4.6776, 3.2610



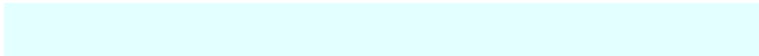
97.5202, -3.0702, 14.0884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



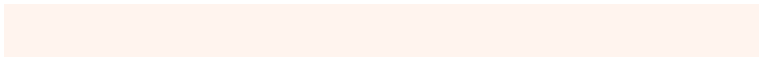
97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128



97.5202, -12.9481, -0.6327



97.5202, 4.6776, 3.2610



97.5202, 2.7799, 10.8976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.5202, -14.7161, 7.3122



99.1838, -8.3919, 6.0098



97.9748, -13.9345, 14.3763



45.7879, -4.2557, 2.8534

0.0000, NaN, NaN



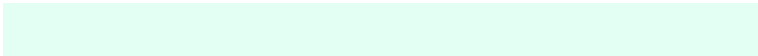
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.5202, -14.7161, 7.3122



97.1251, -16.2377, 7.6494



97.1905, -11.8953, 1.9656



45.1065, -6.8500, 3.3920



62.0734, -46.5546, 22.9117



19.4253, -14.1804, 6.3314

Inverse Universe

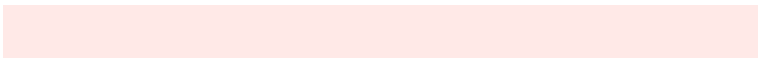
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.0672, 5.0252, 3.2275



90.7642, 6.7961, 2.8876



92.3625, 2.2568, 8.4215



42.5589, 2.3730, 1.4838



34.1808, 60.2162, 9.0594



10.7644, 19.1507, 1.4031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

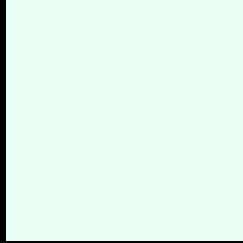
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

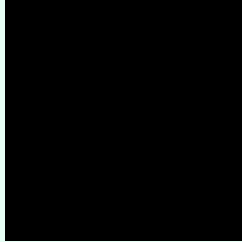
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

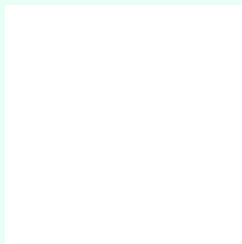
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128.



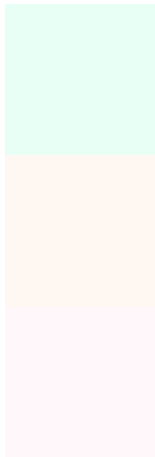
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5200,

-14.7170 7.3128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128

Protanopia

97.3682, -3.8723, 8.7776

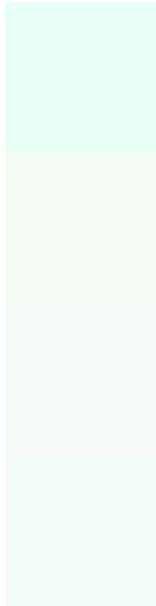
Deuteranopia

97.2734, -2.1399, 5.2753

Tritanopia

97.5623, -5.6279, 2.5244

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128

Protanomaly

97.4978, -8.2633, 8.3684

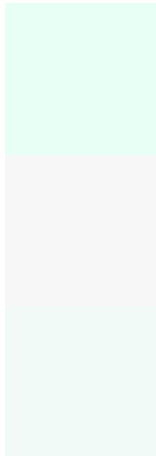
Deuteranomaly

97.3352, -6.8747, 5.7619

Tritanomaly

97.6149, -8.9961, 4.5581

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128

Achromatopsia

96.4423, -5.1459, 5.2399

Achromatomaly

96.8121, -8.8359, 6.1040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 255, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 255, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 255, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 255, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 255, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 255, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 255, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255, 245); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255, 245); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255, 245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.5200, -14.7170, 7.3128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 255, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
255, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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