

Converting Colors

HunterLab(99.1713, -12.7958,
19.5342)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(99.1713, -12.7958,
19.5342) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(98.6424,
-12.0640, 19.0341)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFFDE
RGB	251, 255, 222
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 87%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0000, 0.1294
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	67°, 100%, 94%
HSV	67°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	88.7285, 97.3032, 83.2123
YIQ	250.0420, 8.2090, -11.1110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

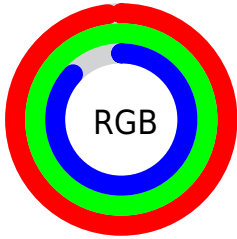
Format	Color
RYB	222, 255, 226
Decimal	16515038
CIELab	98.95, -6.80, 15.33
CIElCh	99, 16.770, 113.915
Yxy	97.3035, 0.3295, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705118 (0xFFFBFFDE)
YUV	250.0420, -13.8247, 0.8402
Hunter-Lab	98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341

Details

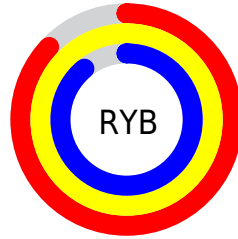
The HunterLab color $98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $86.9670, 2.8460, -10.8606$, and the grayscale version is $97.8497, -5.2210, 5.3164$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $73.9240, -10.0419, 16.0538$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $97.7080, -16.6900, 28.0426$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.6767, -6.9371, 8.7150$.

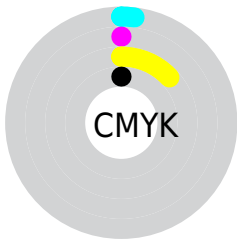
Distribution



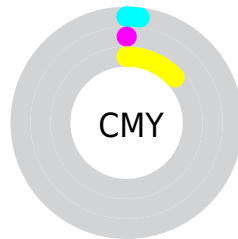
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

98.6424, -12.0640,
19.0341

98.6424, -12.0640,
19.0341

234.8432,
-21.6711, 31.6717

86.0544, -11.0802,
17.6419

125.4763,
-14.0790, 21.8099

74.0526, -10.1127,
16.2431

139.6788,
-15.1122, 23.2003

62.6674, -9.1599,
14.8315

154.3801,
-16.1625, 24.5948

51.9340, -8.2201,
13.3998

169.5637,
-17.2301, 25.9949

41.8948, -7.2911,
11.9371

185.2149,
-18.3147, 27.4018

32.6016, -6.3687,
10.4276

201.3200,

24.1199, -5.4466,

-19.4165, 28.8164

8.8462

217.8666,
-20.5353, 30.2395

■ 16.5365, -4.5128,
7.1511

■ 9.9738, -3.5741,
6.9414

■ 98.6424, -12.0640,
19.0341

■ 98.6424, -12.0640,
19.0341

■ 97.7080, -16.6900,
28.0426

■ 99.6767, -6.9371,
8.7150

■ 96.8713, -20.8147,
35.7455

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 96.1298, -24.4408,
42.1593

■ 95.4799, -27.5776,
47.3169

■ 94.9173, -30.2414,
51.2693

■ 94.4364, -32.4570,
54.0880

■ 94.0302, -34.2591,
55.8695

■ 93.6896, -35.6958,
56.7440

■ 93.4787, -36.5462,
56.9614

Harmonies

Analogous

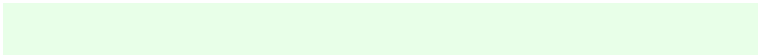
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.6425, -3.4607, 20.1292



98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



98.6425, -18.6295, 14.4240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.6425, -12.0633, 19.0334



98.6425, -15.0794, -8.6083



98.6425, 12.2042, 3.6403

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



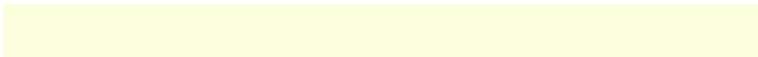
86.9670, 2.8460, -10.8606

Split Complementary

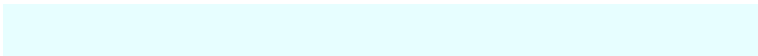
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.6425, 8.8436, -4.6343



98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



98.6425, -7.0636, -12.0954

Square

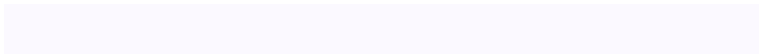
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



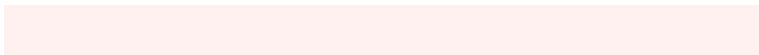
98.6425, -12.0633, 19.0334



98.6425, -20.3275, -1.4111



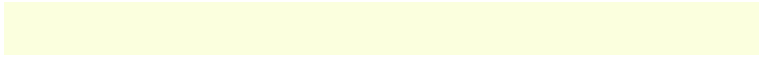
98.6425, 1.7151, -10.5808



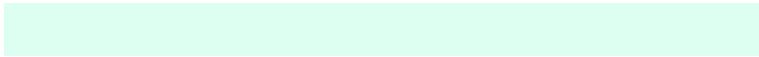
98.6425, 10.7516, 11.7003

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



98.6425, -21.0716, 9.7441



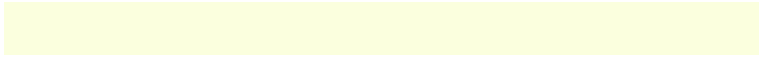
98.6425, 1.7151, -10.5808



98.6425, 11.5964, 0.7847

Sweetspot

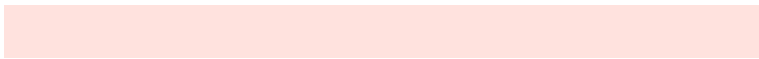
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.6425, -12.0633, 19.0334



99.5624, -7.5038, 9.8703



89.9146, 4.6061, 9.9150



46.0249, -3.6562, 4.9417

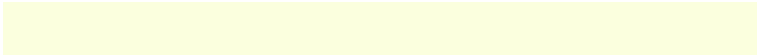
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

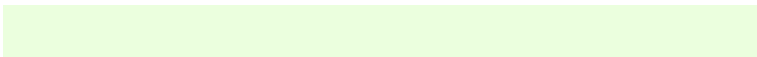
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.6425, -12.0633, 19.0334



98.3461, -13.5322, 21.9291



97.1581, -17.3707, 17.3911



45.7957, -4.7921, 7.2337



67.6044, -26.2930, 41.1972



21.1663, -7.9331, 12.9037

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.9670, 2.8460, -10.8606



83.9625, 4.8674, -14.9847



88.5455, 8.1535, -8.6452



41.8129, 0.2865, -2.9442



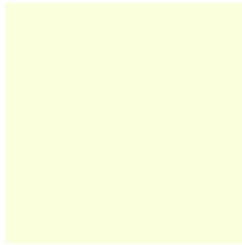
19.8919, 53.0304, -134.1598



6.4589, 16.7480, -39.9103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

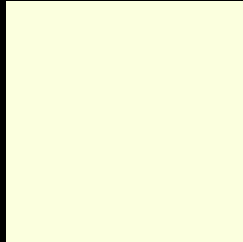
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

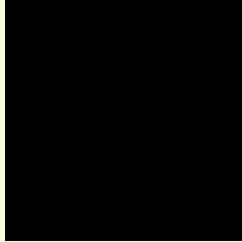
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 98.6424,

-12.0640,19.0341.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



Protanopia

98.6978, -5.6479, 9.3036

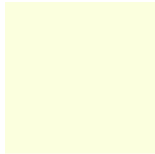
Deuteranopia

98.5680, -4.0908, 6.2631

Tritanopia

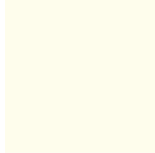
98.5378, -3.8729, 3.7255

Trichromacy



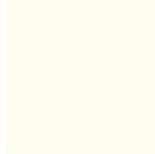
Original Color

98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



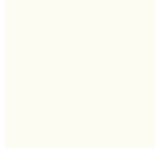
Protanomaly

98.6800, -7.8315, 12.9890



Deuteranomaly

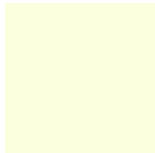
98.4799, -6.6514, 10.9344



Tritanomaly

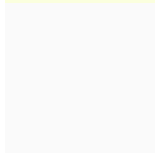
98.3805, -6.8159, 9.4004

Monochromacy



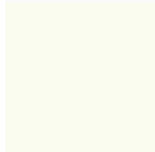
Original Color

98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341



Achromatopsia

97.7739, -5.2170, 5.3122



Achromatomaly

98.1000, -7.9809, 10.4848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 255, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 255, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 255, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 255, 222) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 255, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 255, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 98.6424, -12.0640, 19.0341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 255, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
255, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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