

Converting Colors

RGB(0, 35, 238)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(0, 35, 238) contains.

RGB(0, 35, 238)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

RGB(0, 35, 238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0023EE
RGB	0, 35, 238
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 93%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8627, 0.0667
CMYK	1.00, 0.85, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	231°, 100%, 47%
HSV	231°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	16.0336, 7.3751, 81.4674
YIQ	47.6770, -86.0230, 55.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

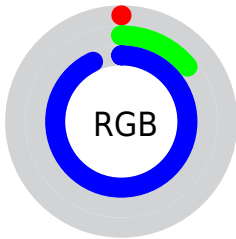
Format	Color
RYB	0, 31, 238
Decimal	9198
CIELab	32.65, 66.59, -97.69
CIELCh	33, 118.230, 304.279
Yxy	7.3751, 0.1529, 0.0703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199278 (0xFF0023EE)
YUV	47.6770, 93.8292, -41.8127
Hunter-Lab	27.1572, 57.8618, -158.8511

Details

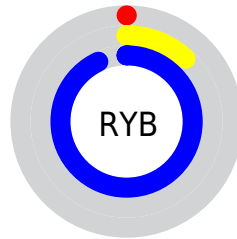
The RGB color **0, 35, 238** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **238, 203, 0**, and the grayscale version is **47, 47, 47**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115, 87, 255**, and **0, 0, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 35, 238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 55, 238**.

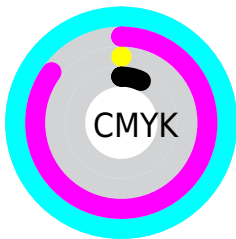
Distribution



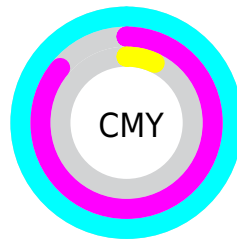
- Red (0%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)






















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 0, 35, 238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 0, 35, 238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 0, 35, 238	 0, 35, 238
 255, 255, 255	 0, 3, 209
 115, 87, 255	 0, 0, 180
 150, 113, 255	 0, 0, 152
 183, 140, 255	 0, 0, 125
 215, 167, 255	 0, 15, 99
 248, 195, 255	 0, 9, 74
 255, 223, 255	 0, 4, 50
 255, 252, 255	 0, 2, 29
	 0, 0, 0


 0, 35, 238


 24, 55, 238


 48, 76, 238


 71, 96, 238

 95, 116, 238

 119, 136, 238

 143, 157, 238

 167, 177, 238

 190, 197, 238

 214, 218, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 92, 255



0, 35, 238



187, 0, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 35, 238



154, 21, 0



0, 104, 89

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 35, 238



238, 203, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 101, 0



0, 35, 238



83, 79, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 35, 238



204, 0, 0



0, 96, 0



0, 107, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 35, 238



217, 0, 99



0, 96, 0



0, 103, 56

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 35, 238



179, 190, 255



0, 238, 202



82, 88, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 35, 238



0, 37, 255



83, 0, 238



108, 110, 120



0, 27, 184



0, 8, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 0, 35



255, 0, 38



155, 238, 0



120, 108, 110



184, 0, 27



56, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 35, 238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

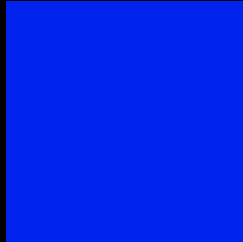
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 0, 35, 238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

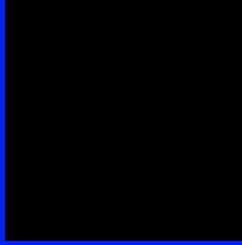
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 0, 35, 238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 35, 238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 0, 35, 238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0, 35, 238

Protanopia

0, 74, 155

Deuteranopia

0, 79, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 35, 238

Protanomaly

0, 60, 185

Deuteranomaly

0, 63, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 35, 238

Achromatopsia

48, 48, 48

Achromatomaly

31, 43, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 0, 35, 238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 35, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 35, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 35, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 0, 35, 238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 35, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 35, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 35, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 238)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 35, 238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 35, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 35,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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