

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 254, 228)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 254, 228) contains.

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Color

RGB(0, 254, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FEE4
RGB	0, 254, 228
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 89%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0039, 0.1059
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	174°, 100%, 50%
HSV	174°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	49.4454, 76.4851, 85.5558
YIQ	175.0900, -143.0380, -61.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

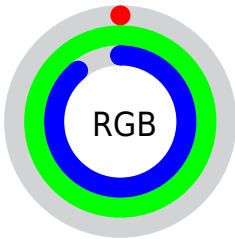
Format	Color
RYB	0, 134, 254
Decimal	65252
CIELab	90.08, -55.13, -1.65
CIELCh	90, 55.154, 181.716
Yxy	76.4851, 0.2338, 0.3617
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255332 (0xFF00FEE4)
YUV	175.0900, 26.0846, -153.5539
Hunter-Lab	87.4557, -52.1279, 3.2170

Details

The RGB color **0, 254, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **254, 0, 26**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **118, 255, 255**, and **0, 196, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 254, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 254, 231**.

Distribution



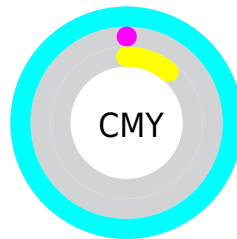
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 254, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 254, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



0, 254, 228



0, 254, 228

255, 255, 255



0, 225, 200



118, 255, 255



0, 196, 173



154, 255, 255



0, 168, 146



187, 255, 255



0, 141, 121



220, 255, 255



0, 114, 96



252, 255, 255



0, 89, 72



0, 64, 50



0, 41, 29



0, 1, 4

 0, 254, 228

 25, 254, 231

 51, 254, 233

 76, 254, 236

 102, 254, 238

 127, 254, 241

 152, 254, 244

 178, 254, 246

 203, 254, 249

 229, 254, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 250, 175



0, 254, 228



0, 253, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 254, 228



235, 212, 255



255, 206, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 254, 228



254, 0, 26

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 189, 174



0, 254, 228



255, 193, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 254, 228



147, 231, 255



255, 184, 226



255, 225, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 254, 228



0, 248, 255



255, 184, 226



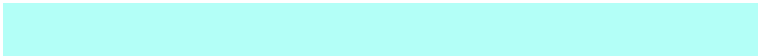
255, 200, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 254, 228



179, 255, 247



30, 254, 0



82, 128, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 254, 228



0, 255, 229



0, 157, 254



115, 128, 126



0, 191, 172



0, 64, 57

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 0, 26



255, 0, 26



254, 97, 0



128, 115, 116



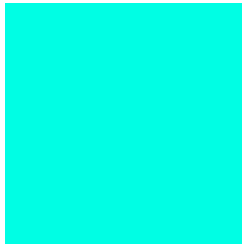
191, 0, 20



64, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 254, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

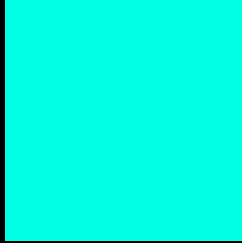
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 254, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

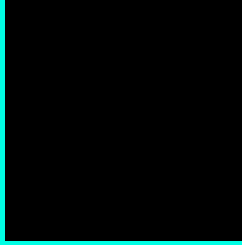
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 254, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 254, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 254, 228.

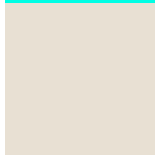
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

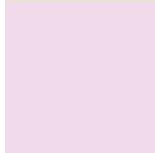
Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 254, 228



Protanopia
232, 224, 211



Deuteranopia
241, 218, 236



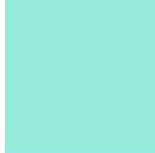
Tritanopia
143, 241, 255

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 254, 228



Protanomaly

148, 235, 217



Deuteranomaly

153, 231, 233



Tritanomaly

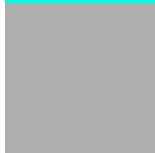
91, 246, 245

Monochromacy



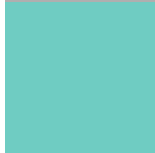
Original Color

0, 254, 228



Achromatopsia

175, 175, 175



Achromatomaly

111, 204, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 254, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 254, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 254, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 254, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 254, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 254, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 254, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 254, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 254, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 254, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 254, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 254, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 254,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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