

Converting Colors

RGB(100, 121, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(100, 121, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(100, 121, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64797D
RGB	100, 121, 125
RGB Percent	39%, 47%, 49%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5255, 0.5098
CMYK	0.20, 0.03, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	190°, 11%, 44%
HSV	190°, 20%, 49%
XYZ	15.7946, 17.8647, 22.0178
YIQ	115.1770, -13.8000, -3.2080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

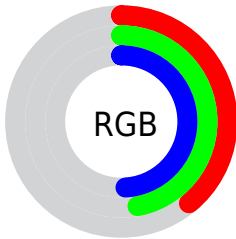
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 111, 125
Decimal	6584701
CIE Lab	49.33, -6.71, -4.75
CIE LCh	49, 8.222, 215.291
Yxy	17.8647, 0.2837, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284774781 (0xFF64797D)
YUV	115.1770, 4.8427, -13.3102
Hunter-Lab	42.2667, -7.2633, -1.2990

Details

The RGB color **100, 121, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **125, 104, 100**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 173, 178**, and **53, 72, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 119, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 123, 125**.

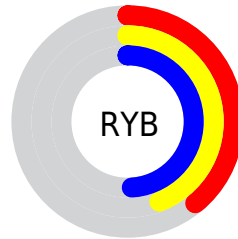
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (47%)

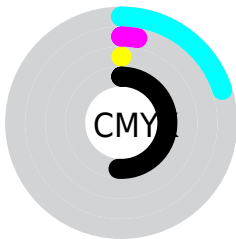
Blue (49%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (49%)

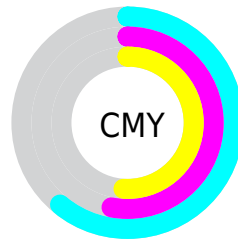


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 100, 121, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 100, 121, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 100, 121, 125

255, 255, 255

■ 151, 173, 178

■ 178, 201, 205

■ 206, 229, 233

■ 234, 255, 255

■ 100, 121, 125

■ 76, 96, 100

■ 53, 72, 76

■ 31, 50, 54

■ 9, 29, 32

■ 0, 0, 9

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 100, 121, 125

■ 87, 119, 125

■ 75, 117, 125

■ 100, 121, 125

■ 113, 123, 125

■ 125, 125, 125

■ 63, 115, 125

■ 138, 127, 125

■ 50, 113, 125

■ 150, 129, 125

■ 38, 111, 125

■ 163, 131, 125

■ 25, 109, 125

■ 175, 133, 125

■ 12, 107, 125

■ 187, 135, 125

■ 0, 105, 125

■ 200, 137, 125

■ 212, 139, 125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 121, 118



100, 121, 125



104, 120, 130

Triad

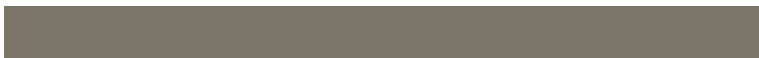
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 121, 125



128, 113, 123



122, 117, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 121, 125



125, 104, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128, 115, 105



100, 121, 125



132, 113, 116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 121, 125



120, 115, 129



132, 113, 109



114, 119, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



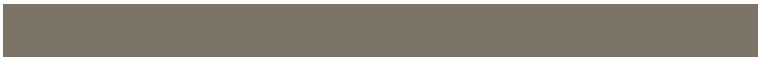
100, 121, 125



109, 118, 131



132, 113, 109



124, 116, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 121, 125



153, 162, 163



100, 125, 104



76, 81, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 121, 125



124, 157, 163



100, 109, 125



57, 63, 64



0, 107, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

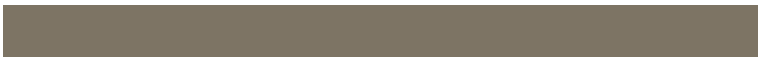
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 100, 121



163, 124, 157



125, 116, 100



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 107



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 100, 121, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 100, 121, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

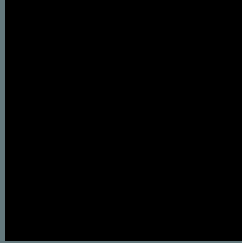
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

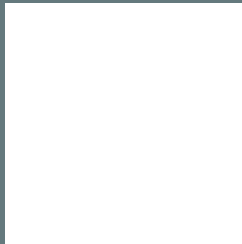
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 100, 121, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 100, 121, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 100, 121, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

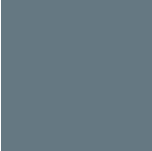
Dichromacy



Original Color
[100, 121, 125](#)

Protanopia
[118, 116, 122](#)

Deuteranopia
[124, 114, 126](#)



Tritanopia
101, 120, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 121, 125

Protanomaly

111, 118, 123

Deuteranomaly

115, 117, 126

Tritanomaly

101, 120, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 121, 125

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

110, 117, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 100, 121, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(100, 121, 125) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 121, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 121, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 121, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 100, 121, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

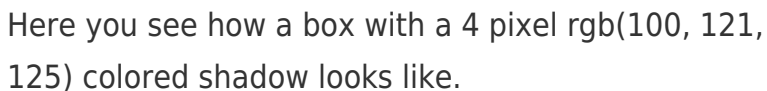
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 121, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 121, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 121, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 121, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 121, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 121,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 100, 121, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 121, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
121, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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