

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.5713, -5.8429,  
4.0067)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(97.5713, -5.8429, 4.0067)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(97.5570, -5.8430,  
4.0411)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7FAFC
RGB	247, 250, 252
RGB Percent	97%, 98%, 99%
CMY	0.0314, 0.0196, 0.0118
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	204°, 45%, 98%
HSV	204°, 2%, 99%
XYZ	90.1141, 95.1737, 105.7163
YIQ	249.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

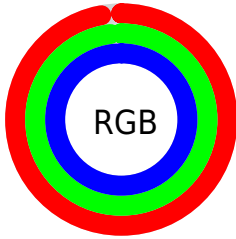
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 249, 252
Decimal	16251644
CIE Lab	98.10, -0.63, -1.31
CIE LCh	98, 1.454, 244.364
Yxy	95.1778, 0.3097, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294441724 (0xFF7FAFC)
YUV	249.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443
Hunter-Lab	97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411

# Details

The HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97.5506, -4.5490, 6.5471, and the grayscale version is 97.4737, -5.2010, 5.2959.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 73.2121, -4.6839, 3.2191 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 92.0953, -8.4768, -2.6908, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9041, -5.8611, 6.8012.

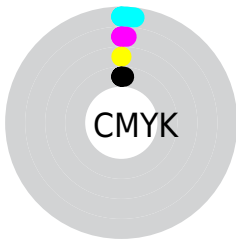
# Distribution



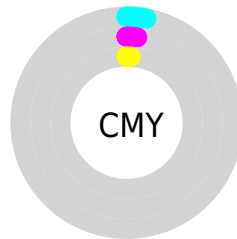
- Red (97%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97.5570, -5.8430,  
4.0411

97.5570, -5.8430,  
4.0411

233.3953,  
-13.3150, 11.0138

85.0194, -5.1469,  
3.4162

124.3021, -7.3271,  
5.3931

73.0683, -4.4787,  
2.8244

138.4617, -8.1086,  
6.1141

61.7366, -3.8419,  
2.2695

153.1216, -8.9160,  
6.8641

51.0600, -3.2381,  
1.7540

168.2651, -9.7484,  
7.6419

41.0815, -2.6693,  
1.2810

183.8774,  
-10.6052, 8.4466

31.8540, -2.1376,  
0.8545

199.9447,

23.4444, -1.6459,

-11.4856, 9.2773

0.4796

216.4546,  
-12.3890, 10.1333

■ 15.9416, -1.1973,  
0.1638

■ 9.4725, -0.7962,  
-0.0817

■ 97.5570, -5.8430,  
4.0411

■ 97.5570, -5.8430,  
4.0411

■ 92.0953, -8.4768,  
-2.6908

99.9041, -5.8611,  
6.8012

■ 86.8193, -10.5673,  
-9.5816

■ 81.7481, -12.0445,  
-16.6338

■ 76.9004, -12.8291,  
-23.8453

■ 72.2962, -12.8371,  
-31.2047

■ 67.9557, -11.9849,  
-38.6885

■ 63.8986, -10.1983,  
-46.2590

■ 60.1410, -7.4270,  
-53.8652

■ 56.6904, -3.6680,  
-61.4519

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5591, -6.4199, 4.5187



97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411



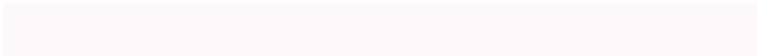
97.5591, -5.0990, 3.9073

# Triad

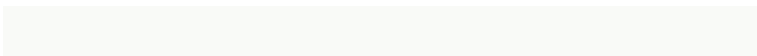
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.5591, -5.8452, 4.0427



97.5591, -3.7423, 5.4166



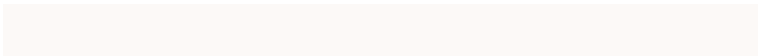
97.5591, -6.0382, 6.4564

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



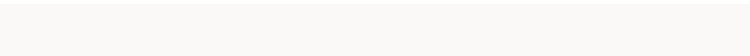
97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411



97.5506, -4.5490, 6.5471

# Split Complementary

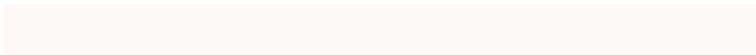
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5591, -5.3224, 6.6929



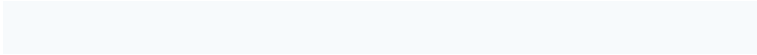
97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411



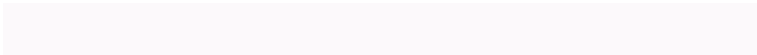
97.5591, -3.9957, 6.0956

# Square

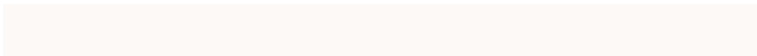
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



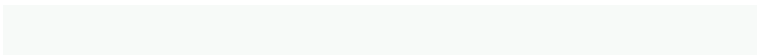
97.5591, -5.8452, 4.0427



97.5591, -3.8834, 4.7041



97.5591, -4.5746, 6.5614



97.5591, -6.5310, 5.9128

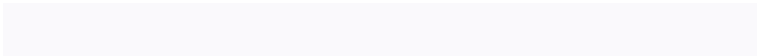


# Rectangle

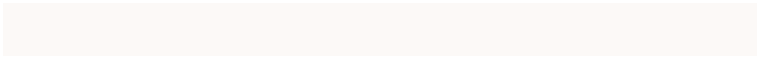
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411



97.5591, -4.6042, 4.0294



97.5591, -4.5746, 6.5614



97.5591, -5.8157, 6.5743

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.5591, -5.8452, 4.0427



99.4343, -5.6349, 4.7603



98.0973, -7.4394, 6.1893



46.0158, -2.6002, 2.2178

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.5591, -5.8452, 4.0427



98.8704, -5.9294, 4.0858



96.7899, -4.5673, 3.1463



44.7810, -2.6704, 1.8810



39.4401, -0.6807, -47.8273



12.8373, -1.5783, -12.6384



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.0159, -2.9665, 4.4532



98.3151, -2.9865, 4.5055



98.3196, -5.8270, 7.4168



44.5425, -1.4067, 2.0610



34.6139, 62.7461, -4.5229



10.6329, 19.4519, -2.7620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

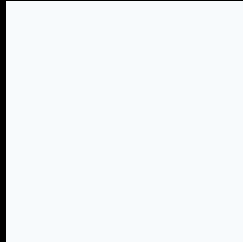
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

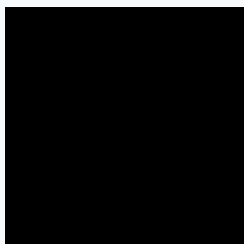
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411.



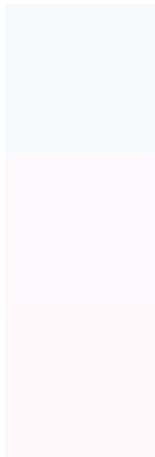
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411

### Protanopia

97.4590, -2.9892, 4.4785

### Deuteranopia

97.6524, -2.3215, 4.7193

## **Tritanopia**

97.5249, -4.1247, 2.5057

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411

## Protanomaly

97.5836, -4.1825, 4.6053

## Deuteranomaly

97.6790, -3.8520, 4.7240

## Tritanomaly

97.3979, -4.6313, 2.8560

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411

## Achromatopsia

97.3297, -5.1933, 5.2881

## Achromatomaly

97.2676, -5.3448, 4.7126

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 250, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 250, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 250, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 250, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 250, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 250, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 250,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.5570, -5.8430, 4.0411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
250, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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