

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 110, 234)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 110, 234) contains.

RGB(0, 110, 234)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(0, 110, 234)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006EEA
RGB	0, 110, 234
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 92%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5686, 0.0824
CMYK	1.00, 0.53, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	212°, 100%, 46%
HSV	212°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	20.4272, 17.0924, 80.0644
YIQ	91.2460, -105.3640, 15.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

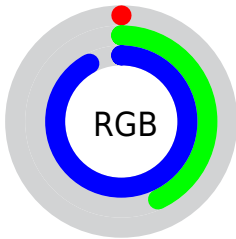
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 234
Decimal	28394
CIELab	48.38, 22.01, -69.53
CIELCh	48, 72.928, 287.569
Yxy	17.0924, 0.1737, 0.1454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218474 (0xFF006EEA)
YUV	91.2460, 70.3777, -80.0227
Hunter-Lab	41.3429, 15.8453, -85.8806

Details

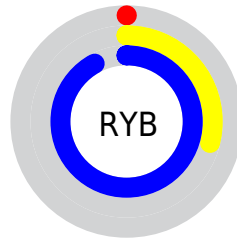
The RGB color `0, 110, 234` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `3366CC`. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be `234, 124, 0`, and the grayscale version is `91, 91, 91`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `107, 161, 255`, and `0, 64, 177` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `0, 110, 234`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `23, 122, 234`.

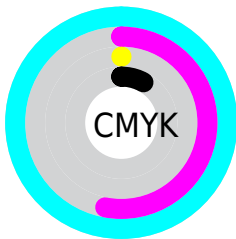
Distribution



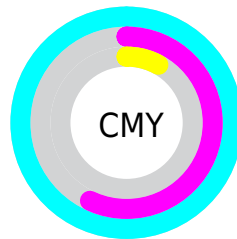
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 110, 234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 110, 234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 110, 234	 0, 110, 234
 255, 255, 255	 0, 86, 205
 107, 161, 255	 0, 64, 177
 141, 188, 255	 0, 43, 150
 173, 215, 255	 0, 26, 123
 204, 243, 255	 0, 4, 98
 236, 255, 255	 0, 9, 73
	 0, 4, 49
	 0, 1, 27
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 110, 234

■ 23, 122, 234

■ 47, 135, 234

■ 70, 147, 234

■ 94, 160, 234

■ 117, 172, 234

■ 140, 184, 234

■ 164, 197, 234

■ 187, 209, 234

■ 211, 222, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 130, 237



0, 110, 234



161, 78, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 110, 234



201, 72, 20



0, 140, 86

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 110, 234



234, 124, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 134, 12



0, 110, 234



161, 103, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 110, 234



220, 35, 82



106, 123, 0



0, 141, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 110, 234



198, 51, 163



106, 123, 0



0, 138, 64

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 110, 234



179, 214, 255



0, 234, 121



82, 103, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 110, 234



0, 120, 255



4, 0, 234



106, 111, 117



0, 85, 181



0, 25, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 0, 110



255, 0, 120



230, 234, 0



117, 106, 111



181, 0, 85



54, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 110, 234 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 110, 234 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

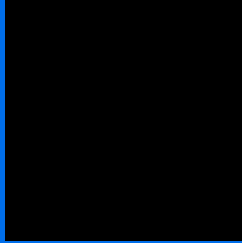
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 110, 234 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 110, 234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 110, 234.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

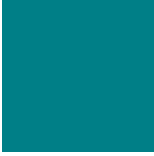
0, 110, 234

Protanopia

9, 110, 234

Deuteranopia

0, 117, 202



Tritanopia
0, 127, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 110, 234

Protanomaly

6, 110, 234

Deuteranomaly

0, 114, 214

Tritanomaly

0, 121, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 110, 234

Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91

Achromatomaly

58, 98, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 110, 234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 110, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 110, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 110, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 110, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 110, 234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 110, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 110, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 110, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 110, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 110, 234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 110, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 110,  
234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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