

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(99.1022, -6.2908,  
6.3883)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(99.1022, -6.2908, 6.3883)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(99.2694, -6.4959,  
6.5453)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFEFB
RGB	252, 254, 251
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0039, 0.0157
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	100°, 60%, 99%
HSV	100°, 1%, 100%
XYZ	92.9993, 98.5441, 105.3861
YIQ	253.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

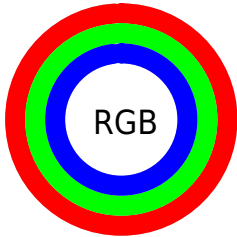
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 254, 253
Decimal	16580347
CIE Lab	99.44, -1.18, 1.19
CIE LCh	99, 1.677, 134.758
Yxy	98.5484, 0.3132, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770427 (0xFFFCFEFB)
YUV	253.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296
Hunter-Lab	99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453

# Details

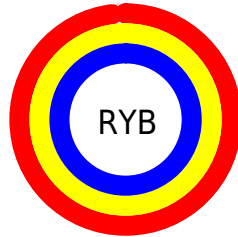
The HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.5065, -4.0489, 4.1887, and the grayscale version is 99.1416, -5.2899, 5.3866.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.4814, -4.9483, 4.7092 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 96.9682, -16.1782, 15.6495, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.6832, -4.8086, 5.0690.

# Distribution



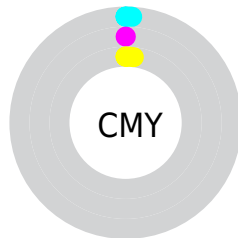
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99.2694, -6.4959,  
6.5453

99.2694, -6.4959,  
6.5453

235.6827,  
-14.1853, 14.3580

86.6555, -5.7712,  
5.8089

126.1578, -8.0342,  
8.1065

74.6244, -5.0727,  
5.1002

140.3850, -8.8412,  
8.9264

63.2083, -4.4041,  
4.4221

155.1102, -9.6733,  
9.7717

52.4422, -3.7666,  
3.7758

170.3170,  
-10.5296, 10.6419

42.3680, -3.1618,  
3.1630

185.9906,  
-11.4096, 11.5362

33.0370, -2.5912,  
2.5854

202.1175,

24.5139, -2.0569,

-12.3126, 12.4541

2.0450

218.6854,  
-13.2380, 13.3948

■ 16.8842, -1.5609,  
1.5439

■ 10.2680, -1.1052,  
1.0843

■ 99.2694, -6.4959,  
6.5453

■ 99.2694, -6.4959,  
6.5453

■ 96.9682, -16.1782,  
15.6495

99.6832, -4.8086,  
5.0690

■ 94.8627, -25.1880,  
23.7835

■ 92.9597, -33.4633,  
30.8935

■ 91.2620, -40.9458,  
36.9371

■ 89.7707, -47.5864,  
41.8893

■ 88.4849, -53.3493,  
45.7477

■ 87.4006, -58.2162,  
48.5374

■ 86.5113, -62.1906,  
50.3177

■ 85.8063, -65.3037,  
51.1917

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

99.2715, -5.7356, 6.9571

99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453

99.2715, -6.9396, 5.8285

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

99.2715, -6.4982, 6.5469

99.2715, -5.7494, 3.8282

99.2715, -3.6503, 5.8153

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453



98.5065, -4.0489, 4.1887

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.2715, -3.6541, 4.9769



99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453



99.2715, -4.8681, 3.8246

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.2715, -6.4982, 6.5469



99.2715, -6.5083, 4.2564



99.2715, -4.1005, 4.2466



99.2715, -4.0903, 6.5373



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453



99.2715, -6.9933, 5.2692



99.2715, -4.1005, 4.2466



99.2715, -3.5997, 5.5379

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.2715, -6.4982, 6.5469

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



99.1416, -5.3086, 6.4162



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.2715, -6.4982, 6.5469



99.7575, -6.3438, 6.4004



99.1936, -6.7383, 6.2042



46.1579, -2.9119, 2.9391



62.0075, -48.7011, 37.3561



19.4949, -14.5833, 11.7573



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.5065, -4.0489, 4.1887



99.1076, -4.2630, 4.3970



98.5858, -3.8069, 4.5396



45.8721, -1.9969, 2.0581



28.8620, 62.4979, -82.6724



9.3318, 19.9172, -24.4824



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

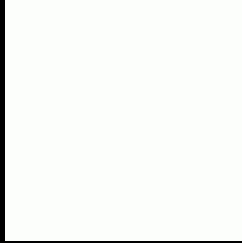
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

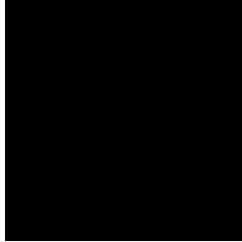
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# HunterLab 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453

### Protanopia

99.2667, -4.8025, 6.0769

### Deuteranopia

99.2987, -4.6273, 5.6200

## **Tritanopia**

99.2680, -4.6049, 4.5813

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453

## Protanomaly

99.1714, -5.1338, 5.9595

## Deuteranomaly

99.1714, -5.1338, 5.9595

## Tritanomaly

99.1408, -5.1116, 4.9250

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453

## Achromatopsia

99.1086, -5.2882, 5.3848

## Achromatomaly

99.0765, -5.4639, 5.8424

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(252, 254, 251) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 254, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 254, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 254, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 254, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 254, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 254, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 254, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 254, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 254,  
251) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 99.2694, -6.4959, 6.5453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 254, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
254, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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