

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 254, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 254, 126) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 254, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FE7E
RGB	0, 254, 126
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 49%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0039, 0.5059
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.50, 0.00
HSL	150°, 100%, 50%
HSV	150°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	39.2077, 72.3900, 31.6449
YIQ	163.4620, -110.2960, -93.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

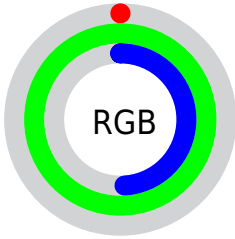
Format	Color
RYB	0, 170, 254
Decimal	65150
CIELab	88.16, -76.74, 47.10
CIELCh	88, 90.045, 148.461
Yxy	72.3900, 0.2737, 0.5054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255230 (0xFF00FE7E)
YUV	163.4620, -18.4688, -143.3562
Hunter-Lab	85.0823, -66.6375, 37.5057

Details

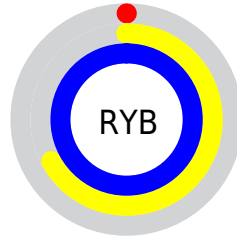
The RGB color **0, 254, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF66**. The color can be described as dark saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **254, 0, 128**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116, 255, 181**, and **0, 196, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 254, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 254, 139**.

Distribution



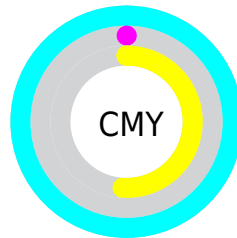
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (0%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 254, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 254, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 254, 126	 0, 254, 126
 255, 255, 255	 0, 225, 100
 116, 255, 181	 0, 196, 73
 150, 255, 209	 0, 167, 47
 183, 255, 238	 0, 139, 17
 216, 255, 255	 0, 112, 0
 248, 255, 255	 0, 86, 0
	 0, 62, 0
	 0, 35, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 0, 254, 126

 25, 254, 139

 51, 254, 152

 76, 254, 164

 102, 254, 177

 127, 254, 190

 152, 254, 203

 178, 254, 216

 203, 254, 228

 229, 254, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 240, 45



0, 254, 126



0, 255, 214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 254, 126



0, 233, 255



255, 146, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 254, 126



254, 0, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 134, 229



0, 254, 126



210, 200, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 254, 126



0, 252, 255



255, 160, 255



255, 181, 70

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 254, 126



0, 255, 255



255, 160, 255



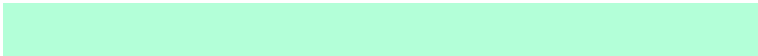
255, 138, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 254, 126



179, 255, 216



131, 254, 0



82, 128, 104



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 254, 126



0, 255, 126



0, 254, 250



115, 128, 121



0, 191, 95



0, 64, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 0, 128



255, 0, 129



254, 0, 4



128, 115, 121



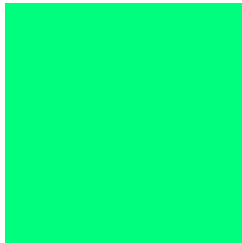
191, 0, 96



64, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 254, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 254, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 254, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 254, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 254, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



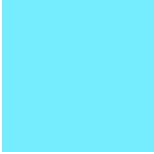
Original Color
0, 254, 126



Protanopia
242, 219, 114



Deuteranopia
255, 211, 160



Tritanopia
118, 237, 255

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 254, 126



Protanomaly

154, 232, 118



Deuteranomaly

162, 227, 148



Tritanomaly

75, 243, 208

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 254, 126



Achromatopsia

163, 163, 163



Achromatomaly

104, 196, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 254, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 254, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 254, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 254, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 254, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 254, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 254, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 254, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 254, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 254, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 254, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 254, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 254,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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