

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 19, 218)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 19, 218) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 19, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0013DA
RGB	0, 19, 218
RGB Percent	0%, 7%, 85%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9255, 0.1451
CMYK	1.00, 0.91, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	235°, 100%, 43%
HSV	235°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	12.8878, 5.5277, 66.7174
YIQ	36.0050, -75.2030, 57.8610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

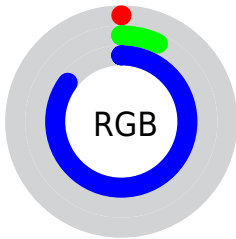
Format	Color
RYB	0, 17, 218
Decimal	5082
CIELab	28.19, 66.41, -93.69
CIElCh	28, 114.834, 305.329
Yxy	5.5277, 0.1514, 0.0649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195162 (0xFF0013DA)
YUV	36.0050, 89.7235, -31.5764
Hunter-Lab	23.5111, 56.7017, -151.7895

Details

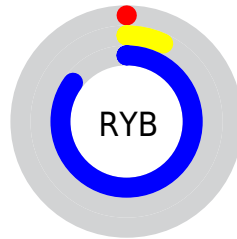
The RGB color **0, 19, 218** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **218, 199, 0**, and the grayscale version is **35, 35, 35**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 74, 255**, and **0, 0, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 19, 218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 39, 218**.

Distribution



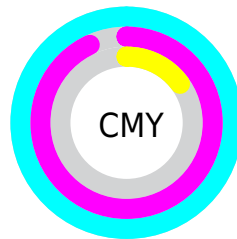
- Red (0%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)






















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 19, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 19, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 19, 218	 0, 19, 218
 255, 255, 255	 0, 0, 189
 110, 74, 255	 0, 0, 161
 144, 100, 255	 0, 0, 134
 177, 127, 255	 0, 7, 107
 209, 154, 255	 0, 11, 82
 241, 182, 255	 0, 5, 58
 255, 210, 255	 0, 2, 35
 255, 239, 255	 0, 0, 11
	 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 19, 218

■ 22, 39, 218

■ 44, 59, 218

■ 65, 79, 218

■ 87, 99, 218

■ 109, 119, 218

■ 131, 138, 218

■ 153, 158, 218

■ 174, 178, 218

■ 196, 198, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 81, 254



0, 19, 218



173, 0, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 19, 218



137, 13, 0



0, 91, 81

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 19, 218



218, 199, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 89, 0



0, 19, 218



68, 70, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 19, 218



184, 0, 0



0, 84, 0



0, 95, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 19, 218



199, 0, 85



0, 84, 0



0, 91, 50

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 19, 218



179, 185, 255



0, 218, 196



82, 86, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 19, 218



0, 22, 255



87, 0, 218



99, 100, 110



0, 15, 173



0, 4, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 0, 19



255, 0, 22



131, 218, 0



110, 99, 100



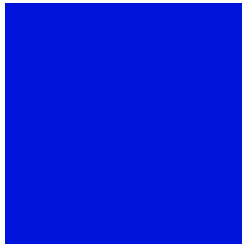
173, 0, 15



46, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 19, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

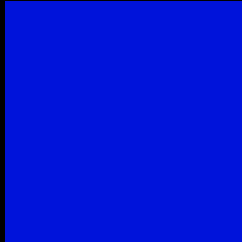
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 19, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

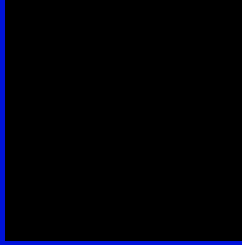
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 19, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 19, 218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 19, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 19, 218

Protanopia
0, 65, 136

Deuteranopia
0, 69, 115



Tritanopia

0, 75, 78

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 19, 218

Protanomaly

0, 48, 166

Deuteranomaly

0, 51, 152

Tritanomaly

0, 55, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 19, 218

Achromatopsia

36, 36, 36

Achromatomaly

23, 30, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 19, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 19, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 19, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 19, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 19, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 19, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 19, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 19, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 19, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 19, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 19, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 19, 218)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 19, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 19, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 19,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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