

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(97.5866, -14.0922,  
4.3961)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(97.5866, -14.0922,  
4.3961) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(97.6258,  
-13.9572, 4.4842)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6FFFB
RGB	230, 255, 251
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0000, 0.0157
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	170°, 100%, 95%
HSV	170°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	85.8057, 95.3080, 105.1406
YIQ	247.0690, -13.6160, -6.5440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

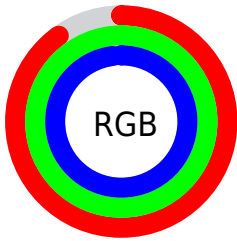
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 244, 255
Decimal	15138811
CIE Lab	98.16, -8.81, -0.86
CIE LCh	98, 8.856, 185.577
Yxy	95.3085, 0.2998, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293328891 (0xFFE6FFFB)
YUV	247.0690, 1.9380, -14.9695
Hunter-Lab	97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842

# Details

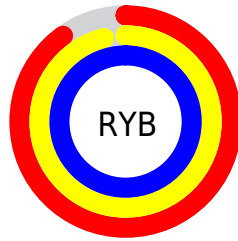
The HunterLab color  $97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $91.5398, 4.3610, 6.0646$ , and the grayscale version is  $96.4692, -5.1474, 5.2414$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $73.0253, -11.6874, 2.8745$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $95.4668, -22.0178, 3.8293$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ .

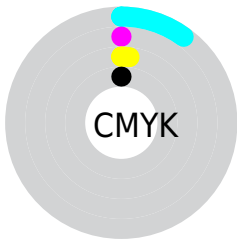
# Distribution



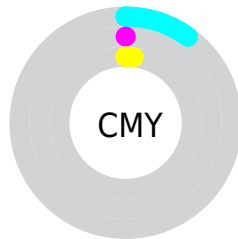
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97.6258, -13.9572,  
4.4842

97.6258, -13.9572,  
4.4842

233.4849,  
-24.2545, 11.6008

85.0833, -12.8803,  
3.8378

124.3747,  
-16.1454, 5.8704

73.1292, -11.8149,  
3.2257

138.5370,  
-17.2600, 6.6086

61.7941, -10.7583,  
2.6495

153.1994,  
-18.3889, 7.3751

51.1140, -9.7077,  
2.1114

168.3454,  
-19.5322, 8.1690

41.1317, -8.6589,  
1.6142

183.9601,  
-20.6903, 8.9893

31.9001, -7.6057,  
1.1617

200.0298,

23.4860, -6.5376,

-21.8634, 9.8352

0.7583

216.5419,  
-23.0514, 10.7059

■ 15.9782, -5.4363,  
0.4108

■ 9.5033, -4.5509,  
0.1290

■ 97.6258, -13.9572,  
4.4842

■ 97.6258, -13.9572,  
4.4842

■ 95.4668, -22.0178,  
3.8293

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 93.5765, -29.2684,  
3.5015

■ 91.9562, -35.6474,  
3.5034

■ 90.6032, -41.1111,  
3.8310

■ 89.5107, -45.6376,  
4.4720

■ 88.6668, -49.2325,  
5.4059

■ 88.0540, -51.9333,  
6.6028

■ 87.6477, -53.8162,  
8.0233

■ 87.4033, -55.0468,  
9.6044

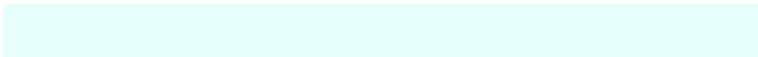
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.6261, -13.2242, 8.7664



97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842



97.6261, -12.3818, 0.2339

# Triad

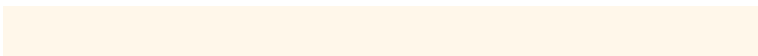
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.6261, -13.9563, 4.4836



97.6261, 0.0433, -1.8613



97.6261, -1.4892, 12.7469

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



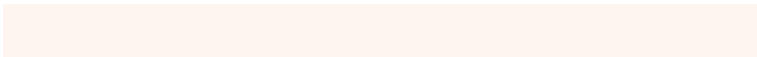
97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842



91.5398, 4.3610, 6.0646

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.6261, 2.1661, 10.1350



97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842



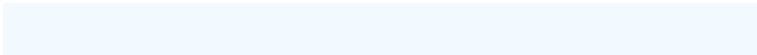
97.6261, 3.0625, 1.7309

# Square

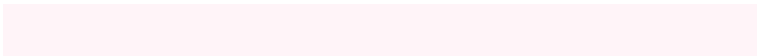
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.6261, -13.9563, 4.4836



97.6261, -4.3436, -3.5375



97.6261, 3.8465, 6.1372



97.6261, -6.0820, 13.4073

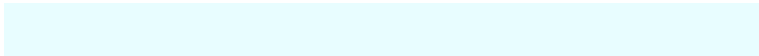


# Rectangle

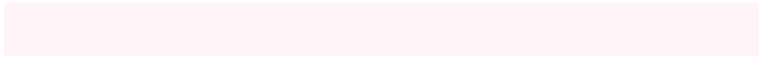
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



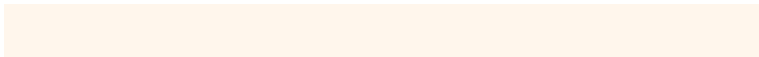
97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842



97.6261, -10.2183, -1.9670



97.6261, 3.8465, 6.1372



97.6261, -0.1074, 12.0742

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.6261, -13.9563, 4.4836



99.2468, -8.0449, 5.1109



97.3418, -16.2582, 14.0977



45.8248, -4.0521, 2.3269

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

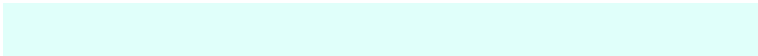


# Same Dimension

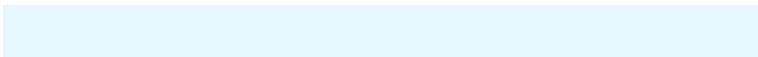
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.6261, -13.9563, 4.4836



97.1288, -15.7933, 4.3123



95.0587, -8.9136, -0.5901



45.1980, -6.3400, 2.0857



63.1918, -39.7172, 6.7539



19.7505, -12.1973, 1.6440



# Inverse Universe

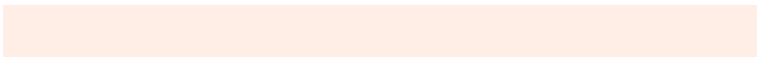
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.5398, 4.3610, 6.0646



89.6996, 6.5764, 6.2472



93.9773, -0.7416, 10.6637



42.4670, 1.8789, 2.7949



33.4747, 57.6156, 19.3896

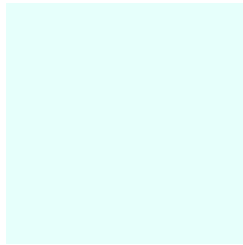


10.5070, 18.2062, 5.1408



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

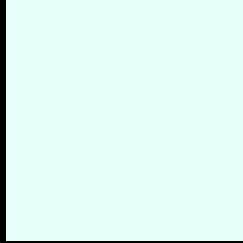
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

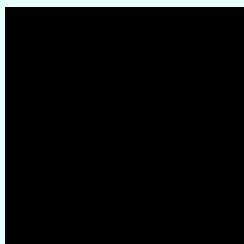
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

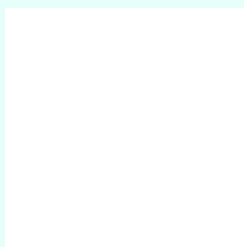
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.6258,

-13.9572 4.4842.

# Color Blindness Simulation

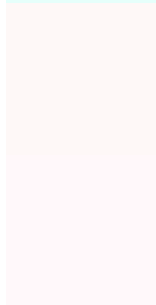
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842



### Protanopia

97.4274, -3.3544, 6.4253

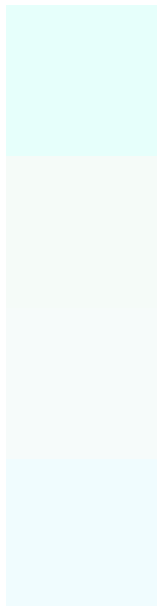
### Deuteranopia

97.6201, -2.4971, 5.1787

## Tritanopia

97.5623, -5.6279, 2.5244

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842

## Protanomaly

97.5624, -7.7230, 6.0131

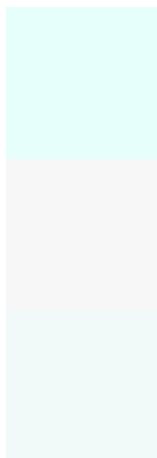
## Deuteranomaly

97.7186, -7.0481, 5.2151

## Tritanomaly

97.6227, -8.7733, 3.0534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842

## Achromatopsia

96.4423, -5.1459, 5.2399

## Achromatomaly

96.8758, -8.4843, 5.1942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 255, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 255, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 255, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 255, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 255, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 255, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 255, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 255, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.6258, -13.9572, 4.4842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 255, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
255, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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