

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 130, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 130, 126) contains.

RGB(0, 130, 126)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(0, 130, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00827E
RGB	0, 130, 126
RGB Percent	0%, 51%, 49%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4902, 0.5059
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.49
HSL	178°, 100%, 25%
HSV	178°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	11.7485, 17.4716, 22.4918
YIQ	90.6740, -76.1960, -28.8040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

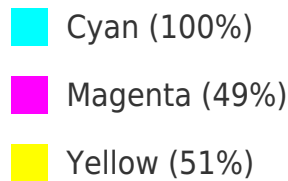
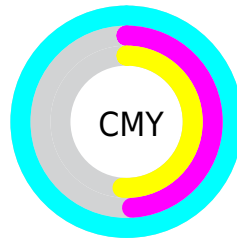
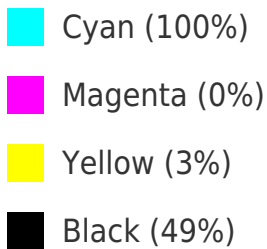
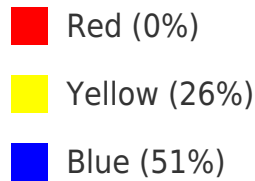
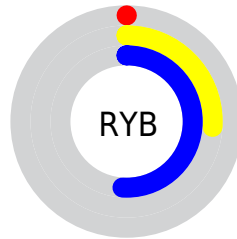
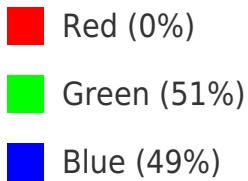
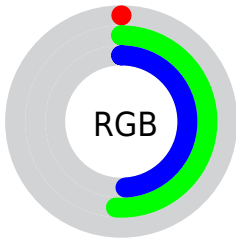
Format	Color
RYB	0, 66, 130
Decimal	33406
CIELab	48.85, -30.45, -6.42
CIELCh	49, 31.122, 191.903
Yxy	17.4716, 0.2272, 0.3379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223486 (0xFF00827E)
YUV	90.6740, 17.4157, -79.5211
Hunter-Lab	41.7991, -22.9771, -2.6442

Details

The RGB color **0, 130, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 0, 4**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 184, 179**, and **0, 80, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 130, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 130, 126**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 130, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 130, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 130, 126

 0, 130, 126

255, 255, 255

 0, 104, 101

 82, 184, 179

 0, 80, 77

 112, 211, 206

 0, 56, 54

 141, 240, 234

 0, 36, 33

 169, 255, 255


 0, 0, 11


 199, 255, 255


 0, 0, 0


 228, 255, 255


 0, 130, 126


 13, 130, 126


 26, 130, 127


 39, 130, 127

 52, 130, 128

 65, 130, 128

 78, 130, 128

 91, 130, 129

 104, 130, 129

 117, 130, 130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59, 129, 99



0, 130, 126



0, 128, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 130, 126



132, 105, 155



147, 109, 66

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 130, 126



130, 0, 4

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162, 100, 82



0, 130, 126



157, 97, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 130, 126



94, 115, 167



167, 95, 106



123, 118, 63

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 130, 126



18, 125, 162



167, 95, 106



153, 106, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 130, 126



118, 168, 167



4, 130, 0



54, 84, 83



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 130, 126



0, 168, 163



0, 69, 130



57, 64, 64



0, 128, 124



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 0, 4



168, 0, 5



130, 61, 0



64, 57, 58



128, 0, 4



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 130, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 130, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

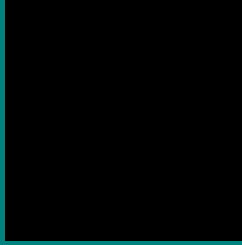
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 130, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 130, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 130, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0, 130, 126

Protanopia

117, 115, 117

Deuteranopia

120, 113, 130



Tritanopia

27, 128, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 130, 126



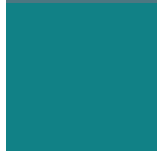
Protanomaly

74, 120, 120



Deuteranomaly

76, 119, 129



Tritanomaly

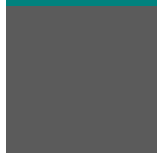
17, 129, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 130, 126



Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91



Achromatomaly

58, 105, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 130, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 130, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 130, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 130, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 130, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 130, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 130, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 130, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 130, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 130, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 130, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 130,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 130, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 130, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 130,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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