

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(98.0192, -6.5464,  
12.9254)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(98.0192, -6.5464,  
12.9254) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(98.1084, -6.6093,  
12.8394)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFBEB
RGB	255, 251, 235
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0157, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	48°, 100%, 96%
HSV	48°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	90.7326, 96.2526, 92.3938
YIQ	250.3720, 7.5200, -4.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

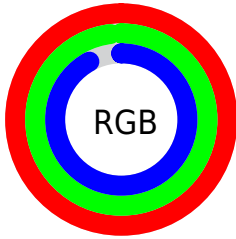
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 255, 235
Decimal	16776171
CIE Lab	98.53, -1.36, 8.12
CIE LCh	99, 8.238, 99.504
Yxy	96.2565, 0.3248, 0.3445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966251 (0xFFFFFBEB)
YUV	250.3720, -7.5784, 4.0588
Hunter-Lab	98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394

# Details

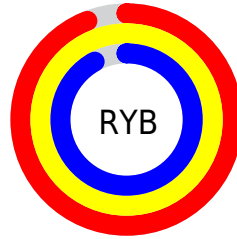
The HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 93.0661, -3.3332, -2.9836, and the grayscale version is 97.9712, -5.2275, 5.3230.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 73.6822, -5.5371, 10.9882 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 95.7849, -7.8419, 21.3444, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

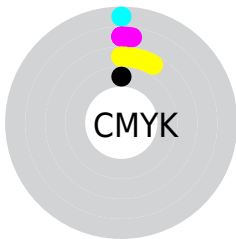
# Distribution



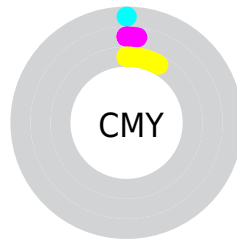
- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 98.1084, -6.6093,  
12.8394

 98.1084, -6.6093,  
12.8394


234.1324,  
-14.3410, 22.9525

 85.5460, -5.8796,  
11.7934


124.8997, -8.1587,  
14.9780

 73.5691, -5.1752,  
10.7587

139.0812, -8.9707,  
16.0692

 62.2101, -4.5003,  
9.7350


153.7621, -9.8075,  
17.1762

 51.5045, -3.8561,  
8.7196

168.9261,  
-10.6684, 18.2991

 41.4951, -3.2440,  
7.7087

184.5582,  
-11.5528, 19.4381

 32.2341, -2.6656,  
6.6962

200.6448,

 23.7877, -2.1224,

-12.4601, 20.5933

5.6719

217.1734,  
-13.3897, 21.7648

■ 16.2437, -1.6162,  
4.6177

■ 9.7267, -1.1481,  
4.0006

■ 98.1084, -6.6093,  
12.8394

■ 98.1084, -6.6093,  
12.8394

■ 95.7849, -7.8419,  
21.3444

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 93.5551, -8.6146,  
28.7581

■ 91.4225, -8.9221,  
35.0523

■ 89.3879, -8.7609,  
40.2080

■ 87.4511, -8.1333,  
44.2198

■ 85.6112, -7.0491,  
47.1012

■ 83.8655, -5.5277,  
48.8900

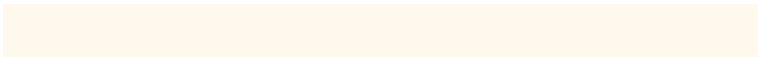
■ 82.2093, -3.6017,  
49.6589

■ 80.6336, -1.3281,  
49.5467

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.1104, -2.3057, 12.4787



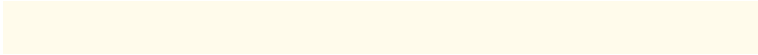
98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394



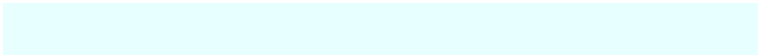
98.1104, -10.4846, 11.2614

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.1104, -6.6123, 12.8407



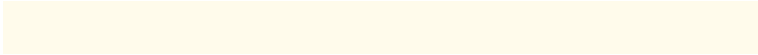
98.1104, -11.5868, 0.1632



98.1104, 2.6873, 2.5244

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394



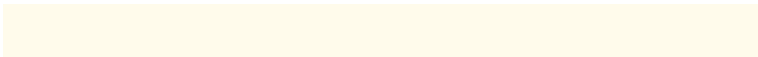
93.0661, -3.3332, -2.9836

# Split Complementary

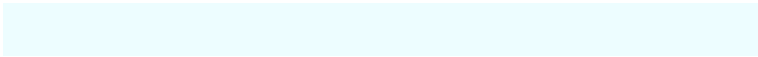
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.1104, 0.1168, -0.9743



98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394



98.1104, -8.1406, -2.3781

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.1104, -6.6123, 12.8407



98.1104, -13.3236, 4.0226



98.1104, -3.8605, -2.8032

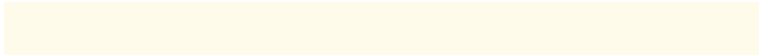


98.1104, 3.1138, 6.6402



# Rectangle

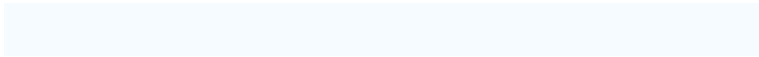
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394



98.1104, -12.3172, 9.2783



98.1104, -3.8605, -2.8032



98.1104, 2.0433, 1.2323

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.1104, -6.6123, 12.8407



99.5127, -5.6869, 7.3827



93.2254, 2.5339, 5.5533



46.0503, -2.6232, 3.3713

0.0000, NaN, NaN

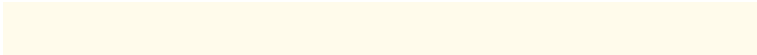


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.1104, -6.6123, 12.8407



97.8364, -6.7776, 13.8798



98.8221, -10.6940, 13.5499



45.2085, -3.1681, 6.6289



58.2320, -0.9060, 35.8664



18.5766, -0.9655, 11.4299



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.0661, -3.3332, -2.9836



92.0545, -3.0167, -4.2637



92.3790, 0.7140, -3.7845



42.3852, -1.3310, -2.2322



22.7404, 39.7260, -114.1805

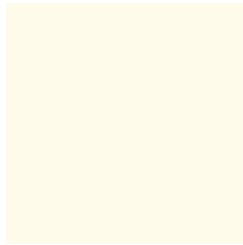


8.0520, 9.3814, -30.3160



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

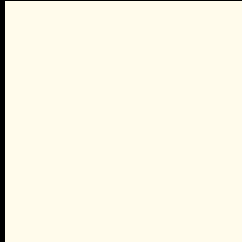
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

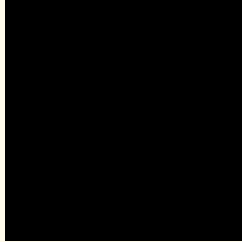
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.1084, -6.6093,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394

**Protanopia**

98.0318, -4.7609, 9.0396

**Deuteranopia**

98.2195, -3.7341, 6.3566

## **Tritanopia**

98.2211, -3.3413, 3.3561

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394

**Protanomaly**

97.9400, -5.2633, 10.3525

**Deuteranomaly**

98.0627, -4.5918, 8.5978

**Tritanomaly**

98.0915, -4.2414, 6.6912

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394



**Achromatopsia**

97.7739, -5.2170, 5.3122

**Achromatomaly**

97.8055, -5.4234, 7.8048

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 251, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 251, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 251, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 251, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 251, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 251, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 251, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 98.1084, -6.6093, 12.8394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 251, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
251, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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