

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 156, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 156, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 156, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009CE9
RGB	0, 156, 233
RGB Percent	0%, 61%, 91%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3882, 0.0863
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	200°, 100%, 46%
HSV	200°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	26.5964, 29.6601, 81.4140
YIQ	118.1340, -117.6930, -9.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

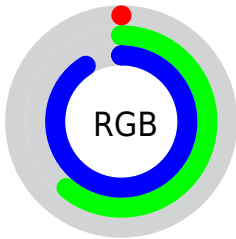
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 233
Decimal	40169
CIELab	61.36, -6.41, -48.15
CIELCh	61, 48.573, 262.417
Yxy	29.6601, 0.1932, 0.2154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230249 (0xFF009CE9)
YUV	118.1340, 56.6289, -103.6035
Hunter-Lab	54.4611, -8.1353, -50.5099

Details

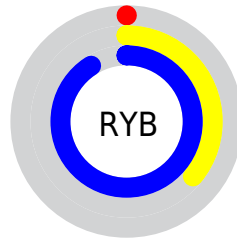
The RGB color **0, 156, 233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **233, 77, 0**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 210, 255**, and **0, 105, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 156, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 164, 233**.

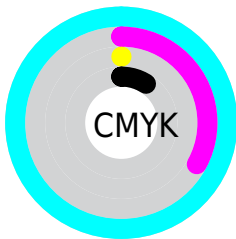
Distribution



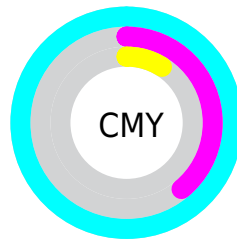
- Red (0%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 156, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 156, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 156, 233	 0, 156, 233
 255, 255, 255	 0, 130, 205
 107, 210, 255	 0, 105, 177
 140, 238, 255	 0, 81, 150
 172, 255, 255	 0, 59, 124
 203, 255, 255	 0, 38, 98
 235, 255, 255	 0, 17, 74
	 0, 4, 50
	 0, 2, 28
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 156, 233

■ 23, 164, 233

■ 47, 171, 233

■ 70, 179, 233

■ 93, 187, 233

■ 117, 194, 233

■ 140, 202, 233

■ 163, 210, 233

■ 186, 218, 233

■ 210, 225, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 165, 215



0, 156, 233



133, 141, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 156, 233



228, 113, 118



89, 164, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 156, 233



233, 77, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 156, 65



0, 156, 233



213, 126, 81

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 156, 233



222, 112, 161



182, 142, 60



0, 169, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 156, 233



174, 130, 212



182, 142, 60



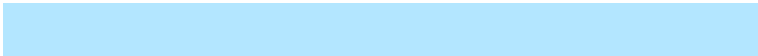
108, 162, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 156, 233



179, 230, 255



0, 233, 74



82, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



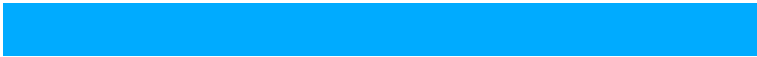
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 156, 233



0, 171, 255



0, 43, 233



106, 113, 117



0, 121, 181



0, 36, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 0, 156



255, 0, 171



233, 190, 0



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 121



54, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 156, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 156, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

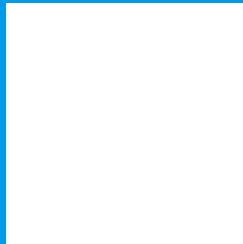
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 156, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 156, 233.

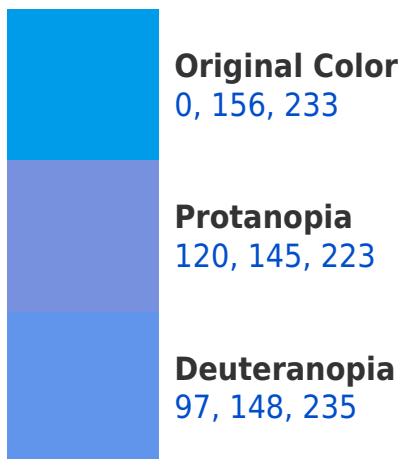


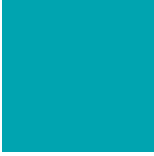
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 156, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 164, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color
0, 156, 233



Protanomaly
76, 149, 227



Deuteranomaly
62, 151, 234



Tritanomaly
0, 161, 197

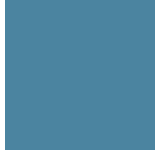
Monochromacy



Original Color
0, 156, 233



Achromatopsia
118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly
75, 132, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 156, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 156, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 156, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 156, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 156, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 156, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 156, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 156, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 156, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 156, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 156, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 156, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 156,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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