

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 198, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 198, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 198, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C6E0
RGB	0, 198, 224
RGB Percent	0%, 78%, 88%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2235, 0.1216
CMYK	1.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	187°, 100%, 44%
HSV	187°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	33.6486, 45.7700, 77.5820
YIQ	141.7620, -126.3540, -33.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

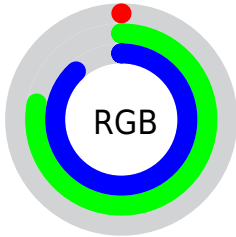
Format	Color
RYB	0, 105, 224
Decimal	50912
CIELab	73.40, -31.62, -24.50
CIELCh	73, 40.001, 217.774
Yxy	45.7700, 0.2143, 0.2915
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240992 (0xFF00C6E0)
YUV	141.7620, 40.5433, -124.3253
Hunter-Lab	67.6535, -29.6136, -20.6337

Details

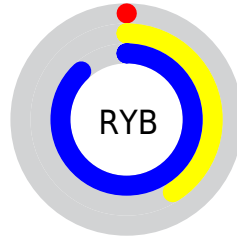
The RGB color **0, 198, 224** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **224, 26, 0**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 255, 255**, and **0, 144, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 198, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 201, 224**.

Distribution



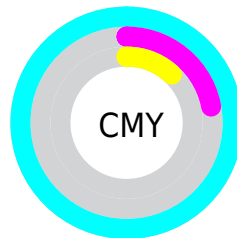
- Red (0%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 198, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 198, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 198, 224	 0, 198, 224
 255, 255, 255	 0, 170, 196
 109, 255, 255	 0, 144, 169
 142, 255, 255	 0, 118, 142
 174, 255, 255	 0, 93, 117
 206, 255, 255	 0, 68, 92
 237, 255, 255	 0, 45, 68
	 0, 22, 46
	 0, 1, 25
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 198, 224

■ 22, 201, 224

■ 45, 203, 224

■ 67, 206, 224

■ 90, 208, 224

■ 112, 211, 224

■ 134, 214, 224

■ 157, 216, 224

■ 179, 219, 224

■ 202, 221, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55, 200, 189



0, 198, 224



76, 192, 247

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 198, 224



234, 156, 209



195, 181, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 198, 224



224, 26, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 169, 113



0, 198, 224



251, 152, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 198, 224



197, 167, 238



248, 157, 137



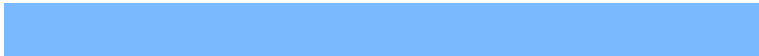
155, 191, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 198, 224



122, 185, 253



248, 157, 137



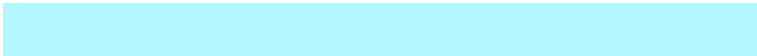
207, 177, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 198, 224



179, 246, 255



0, 224, 22



82, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



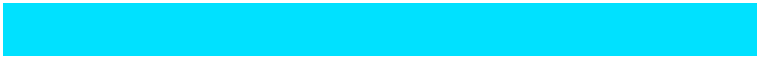
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 198, 224



0, 225, 255



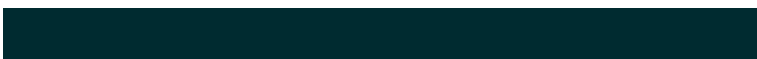
0, 90, 224



101, 111, 112



0, 156, 176



0, 43, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 0, 198



255, 0, 225



224, 134, 0



112, 101, 111



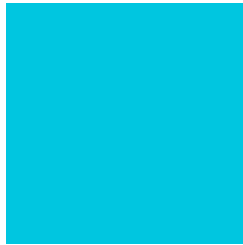
176, 0, 156



48, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 198, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

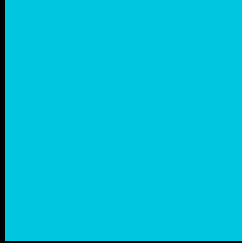
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 198, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

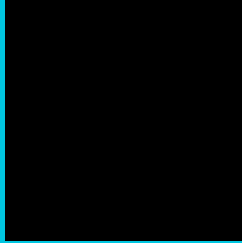
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 198, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 198, 224.

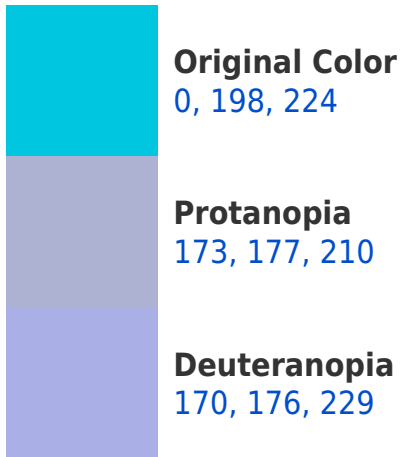


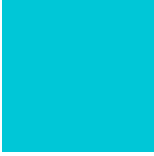
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 198, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 199, 215

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 198, 224



Protanomaly

110, 185, 215



Deuteranomaly

108, 184, 227



Tritanomaly

0, 199, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 198, 224



Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142



Achromatomaly

90, 162, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 198, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 198, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 198, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 198, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 198, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 198, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 198, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 198, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 198, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 198, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 198, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 198,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 198, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 198, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 198,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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