

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(98.8364,  
-10.9886, 16.2418)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFFE5
RGB	251, 255, 229
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0000, 0.1020
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	69°, 100%, 95%
HSV	69°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	89.6865, 97.6863, 88.2571
YIQ	250.8400, 5.9620, -8.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

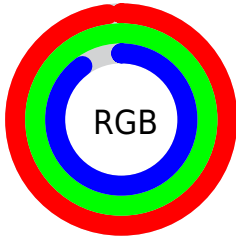
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	229, 255, 233
Decimal	16515045
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.10, -5.70, 11.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 13.253, 115.450
Yxy	97.6867, 0.3254, 0.3544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705125 (0xFFFFBFFE5)
YUV	250.8400, -10.7671, 0.1403
Hunter-Lab	98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418

# Details

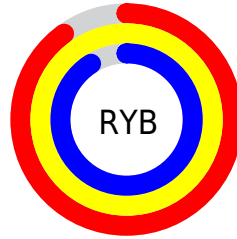
The HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFC0. A complement of this color would be 89.7683, 1.3342, -7.1482, and the grayscale version is 98.1920, -5.2393, 5.3350.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.1036, -9.0439, 13.4646 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97.7979, -16.0323, 25.5384, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9767, -5.4488, 5.6528.

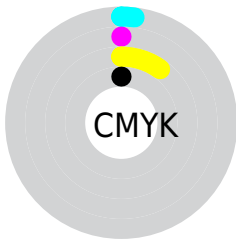
# Distribution



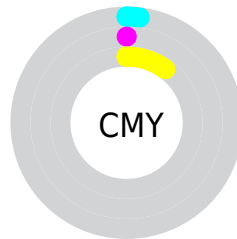
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418

98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418

235.1023,  
-20.2165, 27.6908

86.2398, -10.0555,  
15.0123

125.6866,  
-12.9087, 18.7160

74.2290, -9.1414,  
13.7859

139.8967,  
-13.8972, 19.9655

62.8342, -8.2450,  
12.5583

154.6054,  
-14.9045, 21.2247

52.0907, -7.3654,  
11.3244

169.7961,  
-15.9303, 22.4945

42.0407, -6.5010,  
10.0769

185.4542,  
-16.9746, 23.7755

32.7358, -5.6490,  
8.8047

201.5661,

24.2413, -4.8048,

-18.0372, 25.0682

7.4901

218.1193,  
-19.1179, 26.3732

■ 16.6436, -3.9595,  
6.1029

■ 10.0643, -3.0986,  
5.5129

■ 98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418

■ 98.8364, -10.9886,  
16.2418

■ 97.7979, -16.0323,  
25.5384

99.9767, -5.4488,  
5.6528

■ 96.8592, -20.5761,  
33.5409

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 96.0182, -24.6187,  
40.2587

■ 95.2721, -28.1656,  
45.7173

■ 94.6167, -31.2290,  
49.9596

■ 94.0472, -33.8293,  
53.0485

■ 93.5571, -35.9965,  
55.0707

■ 93.1381, -37.7735,  
56.1444

■ 92.7820, -39.2161,  
56.4853

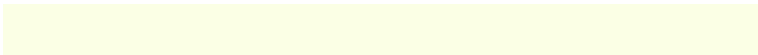
# Harmonies

## Analogous

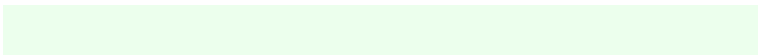
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.8366, -4.2107, 17.2940



98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



98.8366, -16.1058, 12.3588

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.8366, -10.9879, 16.2411



98.8366, -12.7855, -5.7391



98.8366, 8.4773, 4.3605

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



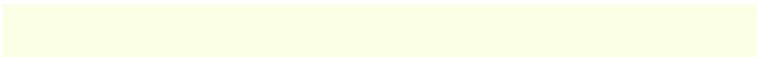
89.7683, 1.3342, -7.1482

# Split Complementary

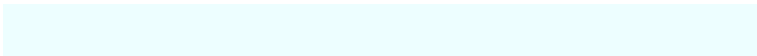
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.8366, 6.0350, -2.1481



98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



98.8366, -6.3427, -8.2309

# Square

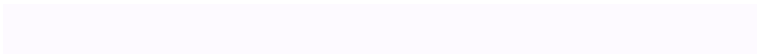
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



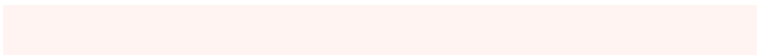
98.8366, -10.9879, 16.2411



98.8366, -17.1232, -0.2728



98.8366, 0.5626, -6.8735

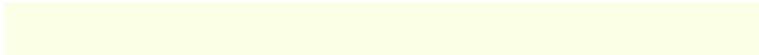


98.8366, 7.1507, 10.7174

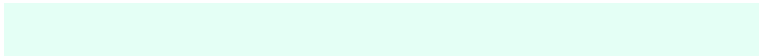


# Rectangle

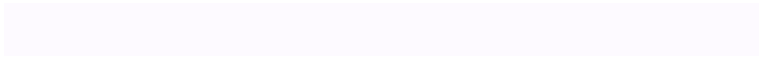
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



98.8366, -17.9533, 8.5379



98.8366, 0.5626, -6.8735



98.8366, 8.0680, 2.1142

# Sweetspot

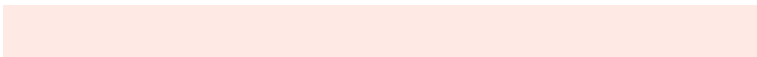
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.8366, -10.9879, 16.2411



99.6466, -7.0517, 8.7520



92.2710, 1.9813, 9.2583



46.0581, -3.4712, 4.4504

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

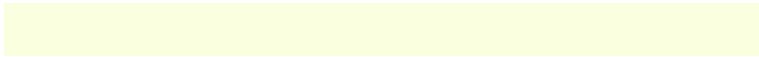


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.8366, -10.9879, 16.2411



98.6417, -11.9351, 18.0147



97.6585, -15.1796, 14.9055



45.7612, -4.9138, 7.1946



67.1078, -28.1946, 40.8579



21.0271, -8.4639, 12.8086



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.7683, 1.3342, -7.1482



87.9899, 2.5488, -9.4857



91.0135, 5.5517, -5.4522



41.8471, 0.4035, -2.8975



20.0996, 53.1902, -132.5062



6.5620, 16.8352, -39.1512



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

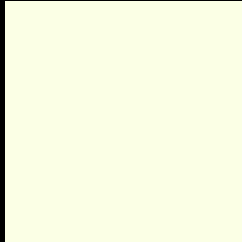
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

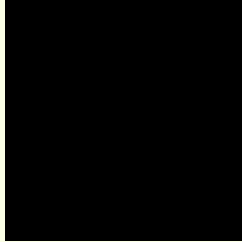
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.8364,

-10.9886,16.2418.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



### Protanopia

98.7596, -5.3088, 8.4188

### Deuteranopia

98.9171, -4.4469, 6.1699

## **Tritanopia**

98.8552, -4.4038, 4.0945

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418

**Protanomaly**

98.7991, -7.1765, 11.2823

**Deuteranomaly**

98.8901, -6.6768, 9.9801

**Tritanomaly**

98.7926, -6.8323, 8.4299

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418



**Achromatopsia**

98.2184, -5.2407, 5.3364



**Achromatomaly**

98.2859, -7.1469, 9.2870

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 255, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 255, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 255, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 255, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 255, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 255, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 255, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 98.8364, -10.9886, 16.2418 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 255, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
255, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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