

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 166, 231)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 166, 231) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 166, 231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A6E7
RGB	0, 166, 231
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 91%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3490, 0.0941
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	197°, 100%, 45%
HSV	197°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	28.0600, 33.0420, 80.5001
YIQ	123.7760, -119.8010, -14.9770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

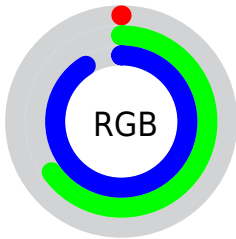
Format	Color
RYB	0, 97, 231
Decimal	42727
CIELab	64.19, -12.74, -42.58
CIELCh	64, 44.443, 253.346
Yxy	33.0420, 0.1982, 0.2333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232807 (0xFF00A6E7)
YUV	123.7760, 52.8614, -108.5516
Hunter-Lab	57.4821, -13.4586, -42.7944

Details

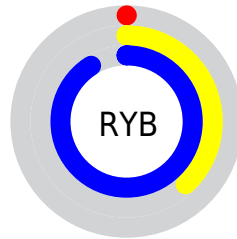
The RGB color **0, 166, 231** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **231, 65, 0**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 221, 255**, and **0, 114, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 166, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 172, 231**.

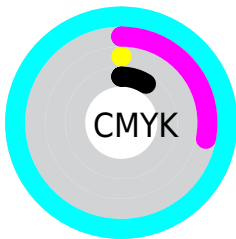
Distribution



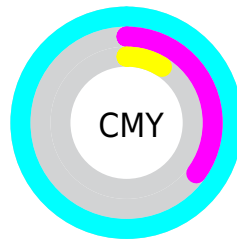
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 166, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 166, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 166, 231	 0, 166, 231
 255, 255, 255	 0, 140, 203
 107, 221, 255	 0, 114, 175
 140, 249, 255	 0, 90, 148
 172, 255, 255	 0, 67, 122
 203, 255, 255	 0, 45, 97
 235, 255, 255	 0, 26, 73
	 0, 4, 50
	 0, 1, 28
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 166, 231

■ 23, 172, 231

■ 46, 179, 231

■ 69, 186, 231

■ 92, 192, 231

■ 116, 198, 231

■ 139, 205, 231

■ 162, 211, 231

■ 185, 218, 231

■ 208, 225, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 173, 209



0, 166, 231



123, 154, 233

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 166, 231



231, 123, 139



118, 169, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 166, 231



231, 65, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162, 159, 76



0, 166, 231



223, 132, 103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 166, 231



218, 126, 179



198, 146, 79



59, 174, 132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 166, 231



165, 144, 222



198, 146, 79



134, 166, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 166, 231



179, 233, 255



0, 231, 62



82, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



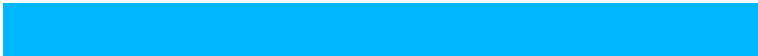
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 166, 231



0, 183, 255



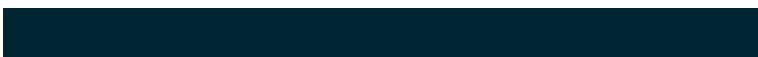
0, 54, 231



103, 112, 115



0, 128, 179



0, 37, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 0, 166



255, 0, 183



231, 177, 0



115, 103, 112



179, 0, 128



51, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 166, 231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

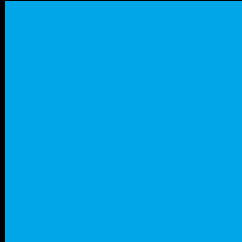
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 166, 231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

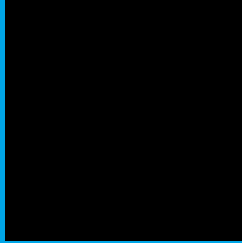
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 166, 231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 166, 231.

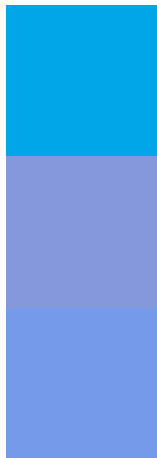


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 166, 231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

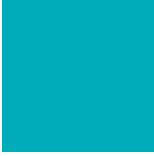
Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 166, 231

Protanopia
133, 152, 220

Deuteranopia
117, 154, 234



Tritanopia
0, 172, 185

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 166, 231



Protanomaly

85, 157, 224



Deuteranomaly

74, 158, 233



Tritanomaly

0, 170, 202

Monochromacy



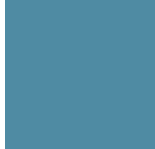
Original Color

0, 166, 231



Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124



Achromatomaly

79, 139, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 166, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 166, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 166, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 166, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 166, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 166, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 166, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 166, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 166, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 166, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 166,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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