

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 186, 215)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 186, 215) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 186, 215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BAD7
RGB	0, 186, 215
RGB Percent	0%, 73%, 84%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2706, 0.1569
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	188°, 100%, 42%
HSV	188°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	29.8246, 40.0241, 70.4435
YIQ	133.6920, -120.1650, -30.4130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

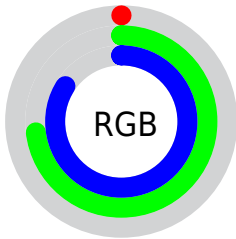
Format	Color
RYB	0, 100, 215
Decimal	47831
CIELab	69.49, -28.71, -25.59
CIElCh	69, 38.457, 221.709
Yxy	40.0241, 0.2126, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237911 (0xFF00BAD7)
YUV	133.6920, 40.0848, -117.2479
Hunter-Lab	63.2646, -26.5633, -21.7326

Details

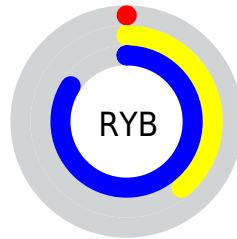
The RGB color **0, 186, 215** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **215, 29, 0**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105, 242, 255**, and **0, 132, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 186, 215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 189, 215**.

Distribution



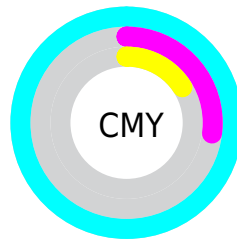
- Red (0%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 186, 215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 186, 215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 186, 215	 0, 186, 215
 255, 255, 255	 0, 159, 187
 105, 242, 255	 0, 132, 160
 139, 255, 255	 0, 107, 134
 170, 255, 255	 0, 82, 109
 202, 255, 255	 0, 59, 84
 233, 255, 255	 0, 37, 61
	 0, 3, 39
	 0, 1, 17
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 186, 215

■ 21, 189, 215

■ 43, 192, 215

■ 65, 195, 215

■ 86, 198, 215

■ 108, 200, 215

■ 129, 203, 215

■ 151, 206, 215

■ 172, 209, 215

■ 194, 212, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42, 188, 183



0, 186, 215



79, 179, 235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 186, 215



224, 145, 192



179, 172, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 186, 215



215, 29, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211, 160, 104



0, 186, 215



237, 143, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 186, 215



191, 156, 222



232, 149, 125



141, 181, 116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 186, 215



122, 172, 239



232, 149, 125



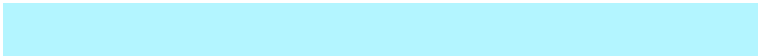
191, 168, 99

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 186, 215



179, 245, 255



0, 215, 29



82, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



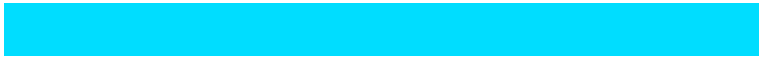
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 186, 215



0, 221, 255



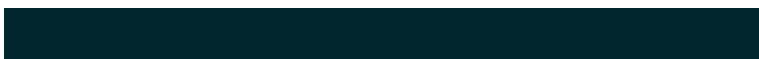
0, 79, 215



96, 106, 107



0, 148, 171



0, 38, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 0, 186



255, 0, 221



215, 136, 0



107, 96, 106



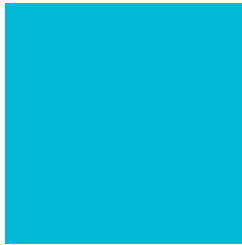
171, 0, 148



43, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 186, 215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 186, 215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 186, 215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 186, 215.

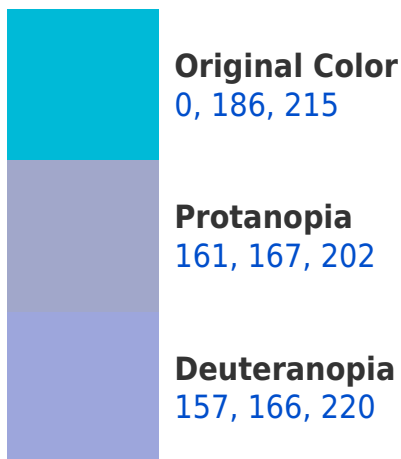


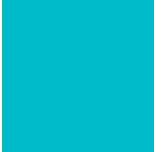
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 186, 215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 187, 202

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 186, 215



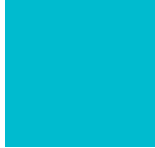
Protanomaly

102, 174, 207



Deuteranomaly

100, 173, 218



Tritanomaly

0, 187, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 186, 215



Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134



Achromatomaly

85, 153, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 186, 215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 186, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 186, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 186, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 186, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 186, 215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 186, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 186, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 186, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 186, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 186, 215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 186, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 186,  
215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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