

Converting Colors

RGB(102, 109, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(102, 109, 181) contains.

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Color

RGB(102, 109, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	666DB5
RGB	102, 109, 181
RGB Percent	40%, 43%, 71%
CMY	0.6000, 0.5725, 0.2902
CMYK	0.44, 0.40, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	235°, 35%, 55%
HSV	235°, 44%, 71%
XYZ	19.2886, 17.0983, 45.9997
YIQ	115.1150, -27.2840, 20.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

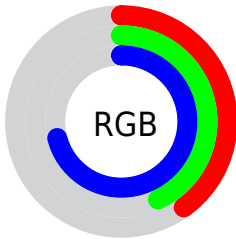
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 108, 181
Decimal	6712757
CIE _{Lab}	48.38, 16.31, -39.06
CIE _{LCh}	48, 42.333, 292.663
Yxy	17.0983, 0.2341, 0.2075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284902837 (0xFF666DB5)
YUV	115.1150, 32.4813, -11.5019
Hunter-Lab	41.3500, 10.9026, -37.0120

Details

The RGB color **102, 109, 181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **181, 174, 102**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 160, 237**, and **48, 62, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 93, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120, 125, 181**.

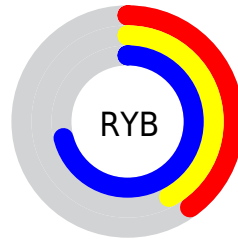
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (43%)

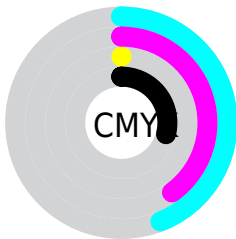
Blue (71%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (71%)

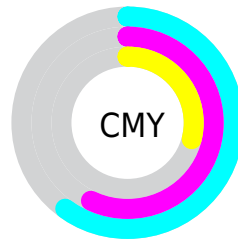


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 102, 109, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 102, 109, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 102, 109, 181


255, 255, 255

 156, 160, 237

 184, 187, 255

 213, 215, 255

 242, 243, 255

 102, 109, 181

 75, 85, 154

 48, 62, 128

 16, 40, 102

 0, 21, 78

 0, 0, 55

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

 102, 109, 181

 102, 109, 181

■ 84, 93, 181

■ 120, 125, 181

■ 66, 76, 181

■ 138, 142, 181

■ 48, 60, 181

■ 156, 158, 181

■ 30, 43, 181

■ 174, 175, 181

■ 11, 27, 181

■ 193, 191, 181

■ 0, 16, 181

■ 211, 208, 181

■ 229, 224, 181

■ 247, 241, 181

■ 255, 255, 181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 121, 186



102, 109, 181



150, 94, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102, 109, 181



168, 96, 59



0, 132, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102, 109, 181



181, 174, 102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 128, 70



102, 109, 181



143, 110, 41

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102, 109, 181



181, 85, 89



108, 121, 45



0, 132, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102, 109, 181



170, 87, 137



108, 121, 45



3, 131, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102, 109, 181



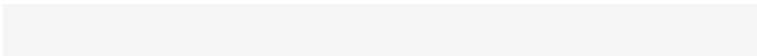
204, 207, 235



102, 181, 173



99, 100, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102, 109, 181



113, 123, 235



134, 102, 181



80, 81, 89



0, 14, 153



0, 2, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 102, 109



235, 113, 123



149, 181, 102



89, 80, 81



153, 0, 14



26, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 102, 109, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

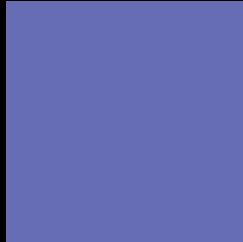
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 102, 109, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 102, 109, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 109, 181.

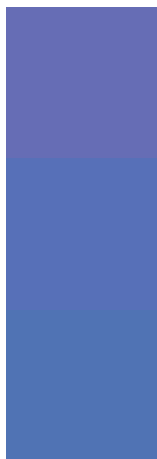


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 102, 109, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102, 109, 181

Protanopia

87, 112, 184

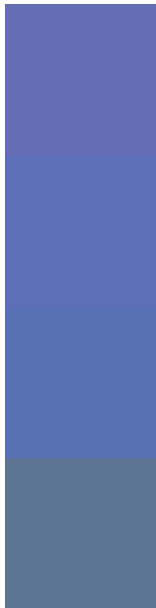
Deuteranopia

80, 115, 180



Tritanopia
88, 120, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color

102, 109, 181

Protanomaly

92, 111, 183

Deuteranomaly

88, 113, 180

Tritanomaly

93, 116, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color

102, 109, 181

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

110, 113, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 102, 109, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 109, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 109, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 109, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 109, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 102, 109, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 109, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 109, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 109, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 109, 181); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 109, 181); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 109, 181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 102, 109, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 109, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
109, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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