

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 224, 242)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 224, 242) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 224, 242)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E0F2
RGB	0, 224, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 88%, 95%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1216, 0.0510
CMYK	1.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	184°, 100%, 47%
HSV	184°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	42.6827, 59.7221, 93.2823
YIQ	159.0760, -139.2820, -41.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

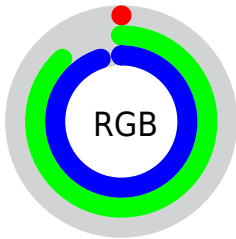
Format	Color
RYB	0, 116, 242
Decimal	57586
CIELab	81.69, -38.17, -21.53
CIELCh	82, 43.825, 209.418
Yxy	59.7221, 0.2181, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278247666 (0xFF00E0F2)
YUV	159.0760, 40.8815, -139.5097
Hunter-Lab	77.2801, -36.6526, -17.4710

Details

The RGB color **0, 224, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **242, 18, 0**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115, 255, 255**, and **0, 168, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 224, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 226, 242**.

Distribution



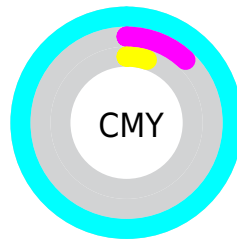
- Red (0%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 224, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 224, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



0, 224, 242



0, 224, 242

255, 255, 255



0, 196, 214



115, 255, 255



0, 168, 186



150, 255, 255



0, 141, 159



183, 255, 255



0, 115, 133



215, 255, 255



0, 90, 107



247, 255, 255



0, 66, 83



0, 43, 60




0, 14, 39



0, 1, 16

 0, 224, 242

 24, 226, 242

 48, 228, 242

 73, 229, 242

 97, 231, 242

 121, 233, 242

 145, 235, 242

 169, 237, 242

 194, 238, 242

 218, 240, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81, 225, 201



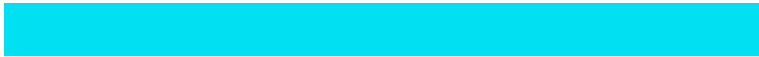
0, 224, 242



63, 218, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 224, 242



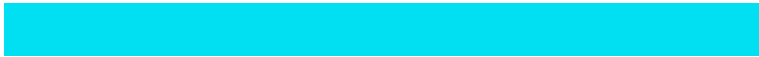
254, 178, 245



231, 200, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 224, 242



242, 18, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 186, 133



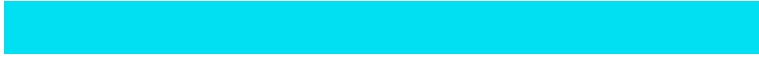
0, 224, 242



255, 171, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 224, 242



206, 193, 255



255, 174, 165



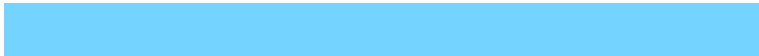
188, 213, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 224, 242



116, 211, 255



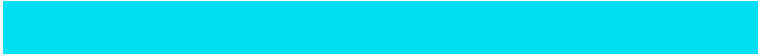
255, 174, 165



243, 196, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 224, 242



179, 249, 255



0, 242, 16



82, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 224, 242



0, 236, 255



0, 105, 242



108, 119, 120



0, 170, 184



0, 52, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 0, 224



255, 0, 236



242, 137, 0



120, 108, 119



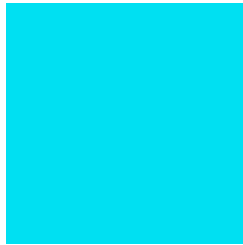
184, 0, 170



56, 0, 52

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 224, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

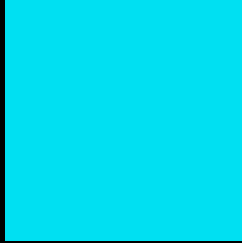
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 224, 242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 224, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 224, 242.

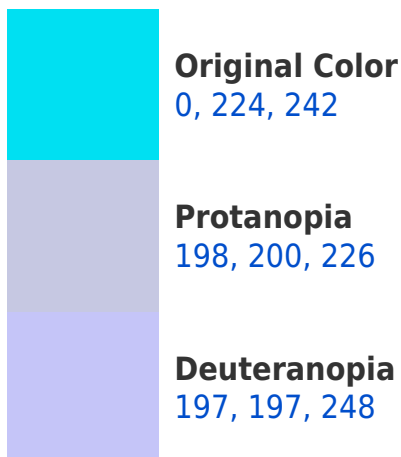


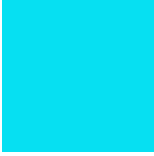
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 224, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





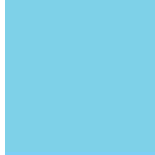
Tritanopia
6, 224, 242

Trichromacy



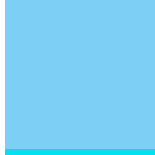
Original Color

0, 224, 242



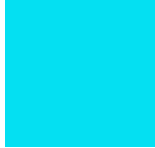
Protanomaly

126, 209, 232



Deuteranomaly

125, 207, 246



Tritanomaly

4, 224, 242

Monochromacy



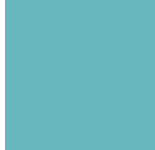
Original Color

0, 224, 242



Achromatopsia

159, 159, 159



Achromatomaly

101, 183, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 224, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 224, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 224, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 224, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 224, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 224, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 224, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 224, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 224, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 224, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 224, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 224,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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