

Converting Colors

HunterLab(99.3969, -7.6898,
6.6197)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(99.3969, -7.6898, 6.6197)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(99.4027, -7.6761,
6.6799)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAFFFB
RGB	250, 255, 251
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0196, 0.0000, 0.0157
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	132°, 100%, 99%
HSV	132°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	92.5969, 98.8090, 105.4584
YIQ	253.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	250, 254, 255
Decimal	16449531
CIE Lab	99.54, -2.34, 1.32
CIE LCh	100, 2.687, 150.547
Yxy	98.8094, 0.3119, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294639611 (0xFFFAFFFB)
YUV	253.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740
Hunter-Lab	99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799

Details

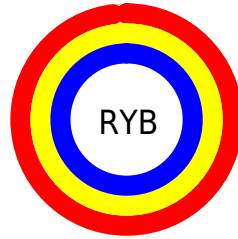
The HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.3809, -2.8571, 4.0631, and the grayscale version is 99.1356, -5.2896, 5.3862.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.6978, -5.7614, 4.9474 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 96.5374, -19.1250, 12.8993, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

Distribution



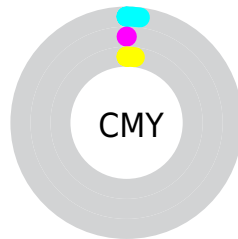
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

99.4027, -7.6761,
6.6799

99.4027, -7.6761,
6.6799

235.8580,
-15.7598, 14.5353

86.7811, -6.8954,
5.9354

126.3001, -9.3103,
8.2502

74.7439, -6.1416,
5.2204

140.5325,
-10.1641, 9.0752

63.3214, -5.4146,
4.5357

155.2627,
-11.0413, 9.9257

52.5484, -4.7151,
3.8825

170.4743,
-11.9414, 10.8008

42.4669, -4.0438,
3.2622

186.1526,
-12.8637, 11.6999

33.1281, -3.4015,
2.6764

202.2841,

24.5964, -2.7884,

-13.8079, 12.6224

2.1271

218.8563,
-14.7734, 13.5677

■ 16.9570, -2.2041,
1.6161

■ 10.3297, -1.6458,
1.1448

■ 99.4027, -7.6761,
6.6799

■ 99.4027, -7.6761,
6.6799

■ 96.5374, -19.1250,
12.8993

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 93.9818, -29.6704,
18.8411

■ 91.7447, -39.1895,
24.4355

■ 89.8310, -47.5718,
29.6128

■ 88.2409, -54.7284,
34.3072

■ 86.9691, -60.6015,
38.4617

■ 86.0035, -65.1745,
42.0317

■ 85.3244, -68.4806,
44.9896

■ 84.9025, -70.6123,
47.3258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.4029, -6.6930, 7.6215



99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799



99.4029, -8.0245, 5.3860

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.4029, -7.6753, 6.6793



99.4029, -5.2832, 2.7787



99.4029, -2.9471, 6.7217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799



98.3809, -2.8571, 4.0631

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.4029, -2.5645, 5.4356



99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799



99.4029, -3.9179, 3.1481

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.4029, -7.6753, 6.6793



99.4029, -6.6481, 3.1227



99.4029, -2.9208, 4.1253



99.4029, -3.9633, 7.6457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799



99.4029, -7.8527, 4.4950



99.4029, -2.9208, 4.1253



99.4029, -2.7399, 6.3180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.4029, -7.6753, 6.6793



99.6940, -6.5330, 6.0699



99.7462, -6.5381, 7.5881



46.1300, -2.9951, 2.7936

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.4029, -7.6753, 6.6793



99.3909, -7.7226, 6.7046



99.4827, -7.2366, 5.5408



45.9966, -3.5184, 3.0728



61.2474, -51.6939, 35.0384



19.1496, -15.8908, 10.3683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.3809, -2.8571, 4.0631



98.3481, -2.8066, 4.0353



98.3000, -3.2984, 5.2162



45.5380, -1.3565, 1.8989



36.6172, 68.9875, -25.0155



11.4917, 21.7594, -8.6939

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

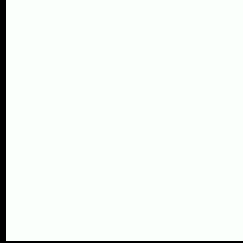
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

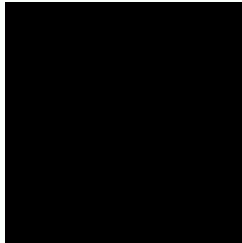
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799

Protanopia

99.2987, -4.6273, 5.6200

Deuteranopia

99.3309, -4.4512, 5.1610

Tritanopia

99.2680, -4.6049, 4.5813

Trichromacy

Original Color

99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799

Protanomaly

99.3954, -5.9926, 6.2066

Deuteranomaly

99.4274, -5.8172, 5.7503

Tritanomaly

99.4596, -5.6410, 5.2918

Monochromacy

Original Color

99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799

Achromatopsia

99.1086, -5.2882, 5.3848

Achromatomaly

99.3012, -6.3211, 6.0907

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 255, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 255, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 255, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 255, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 255, 251) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 255, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 255, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 255, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 255, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 255,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 99.4027, -7.6761, 6.6799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 255, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
255, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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