

Converting Colors

HunterLab(98.3533, -18.9204,
26.8517)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(98.3533, -18.9204,
26.8517) contains.

HunterLab(97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(97.4526,
-17.3955, 26.1262)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4FFC9
RGB	244, 255, 201
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 79%
CMY	0.0431, 0.0000, 0.2118
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	72°, 100%, 89%
HSV	72°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	83.6108, 94.9701, 69.1827
YIQ	245.5550, 10.7780, -19.1260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

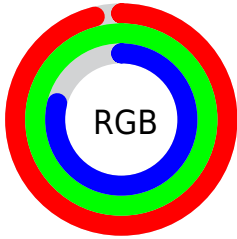
Format	Color
R_{YB}	201, 255, 212
Decimal	16056265
CIE Lab	98.02, -12.39, 24.65
CIE LCh	98, 27.586, 116.684
Yxy	94.9704, 0.3375, 0.3833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294246345 (0xFFFF4FFC9)
YUV	245.5550, -21.9656, -1.3637
Hunter-Lab	97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262

Details

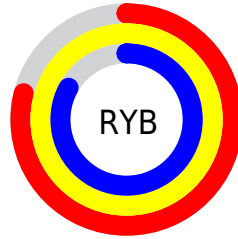
The HunterLab color $97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $79.3673, 9.7440, -21.5988$, and the grayscale version is $95.8929, -5.1166, 5.2100$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $72.8420, -14.8626, 22.1565$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $96.4116, -22.3113, 33.9169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98.5973, -11.9759, 17.0609$.

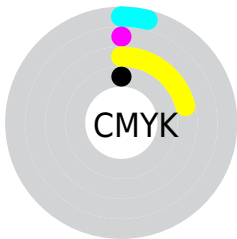
Distribution



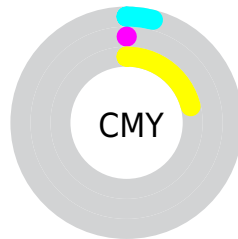
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

97.4526, -17.3955,
26.1262

97.4526, -17.3955,
26.1262

233.2531,
-28.9478, 42.1845

84.9178, -16.1503,
24.2607

124.1868,
-19.8990, 29.7759

72.9718, -14.9071,
22.3588

138.3422,
-21.1617, 31.5731

61.6453, -13.6620,
20.4089

152.9980,
-22.4332, 33.3575

50.9743, -12.4100,
18.3959

168.1376,
-23.7144, 35.1323

41.0018, -11.1441,
16.2989

183.7460,
-25.0059, 36.9003

31.7808, -9.8534,
14.0880

199.8096,

23.3783, -8.5210,

-26.3084, 38.6638

11.7181

216.3159,
-27.6222, 40.4247

■ 15.8835, -7.1170,
9.4421

■ 9.4236, -6.2315,
6.5965

■ 97.4526, -17.3955,
26.1262

■ 97.4526, -17.3955,
26.1262

■ 96.4116, -22.3113,
33.9169

■ 98.5973, -11.9759,
17.0609

■ 95.4719, -26.7212,
40.4420

■ 99.8463, -6.0628,
6.7301

■ 94.6310, -30.6273,
45.7231

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 93.8852, -34.0392,
49.8007

■ 93.2296, -36.9751,
52.7360

■ 92.6579, -39.4636,
54.6150

■ 92.1617, -41.5469,
55.5574

■ 91.7739, -43.1186,
55.7958

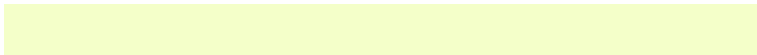
Harmonies

Analogous

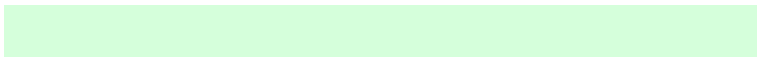
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.4527, -3.5892, 28.2137



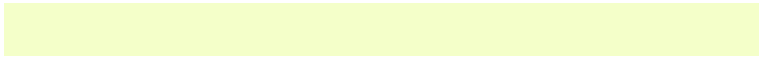
97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



97.4527, -27.3963, 18.7591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.4527, -17.3950, 26.1255



97.4527, -20.0305, -19.5238



97.4527, 24.1760, 3.7600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



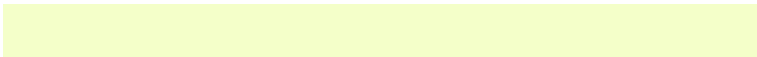
79.3673, 9.7440, -21.5988

Split Complementary

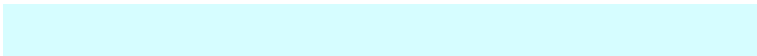
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.4527, 19.1687, -10.3923



97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



97.4527, -6.8104, -25.0125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



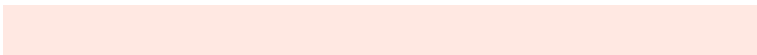
97.4527, -17.3950, 26.1255



97.4527, -28.8544, -7.3538



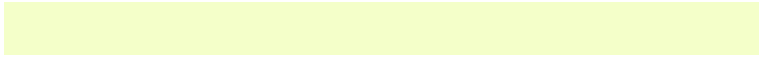
97.4527, 7.6152, -21.4503



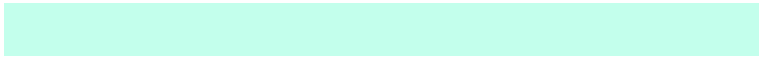
97.4527, 20.9394, 16.4641

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



97.4527, -30.8447, 11.2097



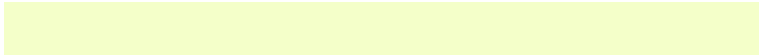
97.4527, 7.6152, -21.4503



97.4527, 23.3943, -0.9948

Sweetspot

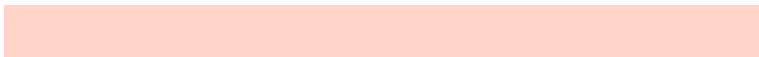
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.4527, -17.3950, 26.1255



99.2306, -8.9764, 11.8713



85.1264, 8.8754, 14.1218



45.8709, -4.3314, 5.8038

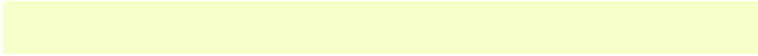
0.0000, NaN, NaN



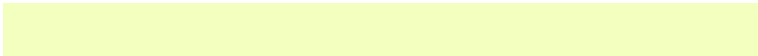
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

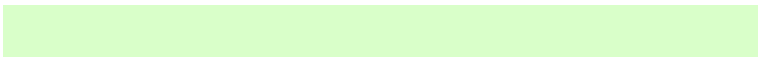
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.4527, -17.3950, 26.1255



97.0424, -19.3349, 29.2556



95.1419, -25.8285, 23.7374



45.7088, -5.0992, 7.1351



66.3886, -30.9770, 40.3660



20.8239, -9.2457, 12.6697

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.3673, 9.7440, -21.5988



75.8033, 12.6384, -27.0670



82.0429, 18.4410, -17.4929



41.8998, 0.5832, -2.8259



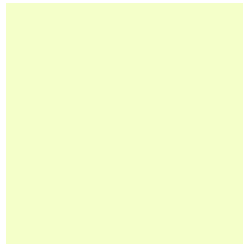
20.5015, 53.5105, -129.3943



6.7289, 16.9822, -37.9672

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

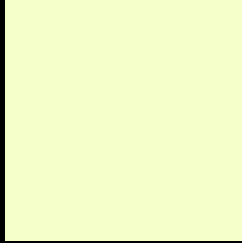
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

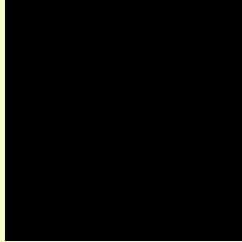
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

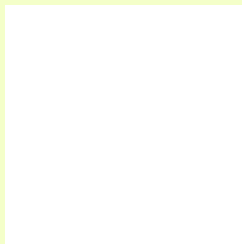
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262.



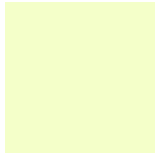
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 97.4526,

-17.3955,26.1262.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



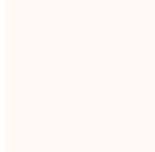
Original Color

97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



Protanopia

97.3846, -6.0429, 13.4222



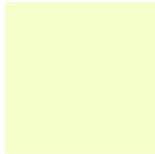
Deuteranopia

97.4302, -3.5334, 7.8906

Tritanopia

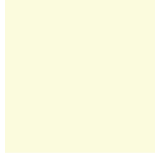
97.3030, -3.2665, 2.2528

Trichromacy



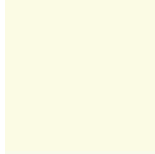
Original Color

97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



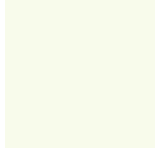
Protanomaly

97.3263, -10.1509, 18.1218



Deuteranomaly

97.5218, -9.0709, 15.3097



Tritanomaly

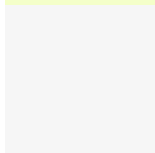
97.4418, -8.9455, 12.0628

Monochromacy



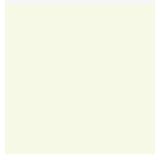
Original Color

97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262



Achromatopsia

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158



Achromatomaly

96.3727, -9.7075, 13.1576

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 255, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 255, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 255, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 255, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 255, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 255, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 255, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 255, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 97.4526, -17.3955, 26.1262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 255, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
255, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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