

Converting Colors

HunterLab(98.8297, -5.4247,
8.4962)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(98.8297, -5.4247, 8.4962)
contains.

HunterLab(98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(98.7596, -5.3088,
8.4188)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFCF6
RGB	255, 252, 246
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0117, 0.0353
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	40°, 100%, 98%
HSV	40°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	92.6849, 97.5346, 101.1298
YIQ	252.2130, 3.7140, -1.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 255, 246
Decimal	16776438
CIE Lab	99.04, -0.04, 3.21
CIE LCh	99, 3.209, 90.647
Yxy	97.5385, 0.3181, 0.3348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966518 (0xFFFFFCF6)
YUV	252.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442
Hunter-Lab	98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188

Details

The HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97.2429, -5.0969, 2.1481, and the grayscale version is 98.7718, -5.2702, 5.3665.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 73.9957, -3.8163, 6.4954 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 95.3246, -4.9703, 16.3202, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

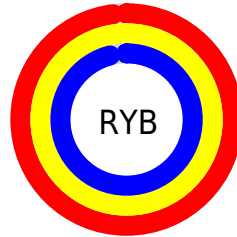
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (99%)

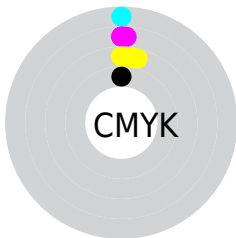
Blue (96%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (96%)

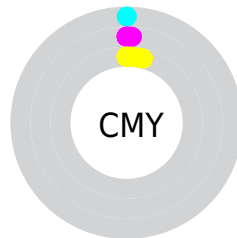


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (1%)


Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98.7596, -5.3088,
8.4188

 98.7596, -5.3088,
8.4188


235.0022,
-12.6008, 16.8852

 86.1682, -4.6374,
7.5949


125.6054, -6.7485,
10.1433

 74.1609, -3.9944,
6.7944

139.8125, -7.5088,
11.0402

 62.7697, -3.3842,
6.0192


154.5183, -8.2956,
11.9599

 52.0301, -2.8087,
5.2696

169.7063, -9.1082,
12.9019

 41.9843, -2.2701,
4.5459

185.3618, -9.9457,
13.8659

 32.6839, -1.7711,
3.8477

201.4710,

 24.1944, -1.3152,

-10.8074, 14.8514

3.1741

218.0216,
-11.6926, 15.8579

■ 16.6022, -0.9070,
2.5222

■ 10.0293, -0.5528,
1.9046

■ 98.7596, -5.3088,
8.4188

■ 98.7596, -5.3088,
8.4188

■ 95.3246, -4.9703,
16.3202

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 91.9990, -4.2085,
23.3415

■ 88.7903, -3.0072,
29.4295

■ 85.7040, -1.3503,
34.5328

■ 82.7453, 0.7734,
38.6074

■ 79.9186, 3.3683,
41.6213

■ 77.2277, 6.4290,
43.5622

■ 74.6742, 9.9358,
44.4485

■ 72.2571, 13.8492,
44.3484

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.7616, -3.6754, 8.0351



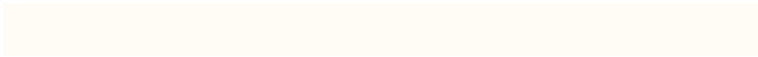
98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188



98.7616, -6.9276, 8.0011

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.7616, -5.3117, 8.4202



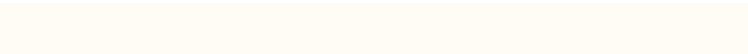
98.7616, -8.0579, 3.7855



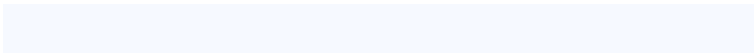
98.7616, -2.4237, 3.8470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188



97.2429, -5.0969, 2.1481

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.7616, -3.6114, 2.6765



98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188



98.7616, -6.8644, 2.6406

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.7616, -5.3117, 8.4202



98.7616, -8.5065, 5.3409



98.7616, -5.2382, 2.2314



98.7616, -2.0013, 5.4108

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188



98.7616, -7.7776, 7.3179



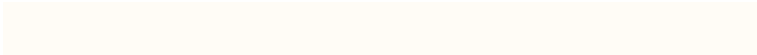
98.7616, -5.2382, 2.2314



98.7616, -2.7471, 3.3936

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.7616, -5.3117, 8.4202



99.6477, -5.3339, 6.2899



96.9599, -1.6080, 4.9142



46.1097, -2.4678, 2.8905

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.7616, -5.3117, 8.4202



98.5972, -5.3048, 8.8114



99.5744, -7.3879, 9.3119



45.4944, -2.4482, 4.3637



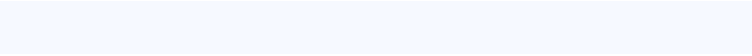
51.4269, 11.4171, 31.8889



16.6614, 2.3969, 10.3087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.2429, -5.0969, 2.1481



96.8765, -5.0613, 1.7048



96.4355, -3.0234, 1.2039



44.5493, -2.3144, 0.4602



27.1996, 26.1924, -90.5391



9.5470, 5.5492, -23.9121

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

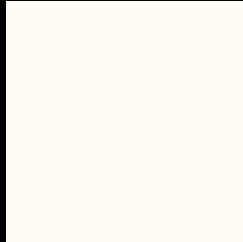
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

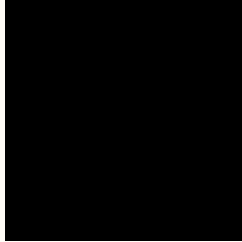
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188

Protanopia

98.8536, -4.7941, 7.0758

Deuteranopia

98.6320, -3.7412, 5.3503

Tritanopia

98.8552, -4.4038, 4.0945

Trichromacy

Original Color

98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188

Protanomaly

98.8221, -4.9665, 7.5256

Deuteranomaly

98.5680, -4.0908, 6.2631

Tritanomaly

98.8534, -4.6040, 5.5956

Monochromacy

Original Color

98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188

Achromatopsia

98.6633, -5.2644, 5.3606

Achromatomaly

98.6943, -5.2847, 6.3896

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 252, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 252, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 252, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 252, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 252, 246) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 252, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 252, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 252, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 252, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
252, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor