

Converting Colors

HunterLab(99.6820, -6.5986,
6.2407)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(99.6820, -6.5986, 6.2407)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(99.6530, -6.6733,
5.9998)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFFFD
RGB	252, 255, 253
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 99%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0000, 0.0078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	140°, 100%, 99%
HSV	140°, 1%, 100%
XYZ	93.6344, 99.3072, 107.1615
YIQ	253.8750, -1.1460, -1.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

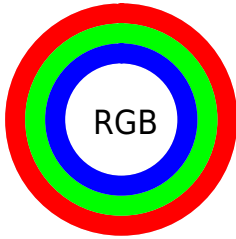
Format	Color
R _Y B	252, 254, 255
Decimal	16580605
CIE Lab	99.73, -1.33, 0.60
CIE LCh	100, 1.459, 155.878
Yxy	99.3077, 0.3120, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770685 (0xFFFCFFFD)
YUV	253.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444
Hunter-Lab	99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

Details

The HunterLab color 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99.0139, -3.9210, 4.7958, and the grayscale version is 99.5009, -5.3091, 5.4061.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.8170, -5.2838, 4.6231 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 96.8641, -17.6243, 10.8019, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

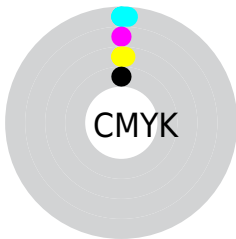
Distribution



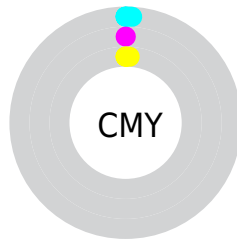
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

99.6530, -6.6733,
5.9998

99.6530, -6.6733,
5.9998

236.1918,
-14.4172, 13.6240

87.0203, -5.9378,
5.2860

126.5712, -8.2228,
7.5124

74.9716, -5.2314,
4.6034

140.8134, -9.0366,
8.3103

63.5368, -4.5543,
3.9527

155.5530, -9.8752,
9.1345

52.7509, -3.9079,
3.3356

170.7738,
-10.7379, 9.9842

42.6555, -3.2936,
2.7541

186.4611,
-11.6240, 10.8586

33.3017, -2.7128,
2.2103

202.6012,

24.7536, -2.1672,

-12.5330, 11.7572

1.7071

219.1819,
-13.4642, 12.6791

■ 17.0960, -1.6587,
1.2478

■ 10.4476, -1.1886,
0.8369

■ 99.6530, -6.6733,
5.9998

■ 99.6530, -6.6733,
5.9998

■ 96.8641, -17.6243,
10.8019

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 94.3678, -27.7511,
15.5522

■ 92.1722, -36.9440,
20.2002

■ 90.2817, -45.1038,
24.6916

■ 88.6965, -52.1496,
28.9699

■ 87.4117, -58.0269,
32.9797

■ 86.4166, -62.7167,
36.6689

■ 85.6934, -66.2431,
39.9921

■ 85.2157, -68.6827,
42.9112

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

99.6533, -6.1902, 6.5607

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

99.6533, -6.7935, 5.2798

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

99.6533, -6.6725, 5.9992

99.6533, -5.1707, 4.0108

99.6533, -4.1181, 6.2477

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

99.0139, -3.9210, 4.7958

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

99.6533, -3.8431, 5.5688

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

99.6533, -4.4519, 4.2745

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.6533, -6.6725, 5.9992



99.6533, -5.9279, 4.1282



99.6533, -3.9654, 4.8461



99.6533, -4.7158, 6.7034

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998



99.6533, -6.6534, 4.8067



99.6533, -3.9654, 4.8461



99.6533, -3.9848, 6.0382

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.6533, -6.6725, 5.9992

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



99.8095, -6.1911, 6.6853



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.6533, -6.6725, 5.9992



99.7049, -6.4732, 5.9146



99.7014, -6.4084, 5.3129



46.1348, -2.9688, 2.7253



61.4316, -50.5408, 32.3188



19.2192, -15.4567, 9.3442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.0139, -3.9210, 4.7958



99.1610, -4.1328, 4.8909



98.9656, -4.1851, 5.4849



45.8956, -1.9396, 2.2752



35.5715, 65.2591, -10.6717



11.1907, 20.6896, -4.5922

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hunterlab color 49.85 0.30 0.47 (#F0F0F0) looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

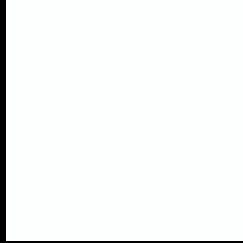
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

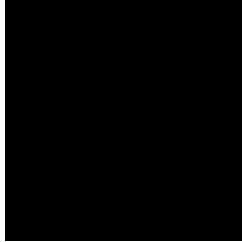
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

Protanopia

99.6491, -4.9818, 5.5265

Deuteranopia

99.6491, -4.9818, 5.5265

Tritanopia

99.5864, -5.1353, 4.9488

Trichromacy

Original Color

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

Protanomaly

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Deuteranomaly

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Tritanomaly

99.4596, -5.6410, 5.2918

Monochromacy

Original Color

99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998

Achromatopsia

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Achromatomaly

99.4596, -5.6410, 5.2918

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 255, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 255, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 255, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 255, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 255, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255,  
253) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 99.6530, -6.6733, 5.9998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 255, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
255, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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