

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	27
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAFBFD
RGB	250, 251, 253
RGB Percent	98%, 98%, 99%
CMY	0.0196, 0.0157, 0.0078
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	220°, 43%, 99%
HSV	220°, 1%, 99%
XYZ	91.6512, 96.4102, 106.7070
YIQ	250.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

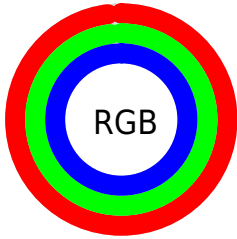
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 251, 253
Decimal	16448509
CIE Lab	98.60, 0.03, -1.08
CIE LCh	99, 1.080, 271.427
Yxy	96.4143, 0.3109, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294638589 (0xFFFAFBFD)
YUV	250.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147
Hunter-Lab	98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984

# Details

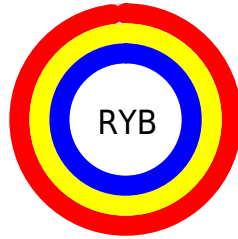
The HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.6937, -5.2825, 6.3882, and the grayscale version is 98.1847, -5.2389, 5.3346.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 73.8140, -4.0861, 3.4637 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 90.5519, -4.3919, -5.1263, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9360, -5.6867, 6.3470.

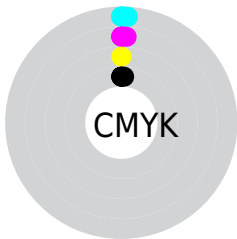
# Distribution



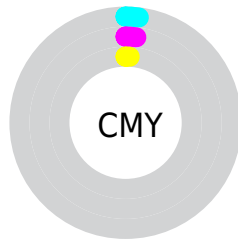
- Red (98%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984

98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984

234.2398,  
-12.4746, 11.3576

85.6228, -4.5472,  
3.6620

124.9868, -6.6462,  
5.6720

73.6422, -3.9086,  
3.0582

139.1715, -7.4027,  
6.4032

62.2791, -3.3030,  
2.4906

153.8555, -8.1860,  
7.1630

51.5694, -2.7324,  
1.9616

169.0225, -8.9951,  
7.9503

41.5554, -2.1991,  
1.4742

184.6574, -9.8292,  
8.7642

32.2895, -1.7058,  
1.0321

200.7468,

23.8378, -1.2562,

-10.6876, 9.6039

0.6402

217.2781,  
-11.5696, 10.4686

■ 16.2879, -0.8550,  
0.3052

■ 9.7640, -0.5089,  
0.0377

■ 98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984

■ 98.1887, -5.2150,  
4.2984

■ 90.5519, -4.3919,  
-5.1263

99.9360, -5.6867,  
6.3470

■ 83.1213, -3.1049,  
-15.1218

■ 75.9262, -1.2618,  
-25.8048

■ 69.0005, 1.2542,  
-37.3121

■ 62.3872, 4.5851,  
-49.7936

■ 56.1406, 8.8959,  
-63.3940

■ 50.3290, 14.3617,  
-78.2120

■ 45.0366, 21.1290,  
-94.2198

■ 40.3593, 29.2323,  
-111.1384

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.1908, -5.7665, 4.4276



98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984



98.1908, -4.6741, 4.4537

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.1908, -5.2173, 4.3000



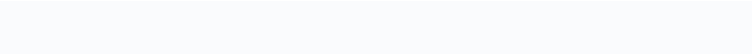
98.1908, -4.3103, 5.8852



98.1908, -6.2022, 5.8406

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984



98.6937, -5.2825, 6.3882

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.1908, -5.8136, 6.2276



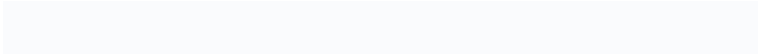
98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984



98.1908, -4.7213, 6.2533

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.1908, -5.2173, 4.3000



98.1908, -4.1497, 5.3707



98.1908, -5.2717, 6.3782

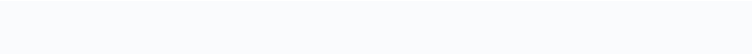


98.1908, -6.3344, 5.3189

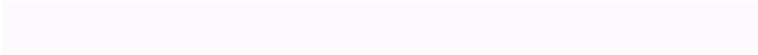


# Rectangle

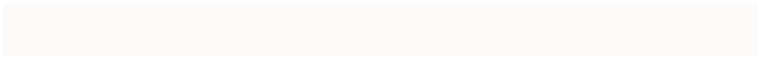
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



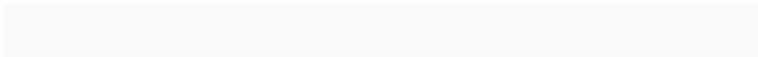
98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984



98.1908, -4.3887, 4.6945



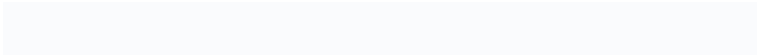
98.1908, -5.2717, 6.3782



98.1908, -6.0973, 5.9907

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.1908, -5.2173, 4.3000

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



98.7933, -6.4568, 5.5167



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.1908, -5.2173, 4.3000



99.2179, -5.2757, 4.5102



97.9142, -4.5384, 3.9829



45.9207, -2.4422, 2.1078



27.2785, 25.9817, -90.1827

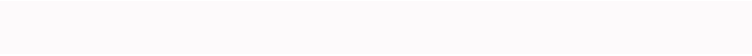


9.5717, 5.4925, -23.8205



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.0921, -4.0501, 5.2055



99.1337, -4.2820, 5.2803



98.9710, -5.9616, 6.6993



45.8836, -2.0052, 2.4464



33.8809, 59.1151, 13.4200

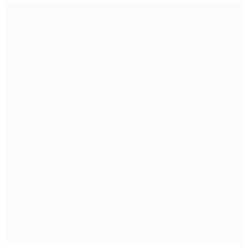


10.6632, 18.7806, 2.8624



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

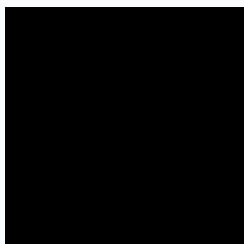
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984

**Protanopia**

98.3156, -3.2098, 4.9865

**Deuteranopia**

98.3156, -3.2098, 4.9865

## **Tritanopia**

98.0308, -4.0002, 3.1164

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984

## Protanomaly

98.1235, -3.8747, 4.7477

## Deuteranomaly

98.1235, -3.8747, 4.7477

## Tritanomaly

97.9981, -4.1793, 3.5833

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984

## Achromatopsia

98.2184, -5.2407, 5.3364

## Achromatomaly

98.2506, -5.0644, 4.8773

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 251, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 251, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 251, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 251, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 251, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 251, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 251, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 251, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 251, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 251,  
253) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 98.1887, -5.2150, 4.2984 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 251, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
251, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor