

Converting Colors

HunterLab(99.4316, -5.4791,
4.7598)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(99.4316, -5.4791, 4.7598)
contains.

HunterLab(99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(99.4918, -5.4641,
4.8313)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>FDFFEF</code>
RGB	<code>253, 254, 255</code>
RGB Percent	<code>99%, 100%, 100%</code>
CMY	<code>0.0078, 0.0039, 0.0000</code>
CMYK	<code>0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00</code>
HSL	<code>210°, 100%, 100%</code>
HSV	<code>210°, 1%, 100%</code>
XYZ	<code>93.9997, 98.9862, 108.7596</code>
YIQ	<code>253.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990</code>

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	253, 254, 255
Decimal	16645887
CIE _{Lab}	99.61, -0.15, -0.60
CIE _{LCh}	100, 0.619, 255.948
Yxy	98.9903, 0.3115, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294835967 (0xFFFDFF)
YUV	253.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

Details

The HunterLab color 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99.6156, -5.1548, 5.9818, and the grayscale version is 99.4712, -5.3075, 5.4045.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.6629, -4.1317, 3.5088 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 93.1312, -6.8917, -2.9637, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

Distribution



- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


99.4918, -5.4641,
4.8313

99.4918, -5.4641,
4.8313


235.9793,
-12.8075, 12.0698

 86.8680, -4.7856,
4.1720


126.3986, -6.9164,
6.2501

 74.8266, -4.1354,
3.5434


140.6346, -7.6828,
7.0023

 63.3996, -3.5176,
2.9496


155.3682, -8.4755,
7.7824

 52.6220, -2.9340,
2.3929

170.5831, -9.2937,
8.5893

 42.5354, -2.3868,
1.8758

186.2647,
-10.1367, 9.4223

 33.1911, -1.8786,
1.4017

202.3993,

 24.6535, -1.4126,

-11.0038, 10.2805

0.9747

218.9746,
-11.8942, 11.1632

■ 17.0075, -0.9930,
0.6006

■ 10.3725, -0.6258,
0.2878

99.4918, -5.4641,
4.8313

99.4918, -5.4641,
4.8313

■ 93.1312, -6.8917,
-2.9637

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 86.9573, -7.8127,
-11.0604

■ 80.9922, -8.1516,
-19.4929

■ 75.2593, -7.8179,
-28.2953

■ 69.7853, -6.7095,
-37.4954

■ 64.6004, -4.7161,
-47.1068

■ 59.7375, -1.7279,
-57.1192

■ 55.2306, 2.3471,
-67.4874

■ 51.1092, 7.5520,
-78.1258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

99.4939, -5.7509, 4.9848

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

99.4939, -5.1412, 4.8388

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

99.4939, -5.4667, 4.8337

99.4939, -4.7087, 5.5799

99.4939, -5.7656, 5.8308

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

99.6156, -5.1548, 5.9818

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

99.4939, -5.4868, 5.9892

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

99.4939, -4.8765, 5.8447

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

99.4939, -5.4667, 4.8337

99.4939, -4.7033, 5.2704

99.4939, -5.1613, 5.9943

99.4939, -5.9233, 5.5609

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

99.4939, -4.9447, 4.9302

99.4939, -5.1613, 5.9943

99.4939, -5.6830, 5.8988

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

99.4939, -5.4667, 4.8337

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332

99.7781, -6.1751, 5.6734

46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.4939, -5.4667, 4.8337



99.3544, -5.5024, 4.6680



99.1844, -4.9522, 4.4761



45.9807, -2.5419, 2.1772



34.8723, 8.7185, -62.4081



11.8430, 0.9175, -16.7833

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.3316, -4.4510, 5.1588



99.1475, -4.2066, 5.0835

99.9253, -5.6691, 6.3350



45.8897, -1.9721, 2.3598



34.5769, 61.6629, 3.3590



10.8910, 19.6107, -0.4008

Previews

White Background



Color Contrast Check

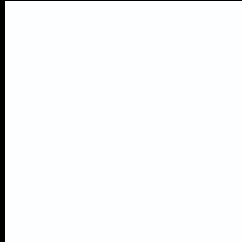
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

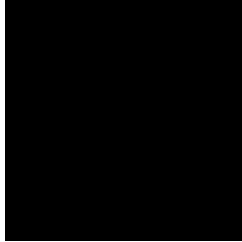
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

Protanopia

99.3309, -4.4512, 5.1610

Deuteranopia

99.3309, -4.4512, 5.1610

Tritanopia

99.5864, -5.1353, 4.9488

Trichromacy

Original Color

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

Protanomaly

99.2357, -4.7820, 5.0428

Deuteranomaly

99.2357, -4.7820, 5.0428

Tritanomaly

99.5864, -5.1353, 4.9488

Monochromacy

Original Color

99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313

Achromatopsia

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Achromatomaly

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 254, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 254,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 99.4918, -5.4641, 4.8313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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