

Converting Colors

RGB(100, 65, 210)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(100, 65, 210) contains.

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Color

RGB(100, 65, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	6441D2
RGB	100, 65, 210
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 82%
CMY	0.6078, 0.7451, 0.1765
CMYK	0.52, 0.69, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	254°, 62%, 54%
HSV	254°, 69%, 82%
XYZ	18.7787, 11.1431, 62.1338
YIQ	91.9950, -25.6850, 52.5150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

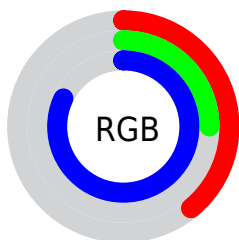
Format	Color
RYB	100, 65, 210
Decimal	6570450
CIELab	39.82, 50.61, -69.65
CIELCh	40, 86.093, 306.004
Yxy	11.1431, 0.2040, 0.1210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284760530 (0xFF6441D2)
YUV	91.9950, 58.1765, 7.0204
Hunter-Lab	33.3812, 41.9984, -86.9921

Details

The RGB color **100, 65, 210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **175, 210, 65**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 116, 255**, and **30, 14, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 44, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 86, 210**.

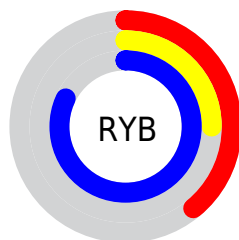
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (25%)

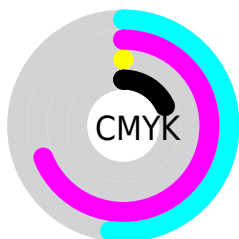
Blue (82%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (82%)

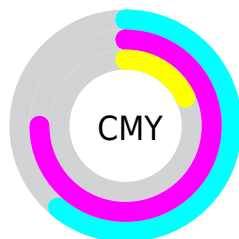


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (61%)



















Magenta (75%)


Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 100, 65, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 100, 65, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 100, 65, 210	 100, 65, 210
 255, 255, 255	 69, 40, 182
 160, 116, 255	 30, 14, 154
 189, 142, 255	 0, 0, 127
 219, 169, 255	 0, 0, 102
 250, 197, 255	 0, 4, 76
 255, 225, 255	 0, 5, 53
 255, 254, 255	 0, 2, 30
	 0, 0, 1
	 0, 0, 0

 100, 65, 210

 100, 65, 210

 84, 44, 210


 116, 86, 210

 68, 23, 210


 132, 107, 210

 52, 2, 210

 148, 128, 210

 51, 0, 210

 164, 149, 210

 180, 170, 210

 196, 191, 210

 212, 212, 210

 227, 233, 210

 243, 254, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 100, 237



100, 65, 210



184, 0, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 65, 210



159, 66, 0



0, 120, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 65, 210



175, 210, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 117, 29



100, 65, 210



103, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 65, 210



197, 0, 12



0, 111, 0



0, 121, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 65, 210



205, 0, 107



0, 111, 0



0, 119, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 65, 210



214, 201, 255



65, 176, 210



103, 96, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 65, 210



94, 43, 255



171, 65, 210



97, 94, 105



41, 0, 168



10, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 65, 175



255, 43, 204



104, 210, 65



105, 94, 102



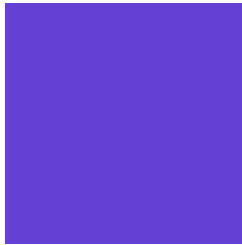
168, 0, 128



41, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 100, 65, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

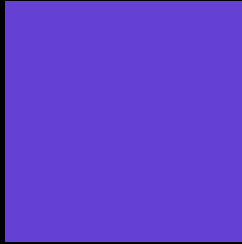
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 100, 65, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 100, 65, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 100, 65, 210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 100, 65, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

100, 65, 210

Protanopia

0, 90, 191

Deuteranopia

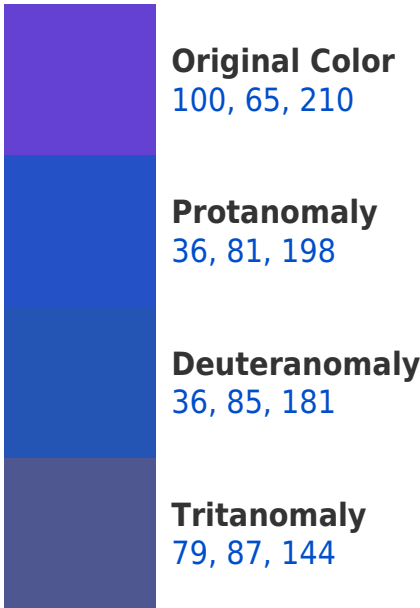
0, 96, 164



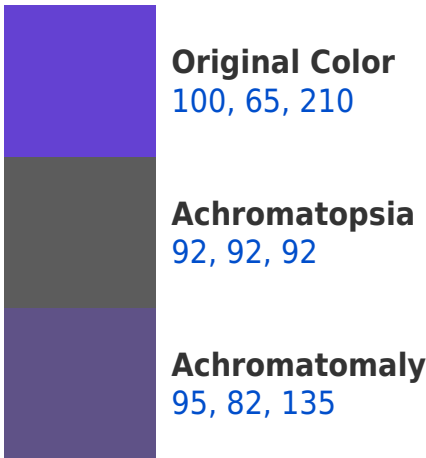
Tritanopia

67, 99, 107

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 100, 65, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(100, 65, 210) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 65, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 65, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 65, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 100, 65, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 65, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 65, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 65, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 65, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 65, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 65,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 100, 65, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 65, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 65,  
210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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